INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

REGD. NO. B. 1035

The Bombay Chronicle

REGD. NO. B. 1065

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

PRICE ONE ANNA

VOL XXII NO. 258 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1934 TWELVE PAGES

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Every Betrayer Forfeits His Head!

Congress Is Best Guardian Of Minorities

SARDUL SINGH'S CALL TO BOMBAY VOTERS

Munshi Exposes Jamnadas Mehta's Betrayal

The announcement that the Sikhs in Bombay had decided to support the Congress candidates in the ensuing Assembly elections, was made by Sirdar Sardul Singh Caveeshar, at a public meeting held at Dadar on Wednesday night.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh indicted the "Kesari" for flouting the last wishes of the late Lokmanya Tilak, who wanted that "Kesari" should always support Congress policy.

Mr. K. M. Munshi recalled the birth of the Democratic Swaraj Party in the Brahman Sabha Hall, Girgaum.

Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel presided over the meeting which was held under the auspices of the Congress Parliamentary Board and the "G" Ward District Committee. He appealed to the Assembly voters in the locality to vote for the Congress and make it clear to the Government that the country stood by the Congress.

VINDICATE CONGRESS.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master said that it was the duty of Bombay which had prided itself in successfully holding the Congress session to support and vindicate the prestige of the Congress organisation during the elections. They were the representatives of an organisation which had on it the symbol of sacrifice and suffering and which was pledged to obtain freedom for India. He, therefore, appealed to the voters to support the candidature of the Congress nominees.

SIKHS AND AWARD.

Sirdar Sardul Singh Caveeshar stated that he was just then returning from a Conference of the Bombay Sikhs which was held on the Frere Road. The Sikhs in the city as well as in the Punjab, continued the speaker, entertained misgivings regarding the Congress policy towards the Communal Award. The Sikhs were under the impression that the Working Committee and the A.I.C.C., decided the policy between themselves.

SAFEST WAY

But the vast majority of the delegates to the Indian National Congress had established beyond doubt that the whole country had approved of the policy adopted by the Working Committee and the Sikhs were thus satisfied that the policy of the Congress was the right one and their misapprehensions were cleared. They had promised the speaker that they would wholeheartedly support the candidature of Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and Mr. K. M. Munshi. It was realised that the safest course for all minorities was to vote for the Congress policy and for the Congress candidates."

WHILE NATION FOUGHT

The Congress decided to occupy those places which were hitherto taken up by persons who supported the Government. The Congress sought to replace them by the representatives of the people. Formerly the Congress was unwilling to send its representatives on the legislatures. But 10 years of experience showed that the legislatures could not be left out of a national programme. While the men, women and children of the land were fighting for national independence, these representatives instead of protesting against the repression, against the ordinances, helped the Government pass these repressive measures, against the best interests of the country.

EYE OPENER

Now, therefore, the Congress had decided to take up the Council-entry programme and it was expected of the nation to support it as one man and with one voice. The Sikhs in the past believed that if the Communal Award was to go it could go with the help of Pandit Malaviya and Mr. Aney. Now after the Congress session they had realised that it could go only with the help of the Congress and the efforts of Congressmen. The speaker held that the

ABIDE BY MANDATE.

Gandhiji to-day was in the hearts of the people, as powerful and as mighty as ever. In the present stage of the national warfare, it was necessary that every seat on the legislatures had to be captured. The mandate had gone forth from Sjt. Rajendra Prasad and from the Mahatma and it was the duty of every voter to stand by the Congress as it was the duty of every Congress Candidate to abide by the discipline enjoined on him. If the country wanted independence it had to carry out the behests of the Congress, and the council-entry programme was one decision of the Congress on the Communal Award was the proper one. Undoubtedly the Communal Award was anti-national. But the main question was how to get rid of it which was an apple of discord.

IF THERE IS WILL

The settlement of the whole question was entirely a matter between the communities themselves. It could not be adjusted now because of the attitude of the communities at the present moment. The speaker was sure that if there was a will there was a way and the mutual distrust was first to be eliminated. Moreover the Government did not want the nation to be united and some friends acting more in anger than in reason had unconsciously helped the Government.

Considering all these issues, the Sikhs of Bombay had rightly and wisely decided to support the candidates nominated by the Congress.

The Liberals, observed the speaker, were given to back-sliding the nation on occasions of crisis and he thought that every Liberal had his own axe to grind.

To win freedom for the 35 crores of peoples in a vast country like India, a fight of 10 or 15 years was nothing. He appealed to the citizens of Bombay to uphold the prestige of the city, which had stood in the forefront during the last movement.

Dr. G. V. Deshmukh then addressing the gathering stated how the sitting members from the city of Bombay had betrayed the cause of the country in the past while severe fighting was going on.

FALSE TO LEADER'S LEGACY

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, observed the speaker, was said to be a member of the Democratic Swaraj Party which was started by those who called themselves the followers of the late Lok. Tilak. But they never acted according to the wishes of the great leader. Lok. Tilak did nothing that went against the prestige and the fair name of the Congress. He never founded separate parties, simply because he found himself in disagreement with the parent body.

(Continued on page 7.)

SUBMARINE CONTRACTS

Allegations Of Shady Transaction At Admiralty Refuted

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The echo of the American arms inquiry was heard in the House of Commons when the First Lord of the Admiralty replied to the allegation that the Managing Director of Vickers Armstrong wrote a letter saying that he had a friend in the Admiralty who was ready to help to get the firm contracts for submarines.

Sir Bolton Eyres Monsell said that he had read the report with surprise and indignation. He declared that the allocation of contracts for submarines was settled by the First Lord on the advice of two members of the Board of Admiralty who were completely disinterested in any armament firm.

He said that one of the chief object of the allocation of contracts was to enlarge the number of firms building submarines in order to prevent anything in the nature of monopoly, the Admiralty agreeing to the extra cost in order to achieve the object.

Sir Bolton Eyres Monsell stated that Sir Charles Craven, the writer of the letter, used language which could read as casting reflection on the impartiality of the Direrton of Contracts, but Sir C. Craven has given an assurance that this was not his intention and had expressed the greatest regret for the letter.

There is every likelihood that the Government offer of inquiry will be accepted.—Reutoer's Special.

BRITAIN LOOKS FOR SUITABLE HEIR

Question Of Succession To Throne Of Selangor

KUALA LUMPUR, October 31.

The succession to the throne of Selangor, one of the four Federated States under British protection, is to be altered. Decision to this effect was reached by the High Commissioner after consultation with the Colonial Office and the Rajah of Mudah one of the sons of the 72-year old Sultan, has been informed that he was not a suitable successor and must not be regarded as heir. The Sultan has not yet made his decision in regard to the choice of his successor.—Reuter's Special.

PRINCESS MARINA.

PARIS, October 31.

A slight incident occurred as Princess Marina was alighting from the car at her parents house. A woman of Greek nationality jumped on the running board, brandishing a letter. Two plain clothes policemen immediately seized the woman who was taken into custody but at Princess Marina's wish no proceedings would be taken though the woman with her husband and son who accompanied her, would probably be deported. It is learnt, the woman whose name is given as Adgenian Sulezar had no sinister intention but wished to request for aid for her son.—Reuter.

DUTCH AIRMEN'S RETURN

MELBOURNE, October 31.

Parmentier and Moll who were second in the Air Race are leaving leisurely on the return flight, carrying a full complement of 14 passengers and they expect to reach Holland on November 17.—Reuter.

ATHENS, Oct. 31.

Cathcart Jones and Waller arrived from Baghdad at 13/26 hours G.M.T. in their D. H. Comet. They are leaving to-morrow.—Reuter.

NAZI CODE OF PATRIOTISM

New Law For Protection Of Fatherland

DEATH TO SPIES

Shocking Revelation Of Capital Punishment On Foreigners

BERLIN, Oct. 31.

It is revealed that a number of alleged spies on behalf of Foreign Powers were recently tried by the People's Court. Several have been sentenced to death while others have been sentenced to hard labour upto 15 years. Only two escaped with ordinary terms of imprisonment.

It is officially pointed out that the sentences were pronounced under the old law as the offences were committed before the new law was promulgated.

It is added that under the new law every German betraying the Fatherland forfeits his head—Reuter's Special.

TOUGH FIGHT IN DELHI

Asaf Ali Files Nomination Papers

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

Mr. Asaf Ali (Congress), Mr. Shivnarain (Nationalist) and Mr. Nanak Chand (Independent) filed nomination papers to-day before Mr. Beckett, Returning Officer, for contesting election from the Delhi Constituency.

Scrutiny will take place on November 3 and polling on November 13.—United Press.

COALITION GOVT. FOR AUSTRALIA

CANBERRA. Oct. 31.

The Federal Ministry will be reconstructed immediately Mr. Lyons and Doctord Earle Page, Leader of the Country Party, having agreed on the Coalition Governmet. Dr. Page all be the Deputy Leader and acting Prime Minister. Understanding has been reached on the tariff questions.—Reuter.

JT. SELECT COMMITTEE

Meeting Postponed Again

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The final meeting of the Select Committee arranged for to-day has been postponed to to-morrow. It is understood that the postponement has no special significance and is merely connected with procedure.—Reuter.

ROUGH WEATHER AT RATNAGIRI

RATNAGIRI, Oct. 31.

The sky continues to be heavily clouded and drizzling occurs at intervals, while the weather is sultry. Cautionary signal No 3 has been hoisted by the Customs authorities. A strong wind is blowing. The sea is reported to be rought.—A.P.

DR. ANSARI HECKLED

Unruly Scenes At Poona Public Meeting

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 31.

Unruly scenes were witnessed yesterday evening at Shivaji Mandir, where Dr. M. A. Ansari, immediately after his arrival here from Bombay by the Madras Express, addressed a public meeting over the Assembly elections. Mr. Shankarrao Deo, president of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee was in the chair.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS.

Dr. Ansari in his speech exhorted the audience to vote solidly for the Congress candidates since the struggle was only between the Congress and the Government. He expounded the attitude of the Congress towards the Communal Award as also the Constituent Assembly.

While Dr. Ansari was addressing the audience, which numbered about three thousand, a section of it seemed bent on creating trouble. Frequent interruptions and interjections came from this side.

MEETING ABANDONED.

Hardly had Dr. Ansari finished his speech when a number of interrogators got up and began putting him questions simultaneously. This naturally created confusion. Vain efforts were made by the convenors of the meeting and the Chairman to restore order. Eventually as confusion grew worse the meeting was dissolved.

Later in the night Dr. Ansari addressed a meeting in the Cantonment Area on the same subject. This meeting passed off peacefully.

STOP PRESS

J. S. C. REPORT.

Two members of the Joint Select Committee on Indian reforms will move the House of Commons on Thursday for simultaneous publication of the report of the Committee in Britain and India. That the proposal will be made by these members and not by the Government is due to the fact that the suggestion for simultaneous publication emanates from the Joint Committee itself. A similar motion in the House of Lords will be submitted by Lord Linlithgow. If Parliament sanctions the proposal, it is anticipated that the report will be available to members on the evening of the 22nd November.—Reuter.

SHARP FALL IN RUBBER

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Rubber fell sharply to-day on the announcement that the Regulating Committee had adjourned, which brought out a crop of nervous selling and stoploss orders. The market is unsettled, anxiously awaiting the date when the Committee will meet again but all circles are confident that some agreement will be reached unanimously expressing the opinion that the adjournment is due to the difficulty of reconciling Dutch and other interests, ideas about cuts.

The "Daily Telegraph" says that in view of the automatic increase of about 8 per cent in the standard of quotas for 1935 it would not be surprising if the percentage for January be fixed at 65, since this will approximately be equivalent to 70 per cent on the basis of present quotas. Any decision will be framed in true longterm interests of producers and consumers.

The "Times" considers the failure of fthe committee to reach an agreement to be due to difficulties experienced by some countries in making the restriction effective.

The "Financial News" states it is inevitable that some discussions should arise regarding the possibilities of a breakdown of the international agreement but such contingency seems too remote to be given a moment's thought and it is difficult to believe that the agreement will not be reached and that in a short time.

Encouragement To Self-Sufficiency Schemes

RECONSTRUCTION OF VILLAGES

Mysore Model Taluka Organiser To See Mahatma

The establishment of the Village Industries Association under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi has begun to attract wide attention in the country.

Those who have hitherto been experimenting with model village schemes have found fresh encouragement.

Mr. Ramachandra Rao from Mysore who had come to Bombay in connection with the Congress session is one of those who claims to have organised a village which is self-sufficient.

The scheme which he had been working on was placed before Gandhiji who has invited Mr. Rao to see him at Wardha.

Long before the Congress passed the Resolution initiating the Village Industries Association, a young man from Mysore, Thagadur Ramachandra Rao, has been experimenting in the same direction and has achieved success. He has been successful in bringing into existence a Model Taluka, where all the aims of the Village Industries Association have been put to practice.

The Thagadur Model Taluka, as it is called, is situated near Mysore. Mr. Ramachandra Rao took the work of organising the Taluka a few years ago, and succeeded in collecting funds from the public of the State.

At present, there are

(1) The Khadi Centre, which is feeding many in the Taluka,

(2) The Harijan Hostel, where the Harijan boys are fed and educated.

(3) The Harijan Temple and Harijan Bathing Ghat.

The organiser has succeeded in making the Taluka self-sufficient, and there are at present in all ten buildings belonging to the Model Taluka, which is in the hands of a Board of Trustees, who have undertaken to continue the good work of Mr. Ramachandra Rao.

MEETS MAHATMA.

While at Bombay, the organiser met Mahatma Gandhi and acquainted him with the work that he was doing. In view of the new resolution that all the spinners should be given free cloth instead of wages, and as that would mean lessening of the income of the Khadi Centre which has been the main source of income of the Model Taluka, he appealed to Gandhiji to help him to raise funds in Bombay so that he might continue his work. It is understood that he wants Rs. 10,000, if his work is to continue unhampered.

unhampered. He is confident of getting Rs. 5,000 in Mysore, and for the rest he is appealing to the public of Bombay. Gandhiji has asked him to go over to Wardha and meet him in this connection.

In the meantime, Mr. Ramchandra Rao is addressing a meeting at Matunga on Sunday regarding the Model Taluka.

Wychwood Abbot Wins Cambridgeshire Stakes

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The Cambridgeshire Stakes run at Newmarket to-day over a distance of one mile and one furlong resulted as follows:—

WYCHWOOD ABBOT.	1
COMMANDER THIRD	2
HIGHLANDER	3

STARTING PRICES.

33 ran.

Won by half length.

A short-head separated second and third.

Following were the starting prices:—

9 to 1 Wychwood Abbot.

40 to 1 Commander Third.

22 to 1 Highlander.

Homily, Akela, Galapas and Latoi did not run; otherwise runners were identical with the probables.

THE RACE.

The light was bad and when the horses came into view they were in a straight line, more prominent among them being Spirituelle, Blue Boy, Grindleton, Caymanas, Solfatara, Highlander and Commander Third.

Quarter Mile from the finish Highlander, Spirituelle, Blue Boy, Solfatara, Grand Rounds and Badruddin were leaders.

Coming downhill Wychwood Abbot came up and, challenging Commander Third, won cleverly amidst great cheering. Grand Rounds was fourth, British Quota fifth, Blue Boy sixth, Solfatara seventh, Grindleton eigth, Mossore last.

Time was 1 minute, 49 3/5 seconds, equalling the record set up by Disarmament in 1931. Commander Third carried one pound overweight.

BOOKMAKERS HIT HARD

Newmarket bookmakers declared themselves harder hit by the victory of Wychwood Abbot in Cambridgeshire than by any race during the past 20 years.

DARLING DISCUSSES R. B. QUESTIONS

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, Oct. 31.

Mr. M. S. Darling, I.C.S. Special Officer appointed in connection with Reserve Bank had private discussions this evening with the members of the Deccan Agricultural Association.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under : "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY.

To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted: For a well-known Photographic Firm: Smart, energetic men to canvass orders for photo enlarging, water and oil colour paintings. Liberal commission for really capable men. For further particulars apply P. Box No. 100, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Weaving Master and one Dyeing, Bleaching and Finishing Master for out-station Mill. Apply Box 3178, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Painters and Artists. Experienced and Smarts need apply:— The Oriental Painting Works, J.J. Hospital. (3179).

Wanted—Fully Qualified Accountant (Auditor), knowing Modi Balbodh characters. Salary Rs. 125-150. Apply immediately Box 3177, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted — Branch Secretaries, Lady Supdtts., and Supdtts. upto Rs. 250 monthly. Apply Lakshmi Bonds Corporation Ltd., Lahore. (3164).

Wanted a Hindu qualified Nurse and a Hindu Lady Compounder for the Hindu Ladies Hospital, Amritsar. Apply stating minimum pay acceptable to Secretary, Prem Sewak Sabha, Amritsar. (3147).

Wanted—Tea organizer, salary 125, Apply with eight pice stamps to Manager, Angel Tea Service, Baroda. (3039).

Wanted—A general Manager and a Director for a first class Film Producing company in Lucknow. Please apply stating qualifications experience, pay, etc., with copies of testimonials to Raja Yuvara Datta Singh, 2, Way Road, Lucknow. (3131).

Wanted—A Head Master, having higher qualifications than B.A., B.T., for the Municipal High School Haveri (Dharwar) on a salary of Rs. 100-5-140-10-200 with an emergency cut of Rs. 15 per cent except in cases of high merits according to the discretion of the Municipality. Also wanted a persian teacher on a scale of Rs. 25-5|2-60 with knowledge of clerical work. Applications stating qualifications, caste, creed and age should be sent to the Chairman School Board Haveri Municipality so as to reach him on or before the 13th Nov. 1934 with testimonials about previous experience and character. M. S. Hatti, President, Haveri Municipality. 24-10-1934. (9107).

M. T. B College, Surat.—Applications are invited for the following posts in the M. T. B. College, Surat, (1) Professor of Physics, (2) Professor of Chemistry, (3) Professor of Biology, (4) Lecturer in Physics. Persons selected will have to teach the B.Sc and M.Sc. classes. The appointments will be from June 1935 to March 1936 in the first instance with every prospect of continuance. Applications, with testimonials, stating the qualifications experience, age, and minimum salary expected should reach the Principal, M. T. B. College, Surat, on or before 15th November, 1934. (9077)

12. TO BE LET

In Habib Terrace, opposite Laxmi Cinema, Suparibag, Parel Road, only to respectable families at rents now greatly reduced single, double rooms with electric lights, constant water supply, centrally located on tram line, close to Railway Stations. Apply on premises or write Ahmed Habib, Hanuman Building, Tambakanta Phone 26214. (3169).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Rele's Shorthand Class best in Bombay. Apply Principal, B. B. Rele, .B.A., LL.B., Darya Mahal, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (8650)

60. MUSIC & FINE ARTS.

Dancing—Dulcie Orpen newly arrived from London specializing in the latest steps in Ballroom dancing has resumed her lessons at Malabar Mansions, Garden Road, Apollo Reclamation. (3172).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loan on sound properties in Bombay arranged quickly on very moderate terms. Freehold properties in Fort preferred. No brokers please. Apply Box No. 3175, "Bombay Chronicle."

Why be disappointed? When you are in need of money, apply to: Universal Loan Agency, 76, Khetwadi, 10th Lane, Bombay 4. (3165)

73. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for a wonderful new article of Self Defence, cheap, effective and easily carried in pocket. Selling like hot cakes. Agents not to invest money. Profits guaranteed. Free particulars. J. A. BROTHERS, Desk 249, Cawnpore. (3156)

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Ratlam, Larkhana, Mirpurkas, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavatam, Trivandrum, Bezwada, Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle," Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

124. FRUITS & VEGETABLES.

Winter Season Flower Seeds: Fresh stock: Just Arrived Buy fresh seeds and be satisfied. The Amin Nursery, Lane, oppo. Imperial Cinema, Bombay No. 4 Branch:—Crawford Market Compound, Bombay No 1. (3101)

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Immediate Sale—At Sacrifice for accommodating owner's larger Plant. One 12-Tons Capacity Ice Plant (Cell System). Also Metropolitan Vickers 80, 15 10 H.P. Motors, Excellent Working Order. Dhunjibhoy Ice Factory, Mazgaon. (3180).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	.... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SORABJEE NOWROJEE GAMUDIA has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim to the said property by way of inheritance, gift, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, charge, sale, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. All other claims, if any, which are not so received will be considered as null, void and waived and the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground being Plot No. 15 of Pension and Tax tenure. The Cess whereof has since been redeemed together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon situate, lying and being at on Mahalaxmi Hill on the 40 feet New Road, leading to Pedder Road in the City and Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4933 square yards or thereabouts together with the slope area of 1370 square yards to the East thereof being a portion of the land entered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 3158, 86, 247, 930, 2426, 1652, 1653, 2967, 1864, 2115, 2157, 2273 part New Survey No. 7096 part, Cadastral Survey No. 17|738 of Malabar Hill Cumballa Hill Division and in those of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 3770-71, Street No. ( ) Pedder Road and bounded on the East partly by Plot No. 16 allotted to F. E. Dinshaw partly by Plot No. 17 allotted to B. N. Gamudia, on the West by the 40 feet New Road belonging to the said Estate, on the North by Plot No. 11, belonging to the estate of Nowrojee Gamudia and allotted to F. E. Dinshaw and on the South by Plot No. 14 belonging to the estate allotted to the administrators.

Dated this 31st day of October. 1934.

KANGA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys
Yusuf Building,
Churchgate Street
Fort, Bombay.

9133

Public Notices

NOTICE

THE SERVICES of Mr. TEMURUS JEHANGIRJI RANDERIA, Accounts Clerk in the firms of Bombay Timber Importing and Landing Co., and Khan Bahadur S. R. Mody have already been dispensed with. The above firms will not be responsible to any person dealing with him in the name of the said firms.

3176

THE NEW SWADESHI MILLS OF AHMEDABAD, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 9th day of November to FRIDAY, the 23rd day of November, 1934, both days inclusive.

9131

AUCTION SALES

GANDHI & Co.

Tel. No. 24927.

SALE TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) AUCTION SALE OF A LARGE LOT OF KOPRAN TOOTH PASTE, SHAVING CREAM, & GLYCERINE SOAPS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction TO-DAY, (THURSDAY), the 1st Instant, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at their Rooms No. 72, Meadows Street, by order of Messrs. The Bombay Distributing Agency, the late Agents of Messrs. Kopran Chemical Co., Ltd.:—

1600 Doz. Kopran Tooth Paste Tubes small size.
270 Doz. Kopran Tooth Paste Tubes large size.
270 Doz. Shaving Cream tubes.
340 Boxes of Glycerine Soap, each containing 3 Cakes.

TERMS:—25 per cent. Deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

Osaka Shoshen Kaisha O. S. K. Line

REGULAR SERVICE To Japan Via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer	Arrival		Departure	
	March		Oct.	
Manju	,,	30th	,,	.....
Havre	,,	11th	Nov.	23rd Nov.
Juyo	,,	23rd	,,	8th Dec.
Pacific	,,	26th	,,	.....
Havana	,,	9th	Dec.	24th Dec.
Taijin	,,	24th	,,	8th Jan.
Argun	,,	8th	Jan.	23rd ,,

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, LTD.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
Taj Building, Hornby Road,
Bombay.
Telegrams:—"Shosen."

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

DAILY EDITION

	Local	Mofussil
1 Year	Rs. 20-0	Rs. 25-0
6 Months	Rs. 11-0	Rs. 13-0
3 Months	Rs. 6-0	Rs. 7-0
1 Month	Rs. 2-4	Rs. 2-8

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 45 per Year. Rs. 25 for 6 Months.

SUNDAY EDITION.

	Local	Mofussil
Yearly	Rs. 4-0	Rs. 5-0
Half-yearly	Rs. 2-8	Rs. 3-0

FOREIGN

Yearly	..... Rs. 10
Half-yearly	..... Rs. 6

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than six months.

MOHAN'S GUIDE TO FOREIGN STUDIES
About training (Admission, Period, Expenses, Exemptions, Self-Help) Indians in all Sciences. Professions & Industries in—
U.S.A., FRANCE, JAPAN, GERMANY, ITALY, SWITZERLAND & AUSTRIA.
Edition 2nd pp. 230 Rs. 1|8
MOHAN'S CORRESPONDENCE SERVICE

COMMENCING 3rd NOVEMBER, 1934
IMPERIAL'S MARVEL
In which
SULOCHANA
The star supreme of Indian film firmament in a new role. See her superb artistry and witchery.
IN
"PIYA PIYARE"
A thing of flame and fire with heart interest. The theme moves round court and zenana intrigues.
Director: CHAUDHARY.
with
D. BILLIMORIA, JILLOO, CHANDA JAMSHEDJI, GULAM MAHOMED SAYED AHMED, and others
MAJESTIC TALKIES
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

Last 4th Week Last
AT
MAJESTIC CINEMA
(GIRGAUM)
SETU BANDHAN
A DADASAHEB PHALKE'S initial Hindi Mythologic Talkie
Produced by:—
HINDUSTAN CINEMA FILM CO.
Shows Daily at
5-15, 8 & 10-30 p.m.
Extra Shows on Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-15 p.m.

By Public Demand
SHOWS 3 SHOWS
DAILY at 3, 6-15 & 10 p.m.
PRABHAT'S
SUPER TALKIE PRODUCTION
(HINDI)
Amrit Manthan
ALSO SHOWING
Prabhat's FIRST CARTOON
JAMBOOKAKA in FAMINE
3RD WEEK
KRISHNA
TALKIES
New Charni Road, Bombay.

IF YOU WANT TO READ A
GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION
OF
THE BIHAR EARTHQUAKE
BUY A COPY OF
"DEVASTATED BIHAR"
Also gives a description of Relief Work being done
PREPARED & PUBLISHED by
THE BIHAR CENTRAL RELIEF COMMITTEE
63 ILLUSTRATIONS
With an Epilogue from
BABU RAJENDRA PRASAD
PRICE Re. 1/-
Sold at
KHADI BHANDAR
Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING

Unsettled Conditions Located Off Konkan

POONA, Oct. 31.

Yesterday's unsettled conditions off Malabar have moved northwards and are located this morning off Konkan. Widespread rain has fallen in the peninsula. Elsewhere the weather has been generally dry.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL.

Port Blair two inches; Bellary, and Chitaldroog four; Bangalore and Masulipatam three; Madura and Salem two; Belgaum, Miraj and Cuddalore one and half; and Marmagao, Trichinopoly, Madras, Nellore and Cocanada one.

FORECAST.

Rainfall will decrease in Mysore and Southeast Madras, continue in Malabar and North Madras Coast, increase in Konkan, Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad and extend in Gujarat, West Central India, Central Provinces and Orissa.

WARNING.

Moderate to heavy falls is likely locally in Konkan and West Deccan during the next thirty-six hours.—A. P.

6.5 DEGREES ABOVE NORMAL.

City's Maximum Temperature At 8 a. m. On Wednesday

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 31-10-1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.071 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.2 degrees
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.0 degrees
Maximum temperature during 24 hours 95.5 degrees 6.5 (above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hours 79.0 degrees 4.5 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 70 per cent
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N E
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 171 miles
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10
Rainfall in 24 hours 0.01 inches
Total rainfall during the month 0.21 inches
Total rainfall during the year 70.62 inches
Weather remarks: Drizzle

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 31-10-34.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.1deg F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.02 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.81 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

(Continued from Col. 7)

ware, 200 c|s beer, 45 c|s glassbeads, 599 bags soda ash, 100 c|s chrome alum, 244 cases window glass, 315 cases sheet glass, 36 c|s earthen ware, 96 drums calcium carbide.

From Shanghai:—325 cases cotton yarn, 119 c|s green tea, 43 c|s waste silk yarn, 78 c|s spun silk yarn.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, October 31.

S S Ranenfels, for Hamburg:—56 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton raw, Patel Cotton Co; 4000 packets myrabollum, K Tricamji; 93 bales cotton fly, V A Save; 149 bags gum karaya, D Mavji and Co.

For Antwerp:—350 bags linseed oil cakes, M Hoosain & Sons, 235 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton raw, N Nagshi and Co; 3395 bags groundnut oil cakes Ralli Bros; 400 bags kardi seed and 240 bags mustard seed, F Gokalchand; 12 bales wool raw, E Mavji and Co.

For Ghent:—815 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.

For Hamburg, option Swedish ports:—2800 bags groundnut oil cakes, Strauss and Co.

For Hamburg option Antwerp, and Rotterdam:—12 casks wet salted beef guts, D Abraham & Sons.

S S Clara Camus, for Trieste:—330 bales cotton raw, Volkart Brothers; 55 bales cotton raw, K M Nathoo; 110 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha; 1 bale cotton raw N Rajaram and Co.

For Venice:—275 bales cotton raw, K M Nathoo; 110 bales cotton raw, Kilachand Devchand.

S S Ranpura, for San Francisco:—1 case brass ware, Thos Cook and Cons.

S S Skuld, for Melbourne:—62 bags myrabollum, K Tricamji.

S S California, for Glasgow:—700 bags groundnut oil cakes, Strauss and Co.

For Nagasaki:—100 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha.

S S Tango Maru, for Kobe:—100 tons old iron scrap, C Harilal and Co.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Nizam, McLure, Karachi.
Pasha, Jones, Rangoon.
Gharinda, Walsh, Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, October 31.

Jalaratna, Dey, Karachi.
Arabia, Selvio, Java.
India, Stagniro, Genoa.
Binfield, Fea, Calcutta.

Bombay, November 1

California, Smart, Liverpool.

LOADING.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Steamer Ranpura for Kobe.
,, Bamora for Busrah.
,, Jalabala for Rangoon.

S S Nizam:—The T M Coy's steamer Nizam arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Karachi with a general cargo and two deck-passengers.

S S Pasha:—The T M Coy's steamer Pasha arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Rangoon with a general cargo and rice.

S S Gharinda:—The B I S N Co's steamer Gharinda arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Rangoon with a general cargo and rice.

S S Jalaratna:—The Scindia S N Coy's steamer Jalaratna sailed yesterday for Karachi with same bottom cargo.

S S India:—The M Italiana steamer India sailed yesterday for Genoa with a general and same bottom cargo.

S S Arabia:—The M Italiana steamer Arabia sailed yesterday for Java with a general and same bottom cargo.

S S Binfield:—The B I S N Co's steamer Binfield sailed yesterday for Calcutta with a general cargo.

S S California:—The Graham T Coy's steamer California will sail to-day for Liverpool, with a general cargo and passengers.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, October 31.

S S Lisbon Maru; Agents N Y Kaisha, from Yokohama (Japan):—250 bags sugar, 379 cases trans conductor, 60 cases toys, 250 cases school slates, 50 packages green-tea, 235 drums high chlorine, 63 c|s rayon and cotton mixed piece goods, 186 c|s silk goods.

From Yokohama laden at Hongkong:—20 cases spun silk yarn, 404 cases silk goods.

From Tokio:—700 drums sodium sulphide, 200 drums caustic soda flakes, 40 c|s beer, 50 c|s slate, 30 c|s bicycle parts, 63 c|s glassware, 96 cases clocks, 200 c|s grey mercerized cotton yarn, 108 bales Grey cotton shirting, 200 bags powdered sulphur.

From Shiwidgon:—70 packages tea green.

From Nagoya:—742 bales Grey cotton shirting, 421 cases G-ware, 25 cases glass bottles, 51 c|s hanging clocks, 744 c|s porcelainware, 100 cases earthen tiles.

From Osaka:—125 cases rayon yarn, 290 cases cotton piecegoods, 733 bales gray cotton shirting, 120 bales cotton yarn, 25 bales cotton jeans, 160 cases printed cotton shirting, 181 cases glassware, 25 c|s woollen clothing, 400 packages glass bottles, 142 drums dyestuff, 125 cases brass coil, 149 c|s wirenails, 541 c|s paint, 175 c|s mercerized cotton yarn, 20 c|s tussar yarn, 150 bales copper wire, 40 c|s toys, 41 c|s bicycle accessories, 86 c|s printed cotton flannel, 40 c|s rayon cloth, 200 packages red lead 47 c|s nut buttons, 187 c|s glass bangles, 50 c|s tin plates, 30 cases glass tubes, 885 coils steel wire, 160 c|s porcelain ware.

From Kobe laden at Osaka:—479 casks coal pitch, 100 drums sodium sulphate, 24 c|s cotton goods, 462 bags starch.

From Kobe:—74 cases toys, 94 c|s. cotton goods; 660 bags potatoes starch, 33 c|s confectionery, 2664 bags sugar, 310 c|s cotton piecegoods, 122 cases celluloid bangles, 100 c|s glass bangles, 26 c|s auto parts 50 c|s glass ware, 148 c|s rayon piecegoods, 440 bags maize starch, 30 c|s nut buttons, 85 cases woollen piecegoods, 42 c|s cotton remnants, 25 c|s cotton cloth, 14 c|s hat bands, 117 c|s cotton jeans, 80 c|s cotton shirting, 50 bags dried ginger, 25 bags rayon yarn, 20 cases dyestuff, 50 bags magnesium chloride, 22 cases rubber insole, 523 c|s cotton and art silk mixed shirting, 50 c|s gramophone parts, 72 pieces motor-car tyres, 183 c|s rayon and cotton mixed piecegoods, 85 cases woollen cloth, 65 c|s cotton hosiery, 100 c|s cotton shirting, 45 c|s cotton yarn, 30 c|s sewing needles 20 c|s hardware.

From Osaka laden at Kobe:—80 cases cotton piecegoods, 116 cases glassware, 105 c|s bicycle accessories, 50 c|s rayon yarn, 30 bales mercerized yarn, 31 c|s cotton shirting.

From Nagoya laden at Kobe:—20 cases wall clocks, 25 c|s hardware, 120 c|s porcelain ware.

From Shiwidga laden at Kobe:—50 packages Japan tea.

From Moji:—30 cases enamel

(Continued on Col. 6.)

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

Danger To School Girls

Municipal Schools Situated In Undesirable Surroundings

Question To Be Raised In Corporation By Dr. Pavri

Recently a girl student attending a municipal school at Girgaon was robbed by a "Mavali" in broad day light and Mr. I. N. Mehta, the Magistrate, who tried the case, it will be remembered, passed strictures on the management of the Schools Committee in not providing adequate protection for the pupils attending the municipal schools. There are many schools in Bombay situated in undesirable and even dangerous surroundings.

The foot-path is daily occupied by "Mavalis" on other undesirable characters, while on the east and south of the building just under the windows of the class rooms are latrines and urinals and a tin shed for dumping rubbish, etc.

In this connection Dr. Homi F. Pavri has sent notice of a motion which he will move in the Corporation as under:—

"(1) (a) That the attention of the Schools Committee be drawn to the insanitary, unhealthy and undesirable spots in the compound and the surroundings of the Municipal School buildings, situated at the Round Temple, Null Bazar.

"(b) On the East of the building just below the class windows, is erected a Cutchra Depot, where all sorts of rubbish is heaped.

"(c) On the west there is a latrine and urinal under the class-windows.

"(d) While on the north, the footpath is occupied by the 'mavalis' and half-naked riff-raffs of the city, who are a menace to the girl pupils going to the school.

"II. That the Schools Committee be requested to immediately take action in the above matter.

"Please note that I will ask for priority for this item."

SENSATION ON QUEEN'S RD.

Double-Decker Bus Causes Car-Drivers & Pedestrians To Wonder

There was a mild sensation on Queen's Road on Wednesday when a douyle-decker omnibus ambled along and tried to race with the down Suburban trains and motor cars.

We are so much used to seeing now queer things on wheels that few gave a second thought to this strange visitor. Some thought that it was the latest ballyhoo stunt of a new picture. Others held that it was a new Contraption to test the road-surfacing material. While many firmly believed that it was the latest type of lorry brought out by the Bombay Municipality for the encroachment department to provide a quick get-away after a lightning raid on hawkers.

But none thought that it was the new idea of the B. E. S. T. who were trying out their first double-decker bus with a view to test the adaptability of these vehicles to Bombay Streets.

If this is true, then the B. E. S. T. deserves to be congratulated. They have displaced the old "rattlers" by the present "Chaiabancs" which while they are the last word in comfort are rather unsuitable for some of our own narrow roads.

It is to be hoped that these double-deckers, while they are no stream-lined aristocrats, will help to solve that vexing traffic problem of the City.

Major-General Sir Frank Cornor succeeds Brevet-Col. G. D. Franklin, retired, as Honorary Surgeon to the King.

WHITE LEPROSY

GUARANTEED CURE.

Please ask for "Divine Gifts" with the details of your disease and the name of your birthday. Mrs. Amiyabala Devi, "Amiya-Kutir", Dinajpur (Bengal).

Income Tax & Super Tax

Statutory Statement of Accounts Prepared. Audit of Books of Firms undertaken.
Telephone No. 22997.
B. L. THOSAR,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT,
495-497, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY

Help Kidneys

- If Kidney Trouble or Bladder Weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching or Acidity try the new discovery Cystex (Siss-tex). Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists.

ANOTHER 'COBRA' VICTIM

"Heart Weeps To See Innocent Girls A Prey"

ATHAVLE'S APPEAL TO GUJERATIS

Chanchalabai Bhagwandas, aged 42, died on Tuesday at the J. J. Hospital as a result of severe burns she received when her sari accidentally caught fire while cooking in the kitchen.

Bhagwandas Brijlal, the husband of the deceased, in his evidence, at the Coroner's Court, stated that on Tuesday morning his wife was cooking food on a "segree" in the kitchen, while he was at prayers. Suddenly he heard a cry and suspecting that something was wrong, he rushed into the kitchen and saw his wife's clothes in a blaze.

The deceased was removed to the hospital for treatment.

Witness further said that his wife had told him that her sari caught fire while she was removing some articles from an "abharai" (shelf), situated above the "segree."

The Jury returned a verdict of "accidental death."

The Coroner, addressing the Gujaratis assembled in the Court, told them that all these accidents occurred because they paid no heed to his repeated warnings. He appealed to them not to hang "abharais" above the "segrees' in the future, and added that it made his heart weep to see innocent Gujarati girls falling victims to stove accidents.

KURLA COUNCILLOR IN TROUBLE

Alleged To Have Caused Loss To Municipality

(From Our Correspondent).
KURLA, Oct. 31.

Notice has been issued by Mr. R. W. Potnis, the Resident Magistrate at Kurla, against Mr. S. B. Ganpule, a municipal councillor and contractor of Kurla, to show cause why he should not be prosecuted under Section 403 of the Indian Penal Code for having caused wrongful gain to himself and brought loss to the municipality. The date fixed for hearing is November 15.

The complaint was filed by Mr. C. N. Kalyankar, a municipal councillor, who alleges that it was not competent for the accused to convert any municipal property to his own use and to usurp the services of any of the municipal servants and to divert them to the performance of his own individual and private work and thereby cause pecuniary loss to the municipality. According to the complainant, the accused employed the services of Mr. Mahomed Nazir, the municipal draftsman, for the purpose of preparing building plans and utilized the municipal material, stationery and the labour of Mr. Mahomed Nazir.

Among the list of witnesses for the complainant is Mr. A. H. Pirzada, the President of the Kurla Municipality.

POLICE PATILS CHARGED WITH BRIBERY

Accused Also Alleged To Have Made False Inquest Report

(From Our Correspondent).
THANA, October 30.

The Sessions trial of Pandu Abba Bhalekar and Ganpat Bhikaji Khadpe, two Police patils, of the neighbouring villages in the Ratnagiri Distt., which was to begin to-day, before Mr. M.C. Kavishwar, the Assistant Sessions Judge of Thana, on charges of having received illegal gratification, caused the evidence of murder to disappear and failed to report the matter to a superior police officer, and abetment thereof respectively, was adjourned to November 23 next on the application of Mr. A.V. Chitre, the public prosecutor, that all the papers of the case, were not received from the Court of the Ratnagiri Sessions Judge, who had ordered that the accused be tried by the Thana Sessions Court.

This prosecution is an offshoot of the murder case in which Keshav Vankar and Lalya Dhoparkar were convicted by the Ratnagiri Sessions Judge on a charge of having murdered Bhagya Ganga Paishetkar on August 29, 1933, and were sentenced to death and transportation for life respectively. The two police patils are alleged to have received bribes to screen the offenders and to have made a false inquest report with that view.

HOW SOCIAL VICE THRIVES IN CITY

Magistrate's Srictures Against Landlord

Severe strictures against a landlord who, while complaining of the existence of social vice in the building owned by him, had himself, it was alleged, encouraged it directly, were passed by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, during the proceedings of the case in which Julia Vallidares (65), a pickle-seller, was charged with living on the earnings of prostitution, on Wednesday.

The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced her to undergo four months' rigorous imprisonment.

Mattie D'Souza, formerly working in massage institute, gave evidence for the prosecution. She admitted that she was found with the bogus customer sent by the Vigilance Branch of the C.I.D., when they raided the room occupied by the accused. She also admitted among others that Suleman Haji Maniar, the landlord of the premises was introduced to her by the accused and accepted as a "customer."

Suleman Haji Maniar, in his evidence, stated that he was the landlord of the premises. When he came to know that the accused was using the rooms occupied by her for prostitution, he made a verbal complaint to the police and ordered the accused to vacate.

Cross-examined by the accused, Maniar denied that he had anything to do with Mattie D'Souza.

The accused: Sir, he had no money to pay, and I paid Rs. 5, which the witness asked me to deduct from the rent.

Magistrate: Why should the girl falsely accuse you to her shame?—I don't know.

The Magistrate continuing observed Section 8 B was applicable to landlords, and if that section was rigidly applied a number of landlords, even some from respectable localities would be in trouble.

DEFENCE.

The accused's defence was that the rent of the room was paid by a Hindu, in whose keeping the girl Mattie D'Souza was as his mistress at the time and that she received Rs. 2 each time a customer was accepted by the girl.

The Magistrate in passing sentence observed that women of the age of the accused, generally took advantage of the position of unfortunate young girls and led them astray. He therefore sentenced the accused to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

KNOCKED DOWN BY TRAIN

Uma Mankoo, a Mahar aged 19, residing at Wadi Bunder, in a railway chawl, was knocked down and killed on Tuesday morning by an Up-Madras Express, near the Sandhurst Road Railway Station.

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of "accidental death" at the inquest held on the body today.

COTTON MARKET AND TEJI MANDI

Meeting To Pass Resolutions Fails To Attract Quorum

On Tuesday the local forward cotton market closed at 3 p.m. to give facility to members to attend the extraordinary general meeting specially called to pass resolutions regarding teji-mandi business.

It is strange, that, there are 400 members of the East India Cotton Association but hardly 15 members were present. There are 16 Directors on the Board but only six were present. The meeting was adjourned owing to want of quorum.

This shows that members take no interest in the working of the trade beyond their self-interest of buying and selling. Such an indifference on the part of the members and Directors clearly shows that they have no interest of the cotton trade.

SCUFFLE ON THE BUNDER

European Driver Resents Police Sergeant's Well-Meant Attentions

A scuffle which took place at the Gateway of India on Monday evening between a European motorist and a police sergeant attracted a large number of people who generally promenade there in the evening.

It is alleged Mr. E. Wayner was driving his car No. W-7821 along Apollo Bunder near the Gateway of India and collided with another car which was stationary. Sergeant Birks of the Colaba Police Station, who was on duty there wanted Mr. Wayner to go along with him to the Colaba Police station, for enquiry but Mr. Wayner, it is alleged, resisted and assaulted him.

A police constable intervened and he too it was alleged was dealt with accordingly by Mr. Wayner.

A large number of people collected at the spot to watch the bout between the European motorist and the police sergeant and Inspector Forster was phoned to come to the rescue by one of the onlookers.

When Inspector Forster arrived from the Colaba Police Station, Mr. Wayner, it is alleged attempted to drive away in his car but he was arrested and taken to the E. G. Hospital as in the scuffle, he as well as Sergeant Birks had received injuries and abrasions.

From the hospital, Mr. Wayner was taken to the Colaba Police Station and bailed out. He will be charged under sections 279 and 332 I.P.C.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

Results Of B. E. (Civil And Mechanical) Examinations

The following are the results of the B. E. (Civil and Mechanical) Examination held in this month.

CIVIL BRANCH
SECOND CLASS

M S Bhandarkar, J G Bodhe, V S Devadhar, O V Grant, Y S Gurjar, K Hasham, M D Jambekar, D N Karaka, M V Pai, R G Puranik, H J Asar, L M Bhatia, P K Daruwala, P K Naik, M S Quraishy.

PASS

A M Aga, B B Alekar, R E Barretto, D R Bhise, P S Deo, P G Dhareshwar, P D Jaeel, D V Joshi, M M A M Kureshi, B O Lalaji, S M Madbhavi, V R Majhu, S G Mali, J Maneksha, H K Master, S V Mehta, G P Mushrif, M M Patel, S N Ranade, A M Shaikh, V T Talwalkar, K D Bhatia, N R Chanani, R V Desai, V S Gusai, K J Kavasji, B C Mehta, K M Parikh, M A Patel, S F Patel, D M Tank, B A Vithlani.

MECHANICAL BRANCH
SECOND CLASS

J B Bayas, J L Parmar.

PASS

D D Deshpande, A Syed.

"WANTED" MAN ARRESTED

Shankar Chintool, who was wanted by the Kingsway Police since the 24th instant for alleged theft of a gold ring, a gold link chain and Rs. 89-8-0 in cash, was arrested on Tuesday evening at Jambli Village, Palghar.

The accused was a servant of a man who reported the loss of the above articles to the Kingsway Police on the 24th instant.

He was placed before Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, 5th Presidency Magistrate, Dadar and was remanded to police custody till the 2nd November.

Out of the Ashes of India--Yesterday,

COMES THIS GREAT PICTURE!

TODAY

Directed by CHOWDHARY
Presented by S. P. KAURA.

Featuring:—
JAL MERCHANT; SHANTAKUMARI; GULAM MOHAMED; MOHOMED HADI. ERMELINE. BALA VYAS.

SHORTLY COMING at ROXY

GOLD MOHOR SOUND PICTURES

PICKPOCKET IN MARKET

Cloth Merchant Nearly Loses His Purse With Cash And Jewels

A cloth merchant, who came to Bombay only three days ago, had an unpleasant experience with Bombay pick-pockets at the Crawford Market on Monday.

Mr. Bhagwandas Jamnadas, who came from Shikarpur, Sind, carried with him in a purse 25 diamonds, 4 gold studs and one gold necklace, and some cash valued at Rs. 940.

He bought some fruits from the Crawford Market and paid the fruit-seller from the purse. An observant pick-pocket, who was loitering about, noticed the purse as it was being returned to the owner's pocket, and followed Mr. Bhagwandas. Overtaking him he gave him a jerk and picked up the purse, which had dropped.

Mr. Bhagwandas, however, raised an alarm, and the alleged pick pocket was arrested. The Police are making enquiries.

Woman's Fatal Failure To Hear Warning Bell Of Tram

Yeshwant Bajapa Kapasi, a teacher, employed in a Municipal School, giving evidence on Wednesday, before the Coroner of Bombay, at the inquest, held over the body of Bajubai, stated that the deceased was knocked down by a tramcar, while she was attempting to cross the tramway line at Kala-Chowkie on October 22.

The driver of the tramcar, witness said, sounded the bell and shouted to the deceased, while applying the brakes, but it was of no avail. The deceased was found when the tramcar stopped, lying on the left rear of the front-car.

"Accidental death" was the Jury's verdict.

NOTES OF RS. 5,000 DISAPPEAR

Police Arrest Clerk Who Was Carrying Them To Bank

The Bombay City Police have arrested Shanker Bhavrao Katre, a clerk, in the employ of the Ravalgaon Sugar Farm Ld, in connection with the disappearance of five notes of Rs. 1,000 each which he was asked to deposit in the Bank of India on Monday.

Katre who was entrusted with the five notes went to the Bank of India and after some time phoned to the Accountant of the firm that he was robbed of the money on the way.

The police being informed questioned Katre in regard to the disappearance of Rs. 5,000 and having found his explanation unsatisfactory arrested him. Further enquiries are in progress.

The airmail from Singapore, arrived at Karachi at 8-15 this morning and left for Croydon at 9-15 a.m.

Bengal Anxious To Send Hockey Team To Australia

Bombay Provincial Hockey Association Given Provisional Affiliation To I. H. F.

NEW DELHI, Oct. 26.

A well-attended meeting of the Indian Hockey Federation Council was held to-day in the office of the Hon. Sir Joseph Bhore, President. Many important questions relating to National, Provincial and International Hockey were decided. The meeting began at 9-30 a.m., and terminated at 4 p.m. with ten minutes' interval for luncheon.

Sir Joseph Bhore was in the chair and the following attended: Messrs. P. Gupta (Bengal); G. D. Sondhi (Punjab); Brandon (Bombay); Moin-ul-Haq (B. and O.); J. A. Cleur (Madras); Mahmood (Manavadar); Major Tinney (Army); Dr. A. C. Chatterjee (U. P.); Z. H. Khan and Woodhouse (Railways); Hamiuddin and Sardar Bahadur Singh (Delhi); A. G. Khan (Bhopal); N. N. Kunzru (Gwalior); Jagannath (Sind); and Behram Doctor (Honorary Secretary). In fact, all the provinces affiliated to the Federation were present.

The chief item for discussion was the question of sending an Indian team to Australia in the early month of 1935. It will be recalled that Australia first approached Bengal to send a team and later switched the invitation on to the Federation but, as the Federation delayed a good deal in arriving at a decision Australia again approached Bengal.

Mr. Gupta very clearly explained Bengal's position in regard to the Australian invitation and said that although the Bengal Hockey Association had accepted the invitation Bengal would be pleased to co-operate with the Federation if it decides to send an All-India team.

The Punjab, U. P., Bengal, Gwalior and most of the provinces were definitely opposed to the pawning of the Federation's rights to any Association as outlined in the honorary secretary's memorandum and Mr. Gupta said that Bengal considered that if the I. H. F. declined to undertake any trip, the provinces should be left alone to decide the terms under which they could accept such an invitation and the I. H. F. would not be justified in interfering with the domestic arrangements and autonomy of the Provincial Associations. Mr. Chatterjee (U. P.) and Mr. Sondhi (Punjab) agreed with this sentiment.

Must Pal All Expenses

The subject was discussed at length and it transpired that the consensus of opinion was that the Federation should approach Australia again and inform the Australian Hockey Association that the Federation would agree to send a team if they agree to pay all the expense of the tour.

Mr. Behram Doctor suggested that, as there were no funds in the Federation, the offer should be given to some Association to undertake the trip provided the Provincial Association concerned pays a direct contribution to the I. H. F. and the I. H. F. controls the selection of the team to same extent.

Manavadar and Bhopal supported that view which was opposed by most of the delegates and ultimately it was decided to refer the matter to Australia demanding that all expenses be paid.

The Bengal representative at this stage pointed out that if Australia declines to accept the I. H. F.'s fresh proposals, Bengal's negotiations should stand and permission be given to Bengal to send the team. Bengal made it clear that the team she would send would be purely a Provincial side and not an All-India side.

Various other Provinces were eager to accept the invitation and in fact Manavadar offered that the I. H. F. should allow them to make the trip and in return they were prepared to make a handsome donation to the I. H. F. Finally on the suggestion of Dr. Chatterjee it was decided by an overwhelming majority that if Australia refuses to grant any further financial guarantee, Bengal be permitted to send a Provincial team to Australia.

It is not likely Australia will agree to pay anything more than outlined in the original terms, namely, second class passage from the port of embarkation, second class accommodation in Australia and £250 for out-of-pocket expenses. Bengal has agreed to these terms.

Foreign Tours

There was a discussion as to whether any province would be allowed to send a team outside India without the consent of the I. H. F. Mr. Gupta said that the Federation should only see that no team goes out of India with an international standing. No Provincial Association should be allowed to send a team abroad it is styled an All-India" team but there should be no interference in the case of a purely provincial team.

However, as a matter of courtesy, Provincial Associations should ask the formal sanction of the I. H. F. before arranging a tour.

The majority view was that no Provincial Association should undertake an overseas tour without the I. H. F.'s consent. It is understood that at the next annual general meeting a rule to this effect will be incorporated.

It has been agreed to increase the annual subscription from Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 in view of the very meagre financial resources of the Federation.

Another very important point which was exhaustively discussed was whether the provinces would have first call on Army and Railway players. It was decided on the suggestion of Army Headquarters to recognize the Army and Railways as provinces, thereby giving them first call on their players, but the Railways and Army are prohibited from organizing open tournaments.

Mr. Sondhi's report on the Olympic tour of 1932 was adopted and a sub-committee made up of Dr. Chatterjee and Mr. Sondhi was appointed to draw up a memorandum of the duties of the manager, assistant manager and other officials on future tours.

After a good deal of discussion Bombay's new provincial hockey association was given provisional affiliation pending the resignation of the Western India Football Association which body at present represents Bombay hockey. Affiliation was given to the W. I. F. A. on condition that it should function until a Provincial Hockey Association was formed.

The annual meeting of the Federation was fixed for December 31.—"The Statesman."

A group photograph of the Jamnagar Cricket XI and Islam Gymkhana taken yesterday. The Jamsaheb is sitting in the centre.

FINAL CALLOVER ON CAMBRIDGESHIRE

Wychwood Abbot Displaces Mary Tudor As Favourite

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The following is the final call over on the Cambridgeshire:—

9 to 1 against WYCHWOOD ABBOT.

100 to 8 MARY TUDOR (taken and offered).

100 to 8 SPEND A PENNY (offered) 100 to 7 taken.

100 to 7 CAYMANAS.

18 to 1 FLAMENCO (taken and offered).

20 to 1 BADRUDDIN (offered) 22 to 1 token.

22 to 1 BONDSMAN and SOLFATARA (taken and offered).

22 to 1 HIGHLANDER (offered) 25 to 1 taken.

33 to 1 POKER.

35 to 1 STATESMAN, MATE and LIGHT SUSSEX (taken and offered).

35 to 1 SPIRITUELLE (offered) 40 to 1 taken.

40 to 1 COMMANDER III (taken and offered).

40 to 1 ALMOND HILL (offered) 50 to 1 taken.

45 to 1 RENTENMARK, MISTOR, CELESTIAL CITY and GRAND ROUNDS (taken and offered).

45 to 1 THE BLUEBOY and BRITISH QUOTA (offered) both 50 to 1 taken.

50 to 1 BUCKLAND, LILIUM and ADRIATIC (taken and offered) 50 to 1 ELEDA (offered) 60 to 1 taken.

60 to 1 YOUNG NATIVE, and DENBIG (taken and offered).

66 to 1 GALAPAS, TABASCO IV, CELADON, GRINDLETON and HOT BUN. (taken and offered).

80 to 1 AKELA and LATOI (taken and offered).

100 to 1 MOSSORO (taken and offered).—Reuter's Special.

MELROSE ON WAY TO MELBOURNE

Has Good Chance Of Winning Handicap Event

LONDON, Oct. 30.

The machines left in the air race are nearing their goal. The D. H. Moth piloted by Melrose left Charleville at 1-25 a.m. on the last lap to Melbourne. It is considered to have an excellent chance in the handicap event.

The Desoutter Mark piloted by Lieut. Hansen arrived at Cloncurry where he is spending the night. The machine exhausted its petrol "en route" and the reserve tank pump was not working but it descended and managed to refuel in the dark.

The D. H. Dragon piloted by Hewett and Kay has been held up at Cloncurry owing a mishap while leaving the aerodrome, and is likely to be held up for two days but its chances are not prejudiced as Cloncurry is the checking point.—Reuter.

"IRISH SWOOP" TO RETURN TO AMERICA

LONDON, Oct. 31.

The decision to postpone indefinitely Colonel Fitzmaurice's attack on the London Melbourne speed record is announced by the Irish Hospitals Trust, who state that the hurried completion of the aeroplane originally precluded full tests.

High speed flying conditions on Monday disclosed the weaknesses in the general finish of the machine, and consequently the plane will be returned to the American makers for the necessary alterations and tests.—Reuter.

REACHES DESTINATION

MELBOURNE, Oct. 31.

The D. H. Moth piloted by Melrose arrived at 11/15 p.m. G.M.T. on Tuesday.—Reuter.

REMANDED TO CUSTODY

Alleged Opening Of Post Box With Duplicate Key

The story of how the changing of the lock of a post box from which letters containing demand drafts and cheques were being stolen, led to the arrest of Lalji Jethabhai at 11-45 a.m. on Tuesday in the Kalbadevi Post Office was told at the Esplanade Police Court to Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court on Wednesday.

In applying for a remand of the accused to police custody it was stated that complaints of thefts of letters containing demand drafts and cheques sent to Messrs. P. M. Zaveri and Co. were made to the Post Office by the addressee. The mysterious disappearance of these letters for a time baffled the authorities as the post box was found to be intact.

On October 27, the postal authorities changed the lock of the post box and kept a watch over it. It was alleged that about 11-45 a.m. the accused was seen inserting a key in the lock of the box and attempting to open it. He could not open it and appeared to be puzzled over the turn of things, when he was arrested. The key was found to fit the old lock.

The Magistrate remanded the accused into police custody till November 14, to enable them to make further enquiries.

POTENCY OF MUSIC IN LIFE

Maharaja Of Alwar At 3-Arts Circle

(From A Correspondent.)

Three Arts Circle Grand Reception was held in honour of H. H. the Maharaja Saheb of Alwar on 25th October. A distinguished gathering inculding Princes, Consults, the Sheriff and others assembled. The terrace gardens were elaborately decorated where refreshments were served and performance including wonderful items were rendered in the open air theatre.

Madam Attya Begum Saheba welcomed the Maharaja Saheb, as a great patron of arts and learning. She traced the history of the Three Arts Circle, and the services it has rendered in the uplift of the Oriental Fine Arts. She emphasised the importance of Indian music, and said that the European Opera had reached its narrow limits, and now was seeking inspiration from music of the Orient. She stressed the value of music in the furtherance of the cause of female emancipation, and said that a root-and-branch change should be effected in the system of female education, so that music factor might play its necessary and important role.

Maharaj Bujang and Mr. Kavlaker also made speeches, and referred to His Highness as a Prince of exceptional united attainments.

Maharaja Saheb thanked Madam Attya Begum Saheba for her hospitality. He paid compliments for the work she had embarked upon, and the success she had attained by her single-handed efforts in this direction. Continuing, he propounded the philosophy of music, and said that music aroused the divinity in man, divinity was love and when love was aroused there remained no difference between a King and a commoner.

His Highness was pleased to give a handsome saree to the classical dancer Nanda and sweets to the girls who performed new figures in garba, trained by Maniben.

Our Gujerat Letter

B. J. DESAI SURE TO BE ELECTED

Support To Village Industries Association

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, October 30.

The successful termination of the Session of the Indian National Congress at Bombay has strengthened the position of Congress candidates standing for the ensuing Assembly elections. Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, who stands on the Congress ticket from Gujerat, is sure to win. Mr. Anklesaria's work in the last session of the Assembly is well-known to the intelligentia of Gujerat!

It is understood that Gujerat will support the scheme of the Saint of Sabarmati to start village cottage industries. It is suggested here that advice of economic experts like Prof. Khusal T. Shah should be fully availed of in evolving a constructive programme. Mahatmaji now marches for rural reconstruction and that shows that the day of Swaraj is coming nearer.

HELP TO HARIJANS.

Baroda forges ahead in ameliorating the conditions of the Harijan population. The Baroda City Municipality has published a scheme of formation of the Co-operative Credit Society as well as details of provident fund scheme to give adequate relief to Bhangis (Municipal Scavengers). This will for the time being apply to the sweepers only and the experiment of the scheme will be shown to others to join the scheme.

Four annas as the admission fee for becoming a member and he or she must possess a share of Rs. 5 each, which can be paid by instalments of eigh annas per month. The member is entitled to a loan of Rs. 30 per each share. The Municipality will charge 3 per cent per annum while the recovery of loans will be charged at six per cent per annum from members. Half the profits of the Society will be divided amongst the members, 25 per cent will be credited to reserve fund and the rest will go to meet the necessary expenses of the Society. In the provident fund scheme one anna per rupee of the employee will be added with an equal contribution from the Municipality, and thus it will be a compulsory saving for the Harijan members. In the event of dismissal only the contributed amount will be given. The employee will get 20 days leave with pay and females will get 20 days more in the event of confinement.

RETRENCHMENT OF WORKERS.

Sjt. Manilal Kothari, who had been here for a couple of days in connection with the Gujerat Farmers' Relief Fund, had met the railway employees of B. B. and C. I. Railway.

It is known that the staff complained of retrenchment of staff and overwork.

It is hoped that higher railway authorities will look into the matter and try to lessen the sufferings of the staff. The labour staffs' handicaps also require serious attention at the hands of the railway authorities.

JONES & WALLER AT BAGHDAD

BAGHDAD, Oct. 31.

Cathcart Jones and Waller arrived at 4/7 a.m. G.M.T., and resumed at 4/55 a.m. for England.—Reuter.

No Swaraj, But Through Swadeshi

Sardar Pays Tributes To Shoorji Vallabhdas' Activities

(From A Correspondent.)

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel with Miss Manlben Patel called at Shoorji Vallabhdas Swadeshi Bazaar Ltd., on Sunday evening in the company of Frontier Gandhi and minutely inspected all the departments. After going through the various departments, the Sardar delivered a short speech. Among the prominent persons present were:—Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Sir Purshottamdas Thakordas, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, Diwan Bahadur K. M. Javeri, Seth Mathuradas Vissanji, Sheth Rameshwar Birla, Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal, Raja Bahadur Naranlal Bansilal and others.

At the outset, Mr. Shoorji Vallabhdas, the Chairman of the Board gave a short resume of the work of the stores and narrated the vicissitudes, through which the Swadeshi Bazaar has had to pass due to its very rigid principles of passing goods and placing them at the disposal of the public.

He further announced that the Swadeshi Bazaar was not merely content with marketing various Swadeshi goods, but that it had also ventured into the manufacturing field, and was placing on the market Ayurvedic Oushadis, Soaps, Oils, etc., of its own manufacture.

In the end, Seth Shoorji Vallabhdas asked the Sardar for his blessings to the Swadeshi Bazaar.

SET-BACK IN SWADESHI.

At the outset, the Sardar expressed his satisfaction for having had the opportunity of seeing things for himself and paid a tribute to the love manifested by Mr. Shoorji Vallabhdas for the Swadeshi Movement as evidenced by his two organisations—the Khadi Bazaar and the Swadeshi Bazaar. At the same time, the Sardar said that there were stores and stores without number and merchants upon merchants with and without principles and lamented that in Bombay, he did not find that great enthusiasm for Swadeshi that was to be found a couple of years ago.

It was with much pain that he had to admit that the Swadeshi spirit all over the country had suffered a set-back and at the same time said that he hoped that it was a temporary phase. This period of depression was one of great trial for lovers and enthusiasts of Swadeshi, and it was the sheer perseverance of these people who had a living faith in Swadeshi and who had wedded themselves to the movement that was the redeeming factor.

For a country situated like India, there was no possibility of attaining swaraj except through Swadeshi. These devotees to the cause of Swadeshi were great national assets, and they were performing their duty by their country. Mr. Shoorji Vallabhdas will for ever rank as one amongst these.

TRIBUTES TO SHOORJI.

It speaks volumes for his real feelings for the cause that he should have come forward to put in this venture lakhs upon lakhs of his own money not that he may reap profits out of a commercial investment but that, if God willing and the Stores become flourishing, the entire profits of the bazaar are to go to Mahatma Gandhi to be used at his sole and absolute discretion for the purpose of nurturing indigenous industries hitherto existing, or which may be brought into existence hereafter.

The Company is styled Shoorji Vallabhdas Swadeshi Bazaar Ltd., but the public must not make a mistake that it is a public limited company run with the money of several individuals. The capital invested in this venture is the fruit of Seth Shoorji Vallabhdas's past successful business career and he has invested some of them now for this sole cause and what is still more grand, the profits of the Stores are not to go to him but are to be expended in the cause of Swadeshi, not by himself, but by revered Mahatmaji at his own sweet will and pleasure during the period of his natural life and after that the A. I. C. C., and A. I. S. A., will have the funds for their own absolute use.

Here patriotism and philanthrophy are going hand in hand. It is my wish that the public should drive out from their mind any misconstrued ideas about the aims and objects of this great Stores and considering it as their own property in trust should make their best efforts to make it flourishing, so that it may become the source for maintaining several other small industries so dear to Mahatmaji's heart.

At the end of his speech the Sardar introduced Dr. Khan Saheb, as one of the great men coming from the Frontier, where the race was warlike and that it was a marvel the gospel of the charkha should have reached these quarters where the sword and rifle used to hold sway a few years ago.

He also referred to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan's speech at the opening of the Congress exhibition, where he gave reasons for his conversion to the cult of the Charkha.

QUADRANGULAR CRICKET PLANS

Government Telegraphs Refused Plot This Year

The Quadrangular Cricket Committee have allotted the space to be occupied by clubs and gymkhanas for the ensuing tournament. Great indignation has been caused among the members of the Government Telegraph Recreation Club, which has been refused a plot.

This sporting institution caters for about 500 members and has in the past always been granted permission to erect a tent for its members. For some mysterious reason the privilege has been withdrawn this year.

It appears that the committee are granting plots to the highest bidders and are not concerned about the status of clubs etc.

PLANES TO FLY BACKWARD?

LOS ANGELES (By Mail)

A reversible airplane propeller which call stop a plane in flight make it run backward along the ground, and even make it fly backward has been produced by a group of local engineers.

The government has adopted it for use in the U.S. air forces.

ENDURANCE SWIMMING

Narayanaswamy Fails To Beat Ghose's Record

RANGOON, Oct. 26.

The attempt made by K. R. Narayanaswamy, the Malabar swimmer, to beat P. K Ghosh's endurance swimming record at the Royal Lakes, has ended in failure says "The Statesman."

Swamy was taken out of the water unconscious at 2-46 a.m. today, after he had swum for 62 hours.

After an injection Swamy regained consciousness and was taken to hospital, where he is progressing favourably.

VINES'S ADVICE TO PERRY

LOS ANGELES. (By Mail).

Ellsworth Vines, former amateur tennis star, believes Fred Perry, world's net king, ought to take the dol. 25,000 offered him to make a series of tennis shorts for the films.

"Perry is foolish if he doesn't accept the dol. 25,000" said Vines, now in the professional ranks. "The situation may change in another year. Some youngster may come along and knock Perry over. He isn't invincible. Once he loses his supreme confidence, he won't be so hard to beat."

You will truly enjoy the change to Listerine Tooth Paste for its taste alone. No soapy, foamy taste, just the clean, refreshed feeling you associate with Listerine Antiseptic itself.

Yet how effective Listerine Tooth Paste is in cleaning the teeth—in bringing a new brilliance to them that you would hardly believe possible. Its wonderful new cleansing and polishing agent, unmatched in any other dentifrice, assures this. Quickly your teeth take on a new sparkle and whiteness.

Listerine Tooth Paste is decidedly beneficial to the gums, too. Its invigourating qualities harden and firm them. And what a gloriously clean feeling it leaves in the mouth.

Just try Listerine Tooth Paste for the next 30 days. Judge it upon results alone. We know you will never want to go back to any other kind.

The makers of Listerine Tooth Paste recommend Pro-phy-lac-tic Tooth Brushes.

LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

. . . AND IT MAKES THE BREATH SWEETER

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Asoe Vad 10, 1990.
Muslim: Rajab 22, 1353.
Parsi: Ardibehesht 26, 130
Sunrise: 6h. 38m
Sunset: 6h. 6m.
High Water: 7-06, 19-47
Low Water: 14-13
Legislative Assembly Elections: Bombay Millowners' Constituency: Nomination of Candidates.
S. S. Ranpura with English mails of Oct. 18 due at 3 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

FRIDAY, November 2.

Legislative Assembly Elections: Bombay Millowners' Constituency: Scrutiny of nomination papers.

SATURDAY, November 3.

All India Cooperation Day Celebration at the Sir Cowasjee Jahangir Hall at 3 p.m. Mrs. Naidu Presiding.
S. S. Comorin with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.
Results of B.A. (Pass) and B.Sc. (Subsidiary) Examinations, University Buildings, 2 p.m.
Indian Merchants' Chamber, quarterly meeting, 3 p.m.

MONDAY, November 5.

Municipal Corporation, 4-10 p.m.

TUESDAY, November 6.

Divali Public Holiday.
Banks closed.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for United States of America per S. S. "Pres. Johnson" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-30 p.m. to-morrow (Friday).

MOTION PICTURE SOCIETY OF INDIA

An extra-ordinary meeting of the Motion Picture Society of India will be held to-day (Thursday) at the Muslim Students' Brotherhood Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) to express the Society's sense of sorrow at the sad and untimely death of Mr. Jamnadas Subedar.

FAILED G. D. A. STUDENTS.

The Fourth General Meeting of the Failed G. D. A. Students will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Raja Bahadur Bansilal Motilal Mansion, (2nd Floor), 20 Apollo Street, Opposite Allahabad Bank Ltd., Bombay to express their gratitude to the Authorities concerned for the kind view they have taken in the matter and to consider certain other important matters in connection therewith.

JAMIAT SHUBBAN AL-MUSLIMEEN

Under the auspices of Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen a meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at 9-30 p.m. at Jamiat's hall, when Mr. Sk. Ibrahim Moosa "Munavar" will give a friendly talk on "Muslim's social condition" in Gujarati.

STEAMER MOVEMENT

"Dollar Steamship Lines s.s. President Johnson V-14 will arrive here on the 1st instant at 5-00 p.m. and will land passengers at No. 5 Alexandra Dock. She will again sail on Friday the 2nd instant at 5-00 p.m. with passengers and cargo for Suez, Port Said, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston."

THE CAPITOL
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
ONLY AT 6-30 & 10.
HEARTS THAT BURN FOR WOMEN ON THE BURNING SANDS OF HELL!

Cruel as Satan . . . Tender as a baby's arms!

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"Treasure Island". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Lost Patrol." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Murder at the Vanities". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amrit Manthan". Daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Setu Bandhan". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Garib-ki-Duniya". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30
WEST END—"Naughty Girl". Daily at 5-15 and 10-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Yes Mr. Brown". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Tarzan The Ape Man". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Roman Scandals". Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Johar-e-Shamsheer". Daily 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"All Disney Programme". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CARLTON—"Hell Below". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Return of the Terror." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon Time Signal. Indian Selected Hour. 1-0 p.m. Bombay Market: Available Rates. European Lunch Time Music. 2-0 p.m. Close Down. 5-30 p.m. European Programme. Relay of Music from the Capitol Cinema. 6-30 p.m. The New Light Symphony Orchestra. 8-0 p.m. Dance Music. The S. S. "President Johnson" Orchestra 9-0 p.m. Time Signal. Weather Report and News Bulletin. Indian Programme 9-10 p.m. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 9-30 p.m. Recitation of Holy Koran. By Moulvi Gulam Mahomedan Kamar. 9-40 p.m. Vocal Music. Chandoo Khan. Instrumental Music. Abdul Majid Khan—Sarangi. 11-0 p.m. God Save the King-Emperor. Close down.

UTHAMAN CEREMONY.

Dalal Narayan Chunilal, Solicitor, died at Hyderabad (Deccan) on 31-10-34. The Uthaman Ceremony will be held at his place of residence at Dil Bahar Bunglow, Tilak Road, Pherozesha Street, Santa Cruz, to-day (Thursday) between 4-6 p.m.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

AT VICTORIA TERMINUS.

Trains	Arrivals H.M
Madras Mail	6 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9 00
Madras Express	10 15
Deccan Queen	10 25
Poona Mail	11 40
Nagpur Express	14 45
Poona East Passenger	16 25
Poona Express	19 25
Allahabad Express	20 40
Departures	
Allahabad Express	7 00
Poona Express	8 00
Poona East Passenger	11 55
Madras Express	13 45
Poona Mail	15 30
Deccan Queen	17 15
Punjab Mail	17 50
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	18 10
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	21 15
Nagpur Express	21 30
Madras Mail	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	23 00

AT BOMBAY CENTRAL.

Mail, Express and Passenger trains Arrivals at Bombay Central.

			H.M.
No. 8	Up	Passenger	5 35
No. 20	Up	Delhi Express	6 00
No. 2	Up	Gujarat Mail	6 45
No. 10	Up	Kathiawar Mail	7 50
No. 4	Up	Frontier Mail	8 55
No. 12	Up	Passenger	14 50
No. 16	Up	Kathiawar Express	19 05
No. 6	Up	Passenger	20 55

Departures from Bombay Central.

			H.M.
No. 15	Down	Kathiawar Express	8 45
No. 9	Down	Passenger	8 55
No. 11	Down	Passenger	13 35
No. 1	Down	Gujarat Mail	20 25
No. 3	Down	Frontier Mail	21 15
No. 5	Down	Kathiawar Mail	21 30
No. 19	Down	Delhi Express	22 00
No. 7	Down	Passenger	22 15

The REGAL
DAILY THREE SHOWS At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
GRAND ANNIVERSARY ATTRACTION
inaugurating the "GREATER REGAL SEASON"!

You'll laugh with glee!....You'll shout with excitement!.... You'll sigh, shudder and shake!.....
FREE LIST SUSPENDED.

ADULERATED GHEE AND BUTTER

Vendors Convicted

During the week ending 27th October the following persons, who were prosecuted for selling adulterated ghee and butter were convicted and fined by the Municipal Courts of the Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Fort and Mazgaon, at the Esplanade and Mazgaon Police courts respectively.

(1) Mr. Someshwar Girdhar, Owner, at Nos. 32-34, Maruti Lane was convicted and fined Rs. 50. (2) Mr. Toyra Goa, Vendor, at Nos. 25-27, Ghogari Moholla, was convicted and fined Rs. 30. (3) Mr. Meghji Pachan, Owner & Vendor, at Govind, at Govind Building, Ardeshir Dady Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 50. (4) Mr. Shamji Jewat, Vendor at No. 345B, Girgaum Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 25. (5) Mr. Sheikh Enus S. K. Ali, Owner and Vendor at Petit compound, Grant Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 50 or in default 50 days' simple imprisonment. (6) Mr. Gangji Kuverji, Owner, at Nos. 98A-102, Mugbhat Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 60. (7) Mr. Rawji Versi, Vendor, at No. 20, Chowpatty Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 50. (8) Mr. Devji Ukerda, Vendor, at No. 16, Chunam Lane, was convicted and fined Rs. 45. (9) Mr. Mangaldas Amthabhai, Owner, at Nos. 92-96 Girgaum Back Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 35. (10) Mr Khimji Lakhamsi, Owner, at No. 99A Girgaum Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 58. (11) Mr. Jadhav Lakhamsi, Owner and Vendor, at No. 90 Kandewadi and No. 48, Kakadwadi, was victed and fined Rs. 40. (12) Bai Sitabai Laxman, Vendor at No. 29, Gowalia Tank Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 15. (13) Mr. Lakhamsi Uga, Owner, at No. 64, Sleater Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 25. (14) Mr. Deoji Shivji, Owner, at No. 92, Kamathipura Bazar Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 5. (15) Mr. Tikaram Baldeoprasad, Owner at No. 162, Duncan Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 15. (16) Mr. Velji Khetoo, Vendor, at No. 570, DeLisle Road was convicted and fined Rs. 25. (17) Mr. Kalidas Miachand, Owner, at No. 33, Kamathipura Centre Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 25. (18) Mr. Ibrahim Yusuf, Owner, at No. 9A, Wylie Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 10. (19) Mr. Ganpat Hira, Owner, at No. 97 Temker Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 20; and (20) Mr. Totaram Roopram, Owner and Vendor, at No. 159, Duncan Road, was convicted and fined Rs. 15.

FIRE WORKS SHOP ABLAZE

Losses Amount To Rs. 5,000

A fire works shop was ablaze on Wednesday morning in Mughbhat Lane which resulted in loss to the extent of Rs. 5,000.

The fire originated in the fire works shop at about 5 a.m. and the explosion of crackers put the neighbourhood in great consternation. A passer- by seeing the smoke issuing from the shop followed by explosions telephoned to the Byculla Fire Brigade Station, and immediately fire engines from Fort, Bhuleshwar and Byculla came to the scene. The fire was put out within half an hour. The building contained besides the fire works shop a tobacco shop, a hair dressing saloon, an oil shop and a restaurant which were slightly damaged by water and smoke. The cause of fire is not known.

DECLARATION OF DIVIDEND

Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation

At a meeting of the Directors of the Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation Ltd., held on 31st October 1934, it was resolved to recommend the declaration of the following dividend for the year ending 31st May 1934:—

Rs. 150 per share on 100 shares of Rs. 2,500 each.
Rs. 7/8 per share on 40,000 shares of Rs. 125 each.
Rs. 3 per share on 84,000 shares of Rs. 125 each (Rs. 50 paid up).

CONGRESS ELECTION CAMPAIGN

Under the auspices of the "A" Ward District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) in Dwarkadas Lane, Bazargate Street, Fort, Mr. Mulraj Karsondas will preside and amongst the speakers will be.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu,
Mrs. Lilavati Munshi,
Dr. G. V. Deshmukh,
Mr. K. M. Munshi,
Sardar Sardul Singh,
K. F. Nariman,
Sardar Gopal Singh Komi and
Nagindas T. Master

B. P. C. C. PLANS BIG ELECTION PUTSCH

Ward Offices Opened To Guide Assembly Voters

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following statement:—

Now that the Congress Session is over, the activities of all Congressmen in the City will be fully directed to the successfull campaigning for the Assembly elections which fall on the 14th of November.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has taken the work in hand in right earnest and has formed plans for a vigorous election campaign all over the City.

The task of approaching 45,000 voters with a convincing appeal is, no doubt, stupendous but given the willing co-operation and energetic efforts of hundreds of Congress workers spread over all the Wards, the Congress is confident of success.

With a view to centralise all activities pertaining to election propaganda, a Central Office has been opened in the Congress House under the supervision of the General Secretaries of the B.P.C.C. The office will remain open from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. All inquiries in regard to elections should be directed to this office and they will be promptly attended to.

Along side of Central Office, offices have been opened in all the seven Wards where necessary information can be available. Following are the offices in various Wards:—

A WARD: "A" (Fort) Ward District Congress Committee, Manoredas Street, Fort, Bombay.
B WARD: "B" (Mandvi) Ward District Congress Committee. Kharek Bazaar, Bombay No. 3.
C WARD: Special Election Office opposite Mahajan Association, Marwadi Bazaar, Bombay.
D WARD: "D" (Girgaum) Ward District Congress Committee, Congress House. Girgaum Back Road, Bombay No. 4.
E WARD: Sjt. R. K. Achrekar's Khadi Bhandar, Haines Road, Byculla, Bombay.
F WARD: "F" (Parel) Ward District Congress Committee, Mankeshwar Building, Parel, Poibavdi.
G WARD N. 1: Dr. R. M. Bhaindarkar's Dispensary, Pinto Villa, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar.
No. 2: Matunga Taluka Congress Committee, Matunga.
No. 3: Sjt. K. A. Subramanyam, 10, Vishram Bhuwan, Matunga, G.I.P.

Workers who are prepared to work for the elections during these 13 days are requested to register their names either at the Central Office or at the Ward Offices concerned.

Stenographers and typists are required in large numbers. Those who can give their services either part time or whole-time should at once communicate to the General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.

CONGRESS FILM

Will Be Given For Exhibition

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

The General Secretary of the Reception Committee of 48th Session Indian National Congress in the course of a statement states that different films of the open session, presidential procession, and the subjects committee of the Congress Session produced by the Reception Committee will be given for exhibition on a contract basis to film companies. Companies who intend to exhibit the Congress film should apply to the secretary of the Reception Committee early.—United Press.

INDIA'S ARTS AND CRAFTS

Women's Share In Their Propagation

BOMBAY, Oct. 30.

Fifteen thousand visitors including several delegates who attended the Sessions of the Indian National Congress, saw the Women's Swadeshi Exhibition at the Town Hall which is just closed.

They will carry far and wide the message of hope in the great potentialities of Indian womanhood in the sphere of arts and crafts.

Some of the species of handicrafts which are in a dying condition will be revived, and others will receive encouragement, judged from praises bestowed upon them by an appreciative public. The "kasida" embroidery, a speciality of Dharwar and once its great pride, is fast disappearing. The rare specimens of this at the Exhibition were much admired.

Woodwork in handicraft section which Indian women are just biginning to take up also received generous praises.

Gandhiji who visited the Exhibition and saw his own picture grace every section—from oil paintings to "rangoli"—expressed himself delighted at the wide range of exhibits made solely from Indian materials by Indian women. Mr. R. Chatterjee of Calcutta after seeing the Exhibition congratulated the Gujerati Stree Mandal which had organised it, and hoped it would teach Indian women how to earn a livelihood and be artists at the same time.

Some of the exhibits came from Santiniketan, and the leather work embossed with beautiful figurines done in paint was the product of the ladies of that famous school. Among the antiques there were beadwork and silk embroideries on which the ladies of Kathiawar of a century ago had their genius stamped.

Even from the financial point of view the Exhibition was altogether a success.—A. P.

CONGRESS STATISTICS

Surplus Amounts To Rs. 30,000

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

Mr. S. K. Patil, General Secretary, Reception Committee of the 48th Indian National Congress issued the following Statement to the "United Press":—

"The number of delegates who attended the Congress Session was 2,500;

Visitors who stayed in the camp were 2,500;

Visitors who attended the open Session were 45,000;

Volunteers, 2,000;

Lady volunteers 300;

Reception Committee Members 2,000;

A.I.C.C. members who attended the Congress were 250;

Workers 1,000 and an army of press reporters.

"The expenses of construction work of the Congress Nagar were Rs. 2,50,000. The amount collected by sale of tickets was Rs. 2,75,000. The cost of exhibition was Rs. 25,000. The amount collected by sale of exhibition tickets was Rs. 30,000.

"From the foregoing accounts it would appear after making all disbursements, the Reception Committee is likely to have a surplus of Rs. 30,000.—United Press.

"Nav-Yug" Congress Number

The "Nav-Yug," a Hindi daily paper of Delhi, has issued a special Congress number containing interesting articles on political and economical questions affecting the country. It reproduces the text of the Presidential address of Babu Rajendra Prasad delivered at the 48th session of the Indian National Congress held here. Shri Prakash writes on "Congress and Socialism" and Dr. Pattabi Sitaramaya's on "Mahatma Gandhi is greater than Congress" There are several articles dealing with the part played by Indian women in the last C. D.

RANADIVE FOR HYDERABAD

Mr. B. T. Ranadive who was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment in May last, has been transferred to Hyderabad (Sind) Central Jail. After his conviction he was kept in the Arthur Road Jail pending the case under the Trade Disputes Act in connection with the Textile General Strike in Bombay.

All-India Co-operators' Day

The All India Co-operators' Day will be celebrated by the Fort Co-operative Institute on Saturday (Nov. 3) at Cowasjee Jahangir Hall under the presidentship of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

"Ajmal" Annual

The daily "Ajmal," the Nationalist Muslim paper of Bombay, founded six years ago in the memory of the dead patriot, the late Hakim Ajmal Khan Sahib, has been consistently serving the cause of nationalism. During its short life it has won a reputation as a bright yet sober Urdu journal and its popularity and prestige have ever been on the increase. It is, therefore, with cordial warmth that we welcome the appearance of its annual number which contains over eighty pages of informative articles and interesting pictures. The issue opens with a number of mesages of goodwill from national leaders including Mahatma Gandhi, Doctor Ansari, Mrs. Naidu, Shrimati Kamladevi and Dr. Syed Mahmud. Besides articles on political, educational and social topics there is a collection of interesting and inspiring poems of well-known Urdu poets. More than two dozen photos printed on art paper decorate the issue.

"The Man Of Sorrows"

The Xavierites of Bombay are to be congratulated on the performance they are going to stage early in November under the direction of the Jesuit Fathers of Bombay. The play entitled "The Man of Sorsows" will be acted by the Catholics of Bombay and the suburbs. The cast will consist of 240 performers supported by 150 singers and an orchestra of 50 musicians. It is very rarely that such religious dramas are staged and therefore apart from the Catholics a large number of non-Catholics have expressed their desire to see the performance. In deference to their wishes the Jesuite Fathers are going to repeat the performance at least half a dozen times.

SWADESHI EXHIBITION

Tea Party At Art Gallery

The last function at Abdul Gaffar Nagar came off on Wednesday morning when a tea-party was given to the stall-holders and Exhibition workers in the Art Gallery of the Exhibition, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presiding.

On arrival Mrs. Naidu took a round of the whole exhibition accompnied by Smt. Lilavti Munshi, Sjts. Nagindas T. Master, Jinabhai P. Joshi, Gunvantlal Kapadia, B. D. Mhatre and Mr. S. C. Majumdar. About four hundred cards were laid on the table. Mrs. Naidu was vociferously cheered as she took the chair. At the outset, the stall-holders congratulated the distinguished President on the unique arrangements made by her Committee, which left nothing to be desired.

WELL-PLANNED.

In her reply, Mrs. Naidu said that there had not been in recent years a Swadeshi Exhibition of such magnitude and magnificence and so nicely planned out. She hoped that the Stall-holders would overlook any inconveniences which they had to put up with in these few days. The unique success of the Exhibition, added Mrs. Naidu, was due, not a little, to the great Khadi Exhibition Court and the Self-Sufficiency Court organised by Sjt. Shankerlal Banker.

SURPLUS BUDGET.

The Exhibition which was a centre of great interest and rush at Worli thus stands closed. The Exhibition which was expected at the outset to turn out a deficit has resulted in a big surplus of nearly Rs. 25,000 which is due to the great patronge of the citizens of Bombay.

NIZAM'S SUBJECTS' GRIEVANCES

Plea For Elected Assembly

At a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay held under the auspices of the Hyderabad States peoples' Conference on the 30th ultimo at Chowpatty, resolutions requesting the Nizam, to appease the growing discontent among his subjects, immediately to withdraw the 'firman' prohibiting public meetings, to allow his subjects freedom of speech, press, association and constitutional agitation and to inaugurate an elected Legislative Assembly was passed.

PILGRIMS TO HEDJAZ

Revised Rates Of Deposits

The Government of India have revised the rates of deposits to be made by pilgrims to the Hedjaz for the purpose of defraying the cost of return tickets. The revised rates are as follows: (i) in the case of a pilgrim of the age of ten years or more sailing from Bombay Rs. 61-8-0; (ii) in the case of a pilgrim under ten years of age sailing from Bombay Rs. 56/8/0; (iii) in the case of a pilgrim of the age of ten years or more sailing from Karachi Rs. 58/8/0; (iv) in the case of a pilgrim under ten years of age sailing from Karachi Rs. 55; (v) in the case of a pilgrim of the age of ten years or more sailing from Calcutta Rs. 85/8/0; and (vi) in the case of a pilgrim under ten years of age sailing from Calcutta Rs. 78-8-0.

COMING ELECTIONS

Rajen Babu's Lecture To-day

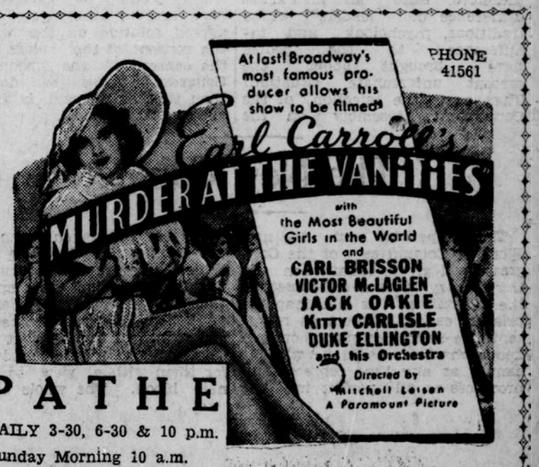
Under the auspices of Young Men's Hindu Association Babu Rajendra Prasad will deliver a public lecture in the premises of the Association, Girgaum Back Road to-day (Thursday) 6-30 p.m. on "The Coming Elections." Special arrangements have been made for loud speakers and special place will be reserved for ladies.

100,000-YEAR-OLD SKELETONS

Four human skeletons, believed, to be more than 100,000 years old and described by Professor Albright, director the American School of Oriental Research, as "undoubtedly a missing link in the evolution of mankind," have been discovered in a cave near Nazareth.

The Government Gazette announces that the next session of the Bengal Legislative Council commences on December 10.—United Press.

PHONE 41561


At last! Broadway's most famous producer allows his show to be filmed!
Earl Carroll's
MURDER AT THE VANITIES
with the Most Beautiful Girls in the World and
CARL BRISSON
VICTOR McLAGLEN
JACK OAKIE
KITTY CARLISLE
DUKE ELLINGTON and his Orchestra
Directed by Mitchell Leisen
A Paramount Picture

PATHE
DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Sunday Morning 10 a.m.

Telephone No. 22057, Post Box No. 522. Telegrams "Chronicle." Registered No. B-1698.

The Bombay Chronicle

Bell House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1934

GANDHIJI'S STATEMENT

Gandhiji's latest statement on his future relations with the Congress needs to be read most seriously by Congressmen not only because it points out some of their urgent duties but also because it throws some new an revealing light on his motives in temporarily retiring from the Congress. The most important passage in the statement is the concluding one and needs to be quoted in extenso. Referring to the imperative necessity of Congress workers doing some manual labour for the country in pursuance of the constitutional clause regarding labour franchise, he says: "What is meant by this clause to be symbolical may in the end result in many Congressmen becoming experts in the labour they perform and making a phenomenal contribution to the economic advancement of the Nation. This is all Civil Resistance of the purest type. I plead guilty of negligence in that. I had not in the past insisted on these things so as to make them a condition precedent to the launching out of any civil disobedience. I had been overborne by the argument that the nation would take up these things in the course of civil disobedience. That expectation was not realised. My retirement from Congress may be regarded as a penance for the negligence although it was wholly unconscious. But calling myself as I do an expert in the science of civil resistance, I may not plead ignorance as an excuse. I hope, therefore, that the vital clauses of the constitution will be immediately put into operation. What I am aiming at is the development of capacity for civil resistance so that there never may be any need for civil disobedience. Disobedience that is wholly civil should never provoke retaliation." It should be transparently clear from the above if there was any doubt at all about it, that Gandhiji values and designs constructive work among the people not only as an end in itself but also as a means to an end, that end being nothing less than preparing the country thoroughly for the next campaign of mass action He candidly states: "What I am aiming at is the development of capacity for Civil Disobedience." This fact should be specially borne in mind by those critics of the constructive programme who think that that programme relegates the Congress to the position of a mere social service league.

Condition Precedent

It is also transparently clear from the passage quoted above that Gandhiji is determined to make some appreciable progress in constructive work as "a condition precedent to the launching out of any Civil Disobedience." He had insisted on such a condition before, but in 1930 he waived it for reasons he has himself stated. He now feels it was a blunder that calls for penance and that his retiremeant from Congress to be able to devise fresh forms of constructive work is part of that penance. Let none mistake these words for a mere figure of speech meant only to induce Congressmen to take more interest in constructive work. Gandhiji is not the man to repeat what he once regards as a blunder. It may be assumed that he will never again agree to Civil Disobedience on a large scale unless he is satisfied with the progress of the right type of constructive work in the localities concerned.

Sound Advice

What then are Congressmen to do, particularly those who have full faith in Gandhiji's principles and are anxious to prove their potency? Gandhiji gives them a clear enough lead, though he is not now the formal leader of the Congress. He expects that "the vital clauses of the constitution will be immediately put into operation." He refers particularly to the Khadi clause and that about Labour franchise But it is clear from the general tenor of the passage quoted above that he expects Congressmen to devote themselves wholeheartedly to the constructive programme in its varied forms as a necessary nation-building service. He expects, too, that the whole of the new constitution should be brought into force without any avoidable delay. He is so keen about the khadi and labour-franchise clauses that he urges those elected members of the Congress who do not believe in them to tender their resignation at once. The advice is sound and deserves to be followed immediately. We are confident that the President will lose no time in reorganising the Congress in accordance with the new Constitution.

Profession And Practice

It is almost impossible to understand Malaviyaji on any reasonable ground. He contradicts himself with a thoroughness that is astounding. He believes, as he said in Bombay, that "the present Indian situation would not improve so long as the reins of government were not in the hands of the people of India." But every single thing that he has done recently is calculated not only to keep the reins where they are at present, but to tighten them still further. While believing in the paramount urgency of the transference of power from Britain to India, Malaviyaji is actually devoting himself to the task of stimulating dissensions among his own countrymen. Malaviyaji's most recent statement from Delhi gives the rejection of the White Paper at least second place in the "Congress Nationalist" programme, and yet he recommends for support men like Sir Hari Singh Gour and Bhai Parmananda! There is in the Delhi statement—at last!—a reference to the Constituent Assembly. Malaviyaji does not believe it possible "within a reasonable time." He would, therefore, have an All-Parties conference of "leaders" whose traditions, psychology and indifference to the people have brought about the present unfortunate situation! Then again the rejection of the Constituent Assembly on the ground of impracticability—Malaviyaji is optimistic enough to "get rid" of the Award, but is not logical enough to accept the need of an agreed substitute, nor does he feel strong enough to make a Constituent Assembly possible—may be, and is, worthy of Malaviyaji's supporters but not worthy of a Congressman believing in immediate Independence for India and the rights of the common people.

The most striking contradiction in Malaviyaji's attitude is in regard to the rejection of the Award itself. Government, who would much rather sympathise with Malaviyaji and his supporters than Gandhiji and Congressmen, have issued a Press statement which clearly exonerates Mahatma Gandhi from all blame that "Nationalists" have been falsely laying at his door. But it does more. It equally shows that Malaviyaji certainly was among those who asked the Prime Minister to arbitrate on the communal question and who promised to abide by his arbitration. The Award is bad, but can Malaviyaji refuse, in reason, to accept it? The only logical thing he can do is to leave the Award alone as Congress has done and to concentrate on an agreed solution on the basis of the consent of the mass of the the consent of the people as Congress is going to do. But then this, as we said, is the only logical thing to do.

The New Cabinet

The composition of the new Working Committee of the Congress will give satisfaction to the country. The new Cabinet, as the Committee is not inappropriately called, is about as representative as its necessary homogeneous character could permit. It cannot at any time represent all provinces or all parties in the Congress. But taken as a whole the Cabinet is very strong indeed. When there are so many in the country of Cabinet rank one naturally misses several leaders in a small body like the Cabinet, and one or two of the present members could well have made room for them with a view to infuse new blood. The whole body is predominantly Gandhite, as is but natural when an overwhelming majority in the Congress and the country are keen on following Gandhiji's principles and policies even during his absence from the Congress. It is therefore, the duty of the new Cabinet to pursue those principles steadfastly and demonstrate their efficacy even to sceptics.

POLITICAL CRISIS IN EGYPT

King's Illness: High Commissioner Approaches Wafdist Leader

(From A Special Correspondent).

CAIRO, Oct. 15.

His Majesty King Fouad is seriously ill. It was announced by the Court that he was suffering from fever. But it is a serious case of cardiac illness. The Court kept his illness a secret with the result that rumours spread making the position worse. English, French and Egyptian papers wrote openly about it, strongly protesting against the hush-hush methods of the Court.

Specialists Called.

An official medical report was at last published last week saying that His Majesty was expected to be all right within a few weeks.

Specialists have been called from Europe, among them being Dr. Brigmann, the famous German lung-specialist. He arrived on October 9 and has since been attending on His Majesty. He declares that the Royal patient is progressing.

As the King's illness grew serious the English desired the establishment of a Council of Regency to act during the King's illness and the acting High Commissioner has been discussing the question with the different politicians of Egypt.

Question Of Regency.

As it is well-known that the King is not on good terms with the Wafdists, Mohammad Naseem Pasha has been thought of as a likely member of the Regency. He is a moderate statesman who has been twice Prime Minister. One of the Princes is also likely to be appointed and the question was discussed by the Acting High Commissioner with Prince Mahammad Aly, the king's nephew. The High Commissioner also discussed with Mohammad Mahmoud Pasha, the leader of the Liberal Party and Aly Mahir Pasha, a former minister sympathising with the Court. Telegrams have been exchanged between the High Commissioner and the British Foreign Office about the choice. And the Royal family is also continually holding consultations regarding it. The most powerful in the Royal family are Prince Mohammad Aly and Prince Omar Tosoum—the latter well-known for his benevolence and kindness towards the people and a popular personality. Egyptian Princes in Europe have also been wired to hurry back home. But the King himself does not favour the suggestion of a Regency.

Public Ignorant.

All this has been happening without the knowledge of the people. Even Members of Parliament were kept in ignorance. They protested and met the Prime Minister who told them that the King was safe. They are, however, now demanding an extraordinary session of Parliament. But the demand is not expected to be acceded to.

Amidst this turmoil the King's coronation anniversary was celebrated on October 9. His Majesty of course, did not participate but ceremonies were duly held in all the centres of the Provinces.

The latest news is that according to Doctor Brigmann's report the King is getting better. Medical reports are few and meagre, the Princes are holding a Council the day after to-morrow, and Mr. Maurice Patterson, the Acting High Commissioner, is continuing his meetings and, to facilitate conversations, the High Commissioner's office has been removed from Alexandria to Cairo.

Nahas Pasha Approached

During the last week the present Cabinet was the subject of a diversity of rumours. Wafdist papers anticipated the Government's failure because of its utter weakness. And the people also have never favoured the present Cabinet.

Last week was full of surprising developments. The people became suddenly aware of the King's illness and the political situation arising out of it. Mr. Maurice Patterson had an interview at Alexandria with Mustafa Nahas Pasha, the head of the Wafd and discussed with him the political affairs of Egypt. I understand that Nahas Pasha was asked about his condition for forming a Ministry and he

(Continued on page 9).

THE COMMUNAL PROBLEM

Need For Starting An All-India Hindu-Muslim Unity Association To Concentrate Effort On The Solution Of This Problem

By KISHAN CHAND.

I think I can say without any fear of contradiction that the supreme need of India at the present moment is an understanding between the various communities—particularly between the Hindus and the Muhammadans. In fact it would not be very wrong to say that if we are unable to solve the communal problem, we shall not have solved the problem of self-Government. If the future Swaraj is to be for the whole country, it is essential that all the communities should strive for it together, whatever the methods we adopt for achieving our end. I wish these self-obvious truths were fully realised by the various political and non-political organisations in India. To illustrate the truth of what I say I might mention that when in the hey-day of the first N. C. O. movement, the Hindus and the Muhammadans joined hands together. I was asked by a very high European official whether India would be satisfied if complete self-Government was given to the Provinces and Dyarchy introduced in the Central Goverment. As a matter of fact he told me that proposals to that effect were under very serious consideration of the Government of India. This is what National Unity had brought about, but unfortunately then came disruption and disintegration in our body politic and acute communal differences which we have continued to this day! And look at the result. The White Paper is all we are proposed to be given and even that is to be whittled down—to what extent the gods alone know.

Mutual Distrust

And why is the Communal problem not solved so far? The obvious answer is because of the communal leaders and mutual distrust. But there is still another important reason. Not only has Muslim Unity as a side-issue in its programme, but the non-Congress parties also have done nothing practical about this most important question. In this connection I would like to point out that the "Liberal" politicians have merely ignored the issue and whatever has been done in the matter is the result of the Congress initiative. I hope I am not unfair to my "Liberal" friends but they will bear me out that as a party they have done next to nothing. It, therefore, follows that unless the non-Congressmen bestir themselves, the brunt of solving the communal issue will devolve on the Congress, and I wish every Congressman would strain all his energies to this end.

Deplorable Schism

A good deal has been written about the Communal Award and the Malaviya-Aney revolt from the Congress on this point. What I wish to emphasise is that the schism in the Congress on this vital issue is most detrimental to the future of the country: and the mere fact that some of the Muhammadans who have already been elected to the new Assembly intend to form an organisation to combat the Anti-Award activities of Malaviyaji and his party should be sufficient for them to realise that their method of tackling the problem is entirely wrong. The mere condemnation of the Award is no solution of it and they must do something constructive. But what is the solution? I make the following tentative suggestions for the earnest consideration of not only every Congressman but also of those who are outside the Congress.

Unity Association

It is a healthy sign that it is more and more widely being recognised that the mere attainment of political Swaraj—even if it were possible in the near future—is not good enough. We must evolve a homogeneous nation with a distinctive Indian culture which will be the common heritage of all Indians. Moreover, the Economic and Social problems which are more intimately connected with the political problem than is usually conceded—should also be taken up simultaneously. The Harijan movement and the A. I. S. A. are very good illustrations how work other than purely political can be done by the Congress leaders. I suggest the formation of another Association to be called something like "The All-India Hindu-Musim Unity Association" or "The All-India Unity League." Its membership should be open to all irrespective of whatever community or political or other organisation they may belong to. The Congress should make a start now and the others asked to join later. Its activities should be kept entirely distinct from the other activities of the Congress. The aim of this organisation should be to create an atmosphere for a mutually agreed formula between the various communities in India by every reasonable means we can think of. Now that Gandhiji is proposing to retire from the Congress, he can devote most of his time to its activities as he once did for the Harijan movement. This Organisation should have branches in every Province, Division, District and smaller Urban and Rural units, corresponding to the administrative divisions of the country. Leaders like Sir Abdur Rahim, Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Shastri, Dr. Sapru and prominent persons like Messrs. Ghaznavi and Haq in Bengal, Sir Muhammad Iqbal and Mr. and Mrs. Shah Navaz in the Punjab, and Sir Muhammad Yaqub and Dr. Shafat Ahmad Khan in the United Provinces.—to

(Continued on page 9.)

Frankly Speaking

INDIA AND LANCASHIRE.

Mr. Walter Runciman stated in the House of Commons on Tuesday that the question of increasing the consumption of Indian cotton was being considered by the Lancashire Indian Cotton Committee. That question has, indeed, been under consideration for nearly two years but it does not suit Lancashire to commit itself to a definite decision. It is so much easier to put off India with the hope of its buying more of her cotton. It is quite possible, as pointed out by Mr. Runciman, that the imports of Indian cotton into Britain in the first nine months of this year are three times more than those in the corresponding period of 1933. When trade agreements between India and Britain are being negotiated, it pays Lancashire to be a better buyer than usual. But we cannot help suspecting that Britain will not accept any obligation in any agreement to buy definitely more Indian cotton in proportion to the concessions, which she will claim and get in India with regard to her piece-goods exported to this country.

HOARE'S COMPLACENCE.

Sir Samuel Hoare was happy to make the reassuring statement in Parliament that "the situation in India continues to be satisfactory. Civil Disobedience has disappeared and public interest centres mainly on the Assembly elections. The special measures against terrorism are being firmly maintained . . ." The disappearance of Civil Disobedience has been known in India too for the last six months. But India at least does not know that the situation here is "satisfactory" in any genuine or real sense of the word. Indeed, discontent has not only hardened but become more decisively uncompromising. There is no Civil Disobedience, but the issue between British Imperialism and Indian aspirations is clearer.

INSTRUCTIVE SUPPLEMENT.

India knows that "special measures" against terrorism—and also Communism—"are being firmly maintained" but India would like to know if what is reported to have happened in Cawnpore the other day constitutes a response to the public interest that centres round the Assembly elections. We published yesterday a United Press report from Cawnpore according to which the President of the D.C.C., the convener of the District Parliamentary Board, and another Congress worker, have been arrested and even alleged to have been belaboured by the police. And a telegram to this effect addressed to Mahatma Gandhi and other leaders at Bombay was held up by the Telegraph Office. If all this is true it provides an instructive supplement to Sir Samuel Hoare's general statement.

INDIAN FINANCE YEAR BOOK.

The Indian Finance Year-Book for the year 1934, the annual supplement of "Indian Finance," is a veritable mine of facts and figures about the entire national economic life of India. Its 376 closely printed pages are packed with valuable information about Indian Currency, Trade, Industries, Banking, Insurance, Transport and, indeed, every other department of Indian economic life. The printing and the get-up of the book leave little to be desired. The book should be most helpful to every one interested in Indian economics. We congratulate Mr. P.R. Srinivas, the Editor, and Mr. C.S. Rangaswami, the Managing Editor, on the result of their joint labours.

POONA WIDOWS' HOME

We whole-heartedly endorse the public appeal for funds in aid of the Widows' Home of Poona. This institution, founded by Prof. Karve nearly forty years ago, has done much beneficent work to ameliorate the condition of Hindu widows. It now maintains a primary school, a high school, and a primary training college and three hostels. The worth of all these institutions is readily acknowledged by the public but it is a pity that the financial condition of the parent Home is far from satisfactory. The sudden stoppage of the annual interest, Rs. 52,500, on the late Sir V. Thackersey's noble gift of 15 lakhs to the Indian Women's University has compelled that body to stop its grant to the Widow's Home. It is to be hoped, however, that the public will promptly come to the rescue of the Home and relieve it of its financial worries.

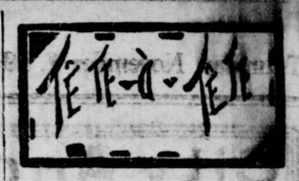
-PRESS VIEWS-

Gandhiji And Socialists

Whatever the devotees of Gandhiji and Gandhism may say, we are convinced that a carefully planned effort is being made by Gandhiji to establish his fascism in India and to root out the growing socialism. Socialists and Socialism have to contend against a most formidable and highly organised fascism of Gandhiji with the millions of India's masses giving him unconditional obedience and we are afraid this carefully laid and masterfully planned strategy of Gandhiji is sure for a very long time to come, to keep socialism in check and in a state of prostration. Will the socialists instead of indulging in tall talk, taking the hint, spread themselves in the villages and capture the masses to their ideology and thus avert this catastrophe which is sure to overwhelm them at no distant date?—"Voice of India."

Congress Creed

The words "truthful and non-violent," on the other hand, unless they mean exactly the same thing as "peaceful and legitimate" are open to the criticism of being neither definite nor certain, besides having an unduly limiting effect. They pertain more to the moral than to the political sphere. Non-violence in thought is too far removed from the realm of practical realities, and truth is proverbially uncertain in its import. That is why we think that the Congress Subjects Committee was guilty of no fatal error of judgment in shelving for the moment the proposed change, though as we have said it would have been the right thing for it to accept the change if by that means it could have retained the Mahatma's leadership. We are all the more pleased at this decision, because with the Mahatma removed from the Congress, there will be no one left in it to interpret the words "truthful and non-violent," as their author himself wishes them to be interpreted, and disputes will arise every now and then regarding their meaning which it will be found impossible to settle finally without his intervention.—"Tribune."



"Less than one-twentieth of the population of Great Britain pay income tax" we are told.

But twenty-twentieth of the population earn the never-failing in coming tax. Long live Imperialism.

* * * *

Under the heading, "An Appeal to Congress" a writer (who signs himself "An Indian in England") says:—

"Despair and distrust, uncertainty and unreality, clamour and chaos seem to have got hold of the political field of India."

And a craze for silly alliteration seems to have got hold of Indians in England.

Of course, the above appears, as you must have guessed, in the "Times of India".

* * * *

"Military attempts to solve great human problems had always failed and must always fail," said the Prime Minister at the annual meeting of the International Peace Society".

This is not to be regarded as a criticism of certain most important and fundamental reservations in our coming Constitution.

* * * *

"It is interesting to note that the young Prince has passed the Senior Cambridge Examination in three subjects, English, Hindi and French with credit.—A.P.I."

Interesting? Astounding!

* * * *

"If it was considered necessary that the Labour officer (Mr. Gilligan of Bombay) should be a member of the I.C.S., was it also necessary that he should be a member of the steel-frame variety?"—the "Leader."

Is it necessary for our Indian Liberal contemporary to ask such questions?

* * * *

Wireless Can Cure Disease
—Headline.

An improvement on the electric chair?

* * * *

A correspondent having wasted his time over the editorial lucubrations of the "Times of India" on the lessons of the Congress, wants to know what exactly our contemporary was talking about.

The thing isn't worth while, but since the correspondent insists, our contemporary started with the happy conclusion that the Congress had proved to be a weakened force. Then it saw the spectres of Socialism, and the Parliamentary campaign and immediately changed its mind.

Whatever may be the position at "Home", Socialism was a terrible menace in India and, of course, it would never do to let Congress capture seats in the Assembly. So our contemporary seeks to rouse "the people with a stake" in the country to defend themselves. This altruistic effort may not fit in with the practice at "Home" and the profession of democratic principles. But consistency and honesty vary with time, space and objective circumstances.

And then who is the Briton who is not proud of the British genius for compromise?

* * * *

"Amidst the literary fireworks and vociferous outbursts that must be disturbing some and amusing others at Bombay, there is one utterance to which people throughout India and unbiassed politicians everywhere could profitably turn their attention. That is the address delivered by Babu Ramananda Chatterjee as president of the anti-Communal Award Conference."

—"Indian Nation."

In view of the pathetic fate of Malaviyaji's amendment, the literary fireworks and vociferous outburst of the Patna journal would leave the nation cold and unmoved.

* * * *

Wanted—A correspondence clerk knowing best English, Hindi, Typewriting.

Would it do if the poor clerk knew better English than the advertiser?

* * * *

A man walked into the foreman-builder's office and stated that he had come in reply to the firm's advertisement for a night-watchman.

"What are your qualifications for this job?" asked the foreman.

The man scratched his head. "Well, guvnor," he said, "the least bit of noise wakes me up."

Defining Seduction Of Forces From Allegiance

Disaffection Bill Stirs Up Lively Debate In House Of Commons

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Oct. 31.

In the House of Commons, in the course of the discussion on the Disaffection Bill, the Labourite motions for the appointment of a special tribunal of five to hear appeals against convictions under the bill, and prohibiting the institution of legal proceedings without the consent of the Attorney-General, were defeated by 273 to 53 votes and 305 to 73 votes respectively.

Bombing Of Villagers

The question of bombing the villages in the North-west Frontier was raised by Mr. Aneurin Baven (Labour M.P.) who said that he would come under the bill if in the election campaign he distributed copies of the recent speech of Bishop Barnes urging the troops not to bomb the helpless populations in Afghanistan.

Sir Thomas Inskip said that if Mr. Bevan gave 20,000 copies of Bishop Barnes' statement to the troops in the circumstances which led them believe that they need not obey orders, that would come under the bill.

Guilty Of Offence

Mr. Bevan declared if Bishop Barnes wrote this in a letter to the press after the bill was passed he will be guilty of the offence.

Sir Thomas Inskip retorted: "Nothing of the sort; there must be an overt act."

Mr. Bevan said: 'If I say it is an un-Christian act to bomb the defenceless villages in India, is that seducing the forces from allegiance?"

Sir Thomas Inskip: "Yes, under this bill as under the present law."

Mr. Bevan: "Then we have it now that it is illegal to call upon soldiers be Christians."

The debate adjourned at 12-30 p.m. after the House agreed to complete the report stage by Friday.

VIGOROUS OPPOSITION

LONDON, Oct. 31

The vigorous opposition to Government's bill to strengthen the law against incitement of disaffection among the armed forces of the Crown was revealed on the report stage of the bill in the House of Commons.

The opposition Liberal Mr. Mallalieu moved the addition of the new clause providing that Police shall call two or more respectable neighbours to witness the police search of a house.

He said that an identical clause was contained in the Indian Criminal Code of 1898.

The opposition Labourites supported the motion which the Solicitor-General and Attorney General resisted as unworkable and unnecessary.

The former pointed out that the clause made no provision for compelling people to witness a search, and conditions India were very different from here.

The motion finally was defeated by 325 votes to 79. Reuter.

BRIGHT PROSPECTS OF UNITED FRONT

Congress Socialists And Labour Group Confer

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

After the successful termination of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference, the Socialists are busy in carrying out the programme of work embodied in the resolutions passed at the Conference.

Four Sub-Committees have been appointed such as Labour Sub-Committee, Peasant Sub-Committee, Propaganda Sub-Committee and United Front Sub-Committee.

NEGOTIATIONS OPENED.

The United Front Sub-Committee has already opened negotiations with various Trade Unions and Labour Groups and there are bright chances of co-ordinated activity between the Congress Socialists and the All-India Trade Union Congress.

Several joint meetings of the representatives of Trade Unions and Congress Socialists were held in this connection in the city and the outcome of the deliberations will be announced shortly.—United Press.

SIKHS SATISFIED WITH CONGRESS DECISION

(Continued from page 1).

His followers, to-day, however, continued the speaker, thought it advisable even to flout his last wishes and run the "Kesari" on a policy antagonistic to the Congress. His followers went so far as to suggest that the voters could vote for any one except the Congress candidate. Could there be a greater amount of unfairness, asked the speaker.

He, therefore, appealed to the voters not to view the issues from a personal angle, but to consider them from the national point of view and vote for the Congress candidates.

Mr. K. M. Munshi referred to the formation of the Democratic Swaraj Party in the Brahman Sabha Hall in Girgaum and the 13 charges brought against the Mahatma by Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta on that occasion.

THAT CHARGE-SHEET.

While the beneficial effect of this kind of charge-sheet against the nation's sole leader was dubious and perhaps questionable, its evil effect was undoubtedly felt according to information within the knowledge of the speaker. A member of the Joint Select Committee had informed him of the effects of this statement of Mr. J. M. Mehta. As soon as the statement was released, messages were flashed across the seas and London took up the sensation in its Press. The London "Times" which rarely indulged in sensation mongering, splashed the news and declared that the influence of Mahatma Gandhi was dead. Meanwhile the members of the Joint Select Committee were considering the question of a suitable constitution and they knew that the only people who were to be placated in India were the Congressmen who only could work the constitution successfully. The Committee were deliberating on a suitable type of constitution with proper provision to ensure its working. At this juncture, Sir Samuel Hoare, said Mr. Munshi, was informed of the news and he assured the Committee that the Congress was crushed and the influence of the Mahatma had completely waned.

The harmful effects of such a state of affairs need not be explained, said Mr. Munshi.

AJMER DISPUTE SETTLEMENT

Haribhau Upadhyaya And Co-Workers Tender Resignations

Pandit Haribhau Upadhyaya, President P. C. C. Ajmer, issues the following statement to the Press:—

In pursuance of orders from Sardar Patel a meeting of the P.C.C. was convened to be held on 18th October 1934 for the election of co-opted members, Office bearers, Members of the Executive body of the P.C.C. and the members of A.I.C.C. for Ajmer. In that meeting all these elections were duly made and communicated to the President of the A.I.C.C. and to the Press.

Sjt. Arjunlal Seth, and friends attended this meeting but instead of participating in all its proceedings staged a walk-out and later on formed themselves into a parallel Committee for which they hold no authority.

Sardar Patel the then President of the A.I.C.C. upheld the former elections and declared the other parallel Committee to be invalid.

THEIR TACTICS.

This decision upset and enraged Sjts. Sethi, Babaji Harsingdas and their friends so much that they arranged hostile demonstrations in the City of Bombay and in the Abdul Gaffar Nagar. Finding that their hostile propaganda was not having the desired effect they went to the length of resorting to hunger strike and "Dharna" at the gate of the Subjects Committee Pandal. On Mahatmaji advising them to give up this wrong method and to file an appeal with the Working Committee for the redress of any grievance they had, these friends agreed to follow his advice.

MAHATMA'S ADVICE.

But the very next day Sjt. Sethi and others resumed their "Dharna" and hunger strike method at the gate of Mahatmaji's hut. Mahatmaji thereupon finding these friends incorrigible, with a view to avoid unnecessary bitterness, advised me and my colleagues to withdraw from offices and the Committees, not because we were in the wrong, but because he believed we had in us a spirit of resignation and self-denial.

Here is a letter Mahatmaji addressed to me. It speaks for itself.

Dear Haribhau.

"In view of the atmosphere prevailing about Ajmer, I feel that it would be better for you and others of your group holding offices or otherwise to resign. This in no way means any reflection on any one of you. It will only be an act of self-restraint and self-sacrifice."

FRIENDLY GESTURE.

I am sure my colleagues and co-workers, friends and sympathisers in the Province and outside, will take these resignations in the same spirit in which they are tendered.

To resign our posts is indeed not an ct of sacrifice, as Mahatmaji says. It is, in truth, a friendly gesture on our part expressing our willingness to efface ourselves in order to remove the bitterness from the hearts of our friends on the other side.

AJMERE ELECTION DISPUTE

Congress Cabinet Upholds Sardar's Action

The Working Committee of the Indian National Congress has upheld Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's decision regarding the Ajmere election dispute, following a resolution, passed by the Working Committee of the Congress, on October 29, at its meeting held at the Congress Nagar:—

"Having heard both the parties and considered the report of the Sub-Committee, appointed yesterday, to look into the Ajmere election dispute, it is resolved that, in the opinion of this Committee, elections organised by Sjt. Arjunlal Sethi and Pandit Gauri Shankar Bhargawa, on the 18th of October, were invalid, as declared by the then President, Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel.

"Further that in view of the fact that Sjt. Haribhav Upadhyaya and others, whose elections of 18th October are now being disputed, are considering Gandhiji's advice to tender their resignations, it is not necessary to go into the merits of the dispute. In case such resignations are submitted by the 15th of November, Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar is given all powers of the Working Committee to conduct and supervise co-option of members to the Provincial Congress Committee and elections of office-bearers, and the executive committee of the Ajmere P.C.C. and members of the A.I.C.C. with full powers to dispose of all the disputes finally."—A.P.

KING BORIS.

KING BORIS'S TRAIN CATCHES FIRE

Monarch Renders First Aid To Driver And Pilots Engine Himself

SOFIA, Oct. 30.

The locomotive of the express in which King Boris was travelling from Sofia to Varna caught fire to-day, 140 miles from Varna.

King Boris himself dressed the injuries of the engine driver who was burnt, and then drove the locomotive himself to a river where he assisted in extinguishing the fire.

After that King Boris drove the train 60 miles to Varna.—Reuter.

MISS SLADE IMPRESSED WITH AMERICA

LONDON, Oct. 31.

"I am overwhelmed by the deep sympathy of America towards India and her intellectual interest in our ideals," declared Miss Slade (Mirabens on arrival at Plymouth, after a fortnight of lecturing in the United States.—Reuter.

SCHUSTER DEFENDS WHITE PAPER

Successful Working Would Depend On Ability Of Men On The Spot

OTTAWA, Oct. 30.

There could not be a better time to make an advance towards self-government in India than at present, when Britain could not be accused of yielding to weakness in the face of popular agitation, said Sir George Schuster, in a speech at the Canadian Club.

Sir George added that very largely due to Lord Willingdon, British prestige in India was never higher than it was to-day. Declaring the argument that Britain was going too fast, did not hold water on practical grounds, Sir George Schuster described the White Paper proposals as typical of British compromise, the successful working of which would depend on the ability and wisdom of the men on the spot. It was not an abandonment but a fulfillment of England's policy towards India.

Sir George Schuster added that many of those who supported Mr. Montagu's declaration in 1917 were now attackini it.—Reuter's Special.

NARENDRA DEV LEAVES FOR FYZABAD

Acharya Narepdra Dev, President of the First All-India Conference of Congress Socialists held at Patna, left for Fyzabad on Wednesday by the Calcutta mail. He was seen off at the station by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, Mr. C. K. Narayanswami and other friends.

Acharya Narendra Dev has had a mild attack of his old complaint, asthma, since Tuesday. He will stay in Fyzabad till about the 10th November before he leaves for Benares.

SUPPRESSION OF USURY

Piecemeal Legislation Will Not Do

LUCKNOW, Oct. 31.

The United Provinces Council was occupied throughout the day with discussion of the Usurious Loans United Provinces Amendment Bill and a dozen out of the total number of 20 amendments thereto were considered. The main non-official criticism of the Bill was that it sought to amend an act passed by the Central Legislature and aimed at remedying a state of affairs not peculiar to this province.

It was urged that piecemeal legislation in individual provinces for the suppression of usury would not meet the end in view, the proper course being to get the Usurious Loans Act amended by the Central Legislature, which was responsible for it.—A.P.

PERSIAN POET HONOURED

Orientalists Celebrate Millenary Of Firdausi In London

LONDON, Oct. 30.

Orientalists and representatives of Eastern nations including Persian Saudi, Arabian and Nepalese Ministers gathered at the School of Oriental Studies in London in the evening to celebrate the millenary of the Persian poet Firdausi.

Sir Harcourt Butler announced that the Anglo-Persian Oil Company's gift is already mentioned and also that the Aga Khan has given £200 for scholarships in Persian at the School.

Professor J. V. Mackail, presiding offered good wishes for the intellectual and political Anglo-Persian entente.

The Persian Minister on behalf of his Government expressed appreciation of the visit to Persia of Sir Denison Ross and Mr John Drinkwater for the Firdausi celebrations, and a deep gratitude to British Government and the people for joining and celebrating the memory of the poet.—Reuter.

CHURCH DISPUTE IN GERMANY

Hitler Desires Groups To Hold Round Table Conference

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

HERLIN, Oct. 30.

The report that Chancellor Hitler personally received the Bavarian farmers is denied by an official in the Chancellery. It is stated that one of Hitler's subordinates received the deputation, heard their appeal and finally referred them to the Ministry of Interior.

Nothing has yet transpired with regard to the result of Hitler's interview with the opposition Bishops, which lasted nearly two hours. The Bishops are now discussing the situation, and their report will form the basis of discussion of the recently appointed "Council of Brethren", representing the opposition churchmen and their future attitude.

A High Government spokesman interfere in the Church dispute, that Hitler would not personally interfer in the Church dispute, but will leave the work of restoring peace to the Ministry of Interior. Official quarters say Hitler desires the various religious groups to hold a Round Table Conference to arrange peaceful co-operation.

TOO HEAVY FOR AIR MAIL

Select Committee Report Will Be Sent By Boat

LONDON, Oct. 31.

It is learned that copies of the Select Committtee's report will be sent to India by boat, as the weight of the number of copies required for India makes it impossible to use the air mail.

SIMULTANEOUS PUBLICATION OPPOSED.

The Select Committee is meeting at 3 p.m. on Wednesday in order to complete arrangements for the simultaneous publication in England and India of its report, the bulk of which, including minutes of proceedings and evidence, is equivalent to several volumes. The printing will begin immediately after the meeting.

Lord Linlithgow is moving a resolution in the House of Lords authorising the simultaneous publication. Mr. Churchill is opposing the motion in the House of Commons on the ground that the time taken to send the report to India would prevent its discussion in the House of Commons during the present session.

The India Defence League holds that simultaneous publication is unnecessary.—Reuter.

BUS ACCIDENT AT KARACHI

Ten Persons Injured

KARACHI, Oct. 31.

A motor bus accident resulting in injuries to ten persons, two whereof have been detained in the Hospital occurred behind the Karachi District Prison.

It is stated that a passenger bus wanted to overtake a lorry and while doing so, the driver is reported to have swerved a little, when the bus turned over on that side resulting in the accident.—A.P. Special.

A report has been lodged with the police that a theft of about Rs. 9,000 has occurred at the Pattoki branch of the Imperial Bank of India. The police are investigating.—A.P.

Splendid Work Of Volunteers

Men Who Made Congress Success Possible

The perfect orderliness, with which the proceedings of the Indian National Congress were held in Bombay and the thorough arrangements which were made to handle more than five lakhs of visitors who stepped into the Abdul Gaffar Nagar during the Congress week were possible only on account of the tremendous organisation and unquestioned discipline exhibited by the Congress volunteer force under the able guidance of Mr. Yusuf Meherally, the General Officer Commanding.

In spite of severe handicaps and almost insurmountable difficulties under which the whole volunteer force had to labour, the force exhibited remarkabe forbearance and patience in discharging their duties, pacifying and controlling thousands of persons who were handled in a manner which could be respected only from a trained band of self-less and active and energetic young men.

Our representative who had many opportunities of studying the working of the whole force, is able to testify to the all-round satisfaction the young men gave to the thousands of visitors in the discharge of their duties.

A DISCIPLINED FORCE

Right from the time that Mr. Yusuf Meherally, the General Officer Commanding, took charge of organising the volunteers force of the Congress Reception Committee till Tuesday when the Camp at Abdul Gaffar Nagar was disbanded, the volunteers acquitted themselves wonderfully well in spite of the insurmountable difficulties that faced them. They received one month's training and nothing more and they have proved that they could successfully discharge their heavy responsibilities. At Abdul Gaffar Nagar, they were in charge of Watch and Ward, Traffic Control, Crowd Control, Mess, Gaurding the several Camps, Special duty for the leaders, Night Watch, running errands and they bore the brunt of the criticism of delegates and leaders some of whom thought it their right to treat the volunteers with discourtesy.

REMARKABLE PERFORMANCE

Those who saw the splendid way the volunteers managed to control the crowd and kept order on the platform on October 20, when Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan arrived, must have had an idea of what the young men, who came to sacrifice their time and money and to serve, were capable.

Though there were not more than 500 volunteers, on duty for the procession, they managed a crowd of more than two lakhs on the day the President-elect arrived in the city. Very few possibly know that some of the high officers, fainted in the performance of their duties. The volunteers were able to manage things so well on that day that the procession reached its destination without any unhappy incident and in record time.

DIFFICULT TASKS

Few are aware of the difficulties that faced the volunteers, who controlled crowds—a sea of humanity—which began pouring into Abdul Gaffar Nagar and the abuses and scoldings that they received from both the public and some of the high officers of the Reception Committee, for the mere "mistake" of doing their duty as ordered by their higher officers.

The volunteers were dealing with the surging crowd, which often resented being controlled. The volunteers also watched the properties and belongings of all the delegates and visitors that lived in the camps and never allowed any one get inside the Camp unless he or she showed the necessary pass. This was a very hard task entrusted to them, because they, in carrying out the orders of their superior officers were the targets of attack both from some leaders, who thought they had a right to get in whereever they liked without being checked by a mere volunteer and some of the Officers of the Reception Committee, one of whom, I am informed, used violence against one of the volunteers for stopping him from entering the Pandal because he did not show the necessary pass.

This, I am informed, led to difficulties behind the scenes and ultimately ended in nothing because he was a mere volunteer.

ON THE OPENING DAY

On the opening day of the Plenary Session of the Congress, the volunteers were confronted with a very difficult task. Besides the delegates and members of the Reception Committee not less than 60,000 people—men and women—rushed from all parts of the city to get entrance into the pandal. Once they got inside, they tried to move in a body towards the rostrum. It was for the volunteers to control that huge mass of men and not allow them to go beyond a certain line and that was done by pleadings and patient exercise of courtesy, without using one harsh word or violence. It should be admitted that they did it and did it with credit to themselves and the organisation.

While most of them were engaged inside the Pandal and outside guarding the four corners of the Pandal, there were others—who had to see that no thefts occured inside the camps, that no mischief mongers, set fire to the camps. Theirs will be the story of those soldiers, who died unheard unsung and unhonoured but all the while doing their bit for making the whole Congress a success that it ultimately was.

The writer has had the experience of working as volunteer in several Congresses. He can say boldly that the work turned out by the Bombay volunteers, with the limited number they had and the difficulties they had to face, was simply marvellous compared with that done in the past. Some of them had to work for twelve to fourteen hours without food or water. Once he remembers that the volunteers who were guarding the Women Volunteers' Camp, were there from 12 noon till 2 a.m. the next morning. The adjutant Mr. Navin Khandvala, that fine young man, who in spite of the grave illness of his father worked day and night for the success of the organisation personally went to the spot, when he was told about it and relieved them.

Incidents after incidents, which occured during the course of ten days, and which showed what fine young men the volunteers were could be written. It is however, enough to say that despite the difficulties that were facing him and the limited number of volunteers, Mr. Yusuf Meherally was able to manage the Congress—a very huge affair—in such a way as has enhanced the prestige and honour of the city.

BRAZIL BURNS 30 MILLION BAGS OF COFFEE

The National Coffee Department in Brazil is still burning coffee.

It is restricting the amount of coffee for sale and so hoping to ensure a profitable price for the producers.

Nearly 600,000 bags of coffee were destroyed last month, bringing the total to 30,516,949 since the scheme was started.

But, in spite of this wholesale destruction, stocks are increasing at Santos and Rio de Janeiro.

The hopes of the growers and merchants are now pinned on the weather.

They hope that the reported lack of rain in the interior will cause a failure of the crops.

The Bengal Government have forfeited under the Press Emergency Act the Bengal booklet entitled "Mahatma Gandhi O Tanhar Mahattva" (Mahatma and his greatness) as the same contains objectionable matters.—United Press.

G. D. A.

Failed Candidates

DO NOT GAMBLE WITH YOUR CHANCES.

Those desiring to appear for the R.A. Final Examination in 1935, according to the concession granted to them, should take benefit of our Special Classes in the subjects of Economics, Banking, Currency and Foreign Exchange to be held very shortly.

Fees moderate. For further particulars regarding hours of attendance, etc., please call at or write to:—

BATLIBOI'S

ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING INSTITUTE,

Navsari Chambers, Outram Road, BOMBAY.

Interpretation Of Congress Constitution

GANDHIJI'S GUIDANCE ESSENTIAL

Our Readers' Views

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Mahatma Gandhi's Statement, dated 30th October, contains a warning that Congressmen should not write to him for guidance in daily transactions in connection with the Congress. Generally this is acceptable. But there is one very clear exception, viz: the constitutional amendments, which were moved by him and accepted by the delegates because they were moved by him. Mahatmaji himself mentions the exhibition of generosity and faith of the delegates in him. But for the fact that Mahatmaji moved them and explained them, the delegates would hardly have been willing to waive 'their undoubted right of having copies' of the amendments proposed. Again, no member of the Working Committee was on the Special Sub-Committee, which was appointed by the Subjects Committee on 27th October, and which reported to the latter on the morning of 28th October, Mahatmaji was on it and knew the full implications of the proposals of that Committee, which were the proposals moved finally by Mahatmaji at the open session. Among them the "Transitory Provisions" are bound to be very troublesome and Mahatmaji will have to attend to their correct interpretation and proper enforcement.—Yours etc.,

Oct. 31. P.R. LELE.

Chamber And Assembly Election

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter from Mr. Mulraj Karsondas published in your columns this morning, I have just received the following letter from Dr. Chandulal Desai, Vice-President of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee of which Sardar Vallabhbhai is the President and one of the Sardar's close lieutenants regarding the Chamber Election.

I request you to be kind enough to publish the same in your valuable columns at your earliest convenience.—Yours, etc.,

J. C. SETALVAD.

Bombay, 31st October.

My Dear Jivanlal,

I am going away to Broach this morning—otherwise I would have seen you personally. I was really surprised and pained to read Mr. Mulraj's letter in the press. Sardar's name has been brought in unnecessarily. He has nothing to do with the Chamber's election. I had definite talks with the Sardar and he has assured me times over times that as there is no Congress candidate standing on behalf of the Chamber for the Assembly he is supporting none. Personally I can tell you that if at all his sympathies will be in the direction of the Nationalist candidate. You know my relations with the Sardar.

Yours sincerely,

Sd. CHANDULAL M. DESAI.

Bombay 31/10/34.

Women Volunteers And Assembly Election

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Now that the spectacular demonstrations in connection with the Congress are over, will the Congress candidates get busy and do some spade-work in regard to the elections? I wish to repeat my suggestion in regard to securing the votes of East Indians, Anglo-Indians and Israelites. What about employing women volunteers (who did such excellent work for the Congress) for electioneering purposes? I think they will prove very successful.—Yours etc.,

J.P.M.

Assembly Election

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your correspondent "Voter" charges me with "unstrategic retreat" and by your heading, you join him in that charge. Mine, if retreat at all, can only be "unstrategic" because the Congress holds the cup for "strategic retreats," and its latest victory (?) last week at Abdul Gaffar Nagar adds to that honour. It committed "harakiri" in a fit of absence of mind due to high blood pressure due to an overdose of opportunism, and from 'national' political institution it became an enlarged edition—with due apologies to Mr. G. K. Deodhar—of Seva Sadan. One of the items of its new programme is village uplift work, thus imitating the scheme of Sir Frederick Sykes. Imitation by Congress is no flattery.

Your correspondent falls foul of Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta for changing colours often, consistency being the strong point of your correspondent, of whose work we know nothing. I say and repeat that of all candidates who are wooing Bombay, Mr. Jamnadas by his work and worth is tallest, though two of the candidates stand on the shoulders of Congress. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta has been a Congressman all his life. Beside having been a member of the All-India Congress Committee for ten years, he was a member of the Working Committee in 1926. He is no longer "official" Congressman, as Pandit Malaviyaji is not, inspite of his association with Congress for 50 years. His record of service in the Assembly and to Indian Labour, inspite of denial of your correspondent, are worthy of emulation. I do not wish to dilate on the merits of two Congress candidates who are in the field. Suffice it to say that the record of one of them in politics and Congress work is a complete blank and his nomination came as a surprise and shock to Congressmen. As for the other candidate who has been brought in at the last second after the mysterious disappearance of Mr. Nariman, he was for many years a moderate and an opponent of the Congress. His record as an M.L.C. supports what I say. He became suddenly converted to Council Boycott and has recently been as suddenly reconverted to Council Entry. He appears to have no political anchor but drifts where the winds and currents of expediency carry him. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta has been a consistent Congressman throughout his life. He has never let down the country or the Congress creed either inside or outside the Assembly. Both the Working Committee and Mahatma Gandhi are now converted to the Council Entry programme, after their "Council haram hai" fight. Mr. Jamnadas has stood by the Council programme, and it is a feather in his cap that the Congress saw the validity of his stand and is following in his wake.

On comparison and contrast of records of Mr. Jamnadas and the two Congress candidates, it is a matter of regret that the Parliamentary Board should have ignored the claims of Mr. Jamnadas and selected two gentlemen as candidates who have so little claim to that distinction. Mahatma Gandhi claimed the right to canvass for Mr. Aney who has definitely broken away from the Congress on the Communal Award. Why myself cannot canvass for Mr. Jamnadas, without being vilified by your correspondent? I humbly claim the right to recommend Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's claims to one seat in the Assembly as a staunch Nationalist and Congressman, as his services to the country in and out of Legislature are unrivalled by any other candidate and cannot be ignored. The charge that Mr. Jamnadas Mehta is a Sanatanist is untrue. It is a Zinovieff election stunt and discerning voters will know it as such. I know that Mr. Jamnadas has an uphill work, and that is why, I am canvassing for him and appeal for solid support, unrepentent, and with that assurance to your correspondent that I am not afraid of threats,—Yours, etc.

LAKMIDAS ROWJEE TAIRSEE.

Oct. 31.

Is Aluminium Poisonous

To the Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—With reference to Mr. Rama Iyer's letter on Aluminium in your paper of October 31st, I will with pleasure explain why aluminium vessels are inclined to go black in certain parts of India, but I am afraid I cannot deal with the moles, because I am not sure whether he refers to the four legged ones or pigmentation.

When water is slightly alkaline as it is in certain parts of this country, as also in some other parts of the world, aluminium is inclined to turn a blackish colour. This is absolutely harmless and will have no effect whatever on food stored or cooked. But why does Mr. Iyer want to preserve salt in an aluminium container, or any metal container? Does one store shoe polish in a tea-pot?

With regard to my health, I would sooner rely on the opinions of eminent doctors and chemists than the literature mentioned in Mr. Iyer's letter.

I regret to read the wild statement made about stomach and kidney troubles being due to aluminium, and would thank Mr. Iyer to name the doctors who made this statement also to give details of the instances of people who died from eating food preserved in this metal. Mr. Iyer flatters me when he says that it is my theory that aluminium utensils are harmless for cooking purposes. It is not my theory but a proved fact, and I can give the names, dates etc., of investigations held from time to time in practically every country in the world. I would refer Mr. Iyer to Mr. N. P. Gandhi of the Benares Hindu University, a prominent Indian who will vouch for the safety of aluminium. It is very easy for Mr. Iyer to say my statements are bunkum, but it would be more convincing if he was backed up by proof. I have used aluminium utensils for the 18 years I have been in India, and I am afraid the doctors have not made much out of me. It is rather amusing that an earthenware vessel should be quoted, because this clay itself contains aluminium in an appreciable quantity. Practically every food one consumes contains aluminium, and so, especially, does water.

Mr. Iyer's reply to my letter is not convincing and does not carry any weight, but if there are others who feel the same as he does, I am prepared to lodge with your paper Rs. 1,000 for the purpose of paying Indian Chemists' and Doctors' fees to make any analysis they may think fit.

I repeat that Aluminium utensils are used the world over for cooking storing foods, conveying milk etc., and they are used in hospitals and hotels without the slightest suspicion of ill effect, and I defy Mr. Iyer or anybody else to prove to the contrary. I would emphasise that I refer to pure aluminium utensils of well known makes.—Yours etc.

W. M. MARTIN.

October 31.

MARKET FOR MEETINGS

Thana Municipality Sets Controversy At Rest

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Oct. 31.

The controversy raging for the last two months over allowing the Municipal Vegetable Market for holding public meetings under certain conditions was set at rest yesterday evening, when the Thana Municipality carried the following resolution moved by Mr. S. M. Abhyankar:—

"This Board recommends to the Chief Officer to allow the public of Thana the use of the Vegetable Market for the purpose of holding public meetings provided that they are not held under the auspices of an illegal body or that they are not held for spreading or preaching any acts for subverting the Government established by law or for advancing any objectionable principles or tenets against established morals, customs and traditions of the people.

"The Chief Officer should use his discretion and should allow the use of the market without causing any inconvenience to the stall-keepers and if necessary with the permission of the Chairman of the Standing Committee and with previous permission of the market contractor to whom vegetable markets are given on lease by the municipality".

It may be mentioned here that this controversy was raised in the Municipality as a sequel to the President's action in refusing to allow the vegetable market for holding meeting on the occasion of the first death anniversary of Mr. J. M. Sen-Gupta on July 22 last.

BENGAL COUNCIL TO MEET IN DECEMBER

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

His Excellency the Governor has appointed 2 p.m. on Monday, the 10th December for the next meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council.

Mr. J. S. H. Shattock, I.C.S. Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Asansol and Burdwan, has been appointed temporarily to act as Assistant Private Secretary to the Governor of Bengal. It is believed that this is the first time that such an appointment is made in the province.—A.P.

ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS CONFERENCE

Delhi Discusses Provisional Programme

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

A meeting of the King George Thanksgiving (Anti-Tuberculosis) Fund Committee was held on October 26 under the Chairmanship of Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Sir Fazl-i-Hussin. The members of the Committee present were Sir Ernest Burdon, Major-General C. A. Sprawson, Lady Bhore, Lieut-Colonal W. Rose Stawart and Dr. A. R. Mehta the Organising Secretary of the Fund.

The Committee approved of the training course in Tuberculosis which is being arranged by the Organising Secretary of the Fund in Calcutta for a period of 2 to 3 weeks with effect from December 3, 1934, for a class of about 20 fully qualified and registered medical practitioners. The applications have already been invited from the suitable candidates who applied for the "Benito Mussolini" Institute Scholarships and the Inspectors General of Civil Hospitals, Directors of Public Health and Chief Medical Officers of Railways have been requested to recommend candidates who are likely to make the best possible use of this training. The return second class fares of the selected candidates for Calcutta upto a maximum of Rs. 100 for each candidate will be paid by the Fund.

CONFERENCE PROGRAMME

The Provisional programme of the Anti-Tuberculosis Conference which is being organised by the King George Thanksgiving Fund was considered. This Conference will be held on the 21st, 22nd and 23rd November, 1934 in the Red Cross Building, New Delhi and will be attended by the representatives of the Provincial and State Anti-Tuberculosis Committees of the Fund, important Tuberculosis Sanatoria and Public Health Department.

The rules for the Hassan Masud Subhrawardy Anti-Tuberculosis Challenge Shield Competition were also amended. The new rules now allow other organisations, associations and committees doing Anti-Tuberculosis work to compete for this shield provided their eligibility is recognised by the Fund Committee.

POSTERS

A supply of 3,000 copies each of the twelve picture posters and two composite picture posters on cause and Prevention of Tuberculosis published by head quarters was sanctioned for the Punjab Red Cross Branch at half the actual cost. These posters will be distributed to the Junior Red Cross groups in the Punjab by the Provincial Committee. In view of the large number of requisitions being received the Committee also sanctioned the printing of another 5,000 copies each of these charts.

GRANT TO WANLESS SANATORIUM

The Committee also sanctioned a sum of Rs. 224 for the Sir William Wanless Tuberculosis sanatorium, Miraj, for holding a special course of lectures and demonstrations in Tuberculosis for the students of Miraj Medical School.—United Press.

PARLIAMENTARY LEADERS' TOUR

LAHORE, Oct. 31.

An unexpected change in the programme of Mr. Bulabhai Desai, General Secretary, Parliamentary Board, who was to have arrived here from Jullundur this afternoon and addressed a meeting at Bradlaugh Hall in support of the Congress nominee in the election to the Legislative Assembly from the Lahore division (for which polling takes place here to-morrow) led to an unrehearsed effect.

Owing to the change in the programme at Jullundur Mr. Bhulabhai Desai could not arrive at Lahore in time and the meeting was cancelled, but the large crowd that had assembled at Bradlaugh Hall by 5 p.m. elected one of its members as President and passed a resolution calling on the electorate to support not the Congress candidate, but his opponent.

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will arrive tomorrow morning.—A.P.

POVERTY LEADS TO SUICIDE

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

Driven by abject poverty Sailendra Nath Bose (aged 20) a fourth year science student of Vidyasagar College committed suicide by taking potassium cyanide.—United Press.

The Bengal Government have declared Narayen Sen of Dewar Bazar, Chittagong as a proclaimed offender under the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act 185.—United Press.

TOWARDS BETTER RACIAL RELATIONS

Europeans, Natives And Indians Meet Together

ETWAH, Oct. 31.

For the first time in the history of South Africa Europeans, Natives, Indian and coloured people met in a single conference room to discuss common problems, when the first Natal Regional Conference of South African Institute of Race Relations was held in the Council Chamber of the Durban Town Hall recently. This is the news received by the local Indian Colonial Association.

Mr. Maurice Webb presided over the deliberations, which have been described as "the most remarkable meeting ever held in this country", and the Mayor Dr. Copley welcomed the delegates from nearly 30 different organisations.

The proceedings of the conference began in the morning and lasted throughout the day.

Besides officials of the Institute itself, there were representatives of the various inter-racial joint councils, the municipalities of Durban and Maritzburg religious bodies of every denominations and a number of other organisations interested in racial and social work.—United Press.

ALLEGED MURDER OF FOREST OFFICER

Charred Bones Lead To Detection Of Crime

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, Oct. 31.

About a dozen witnesses have been examined so far in the Sessions Trial, which is proceeding before Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, and a jury on a charge of having murdered Vishnu Hari Sant, a Forest Officer, on May 21 last.

Mr. B. H. Shringarpure, Public Prosecutor, appears for the Crown, while Mr. C. T. Randive appears for the first and second accused and Mr. M. K. Pradhan for the third accused.

The accused were committed to the Sessions Court by Mr. M. K. Jadhav, the Sub-Divisional Magistrate for Bhiwandi Prant at Thana, after recording evidence of 24 witnesses, including the Professor of Anatomy, who opined that the charred bones before the Court, belonged to a human being and were probably of a male adult person.

The prosecution story is that on the evening of May 21 last Vishnu Hari Sant, the deceased, rebuked the accused Thakurs for having set the forest on fire. On their denial Sant took them to task and slapped the third accused on his face. Enraged at the Forest Officer's attitude, the three accused beat him with sticks as a result of which Sant died on the spot. They removed the dead body to an isolated place, and, after covering it under leaves, returned home. Three days later with the help of other people in the village the accused took the corpse during the night and left in the jungle with a view to absolve themselves from the heinous crime. Eight days thereafter the remains of the deceased were again secretly removed to another place and the bones were burnt. In the course of the investigation by the sub-inspector of Kinhawli police, the charred human bones were found. The first and second accused made "confessions" before the Magistrate.

VILLAGE RE-CONSTRUCTION

Capt. Petaval To Discuss Schemes In Poona

(From A Correspondent.)

POONA, (By Mail.)

Under the Auspices of the Rural Reconstruction Association, it is proposed to organise a series of meetings for the discussion of the important subject of rural reconstruction.

Pioneers are in the field to give a practical demonstration of the way in which we can tackle the two problems viz., of Rural Reconstruction and "Unemployment" together. They appeal earnestly to all thoughtful people to take some trouble to get to know about and understand how these problems can be dealt with together.

AMERICAN LEAD.

The Swiss have made an organisation employing "Unemployables" pay. The example they have given is full of instructive and practical lessons for us. The Americans have placed a bill before their Senate for the final solution of the whole problem of unemployment. They have already accomplished wonderful things on the lines indicated by that bill. This has practical lessons to India.

A group of Rural Reconstruction Workers realising these facts are organising this series of meetings with the object of having an exchange of ideas with and securing, if possible, the cooperation of the people who have studied the problem and who have genuine desire to actively assist in its solution.

VADGAON COLONY.

Capt. J. W. Petaval R.E. (retd.) who has carefully studied the problem of poverty and unemployment for over 30 years whose ideas are incorporated in the Bill now before the American Senate for the removal of unemployment, and who has decided to try his Educational Colony idea in connection with the Rural Reconstruction work going on at Vadgaon Kd. (Taluka Haveli, Dist. Poona) situated about 7 miles from Poona city, will take an active part in these discussions.

In order that the discussion may be kept within proper limits and prove of maximum benefit, those intending to attend the meetings are recommended to go through the three pamphlets on the subject written by Capt. J. W. Petaval. The set of these three pamphlets (60 pp. 48 pp. & 30 pp.) can be had for three annas at the office of the Association.

The meetings will be held on Thursday the 8th; Sunday the 11th; Saturday the 17th; Sunday the 18th; Wednesday the 21st and Sunday the 25th of November, 1934. The time of the meeting will ordinarily be from 4 p.m. to 5-30 p.m.

A brief outline of the subject of each meetings' discussion will be available at least a couple of days before the day of each meeting.

J. B. Petit Gives Evidence In Case Against Mother

Tells Court He Had No Knowledge Of Sale Of Ornaments Besides That Of Necklace

Mr. Jehangir B. Petit was cross-examined at length on Wednesday by Mr. Sukhia, Counsel for the first accused, before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, Bombay, in the case in which Mrs. Goolbai Petit, Mrs. Dinbai Petit and Mr. Pherozshah Petit are charged with cheating in respect of certain jewellery by the Bank of India.

In his cross-examination, Mr. J. B. Petit, said that he gave information for the prosecution very recently possibly a month or two ago, but orally it was given to them a long time back. He must have given the information to Mr. Grey of the Bank of India about the time this prosecution was filed.

Q:—Besides Mr. Grey did you give the information to anybody else?

A: Yes. I saw Mr. Captain in Mr. Grey's presence and gave him such information as I had at the time this prosecution was launched.

Q: Nobody else?—No.

Further questioned by Mr. Sukhia, witness stated that he had not seen Mr. F. E. Dinshaw with regard to the case nor had he any talk with him pertaining to it. He did not take Mr. Bhide to him. When public examination of his mother was going on in the insolvency court, witness did not say anything to anybody with regard to her ornaments. He had previously told Mr. Grey that his mother possessed considerable quantity of jewellery, and he might have told Mr. Grey that he had seen goswallas (earrings) in March 1930.

When asked about his relationship with Mr. Dhanjibhai, witness stated, that he was on hostile terms with Mr. Dhanjibhai, but not with his family. He was not present at the time of the marriage of the daughters of Dhanjibhai, but he knew that his mother (accused No. 1) made small presents to them worth about 30 to 40 rupees during their birthday. He did not know if his mother gave any presents to them during the wedding day.

A CONSENT DECREE

Continuing witness said that besides the sale of the necklace bought from Anandji Nanji, his mother never told him about the sale of any other ornaments. In October 1930 a suit, No. 2270/1930 was filed by the Bank of India against him and his mother and in that suit Messrs. Payne & Co. represented him. A decree was obtained by the Bank of India in January 1931 against him and his mother, but it was a consent decree as far as he was concerned. In the same suit his mother obtained a similar decree against him. The Bank of India never took any steps to recover the decreed amount from him. As a security for other loans which he had to pay to the same Bank, he had pledged with the Bank 280 shares of the Framji Petit Mills and the 210 shares of the Maneckji Petit Mills. It was quite possible, witness added, that the aggregate market value of the 280 shares mentioned by him was Rs. 84,000 and that of the 210 shares was 2,10,000, in 1930.

Mr. Jehangir B. Petit, in answer to further questions, replied that it was true that his mother called upon him to pay the amount of the decree passed against him in her favour and she later on got him examined in court on April 1931.

NO BUSINESS DEALINGS.

Dealings with the transactions which witness had with Mr. Bhide, witness stated that he had no business dealings with this person and that he was not in a position to say how long he had known him. Bhide came to him inquiring about the jewels. But he could not fix the time when he first met this gentleman. Witness had spoken to Mr. Colah and the late Sir Dinshaw Petit about this interview and whether he had spoken about it to anybody else, witness was not sure. Mr. Colah was the common friend of the family and witness was constantly consulting him on various matters and when Bhide came to him for the purchase of the jewellery, he had spoken to his mother on the 'phone and the annoying reply he received from her made him to narrate his grievance to Mr. Colah. He was annoyed because of the conversation he overheard between his mother and accused No. 3 on the 'phone about the question of jewellery.

Court—Why did you forget to refer to the presence of accused No. 3 in your examination-in-chief?

Witness—I was not asked specifically about it.

HIS FATHER'S DEED.

"Under the deed of settlement", continued the witness, "made by my father, the trustees had to pay me 4 lakhs of rupees on the death of my father. I have been paid 2 lakhs and the balance is still due".

Witness said when further cross-examined, that in July 1933 an application for his insolvency was made by the official assignee of accused No. 1 at the instigation of accused Nos. 2 and 3. By 1934, witness had agreed to the proposal that the balance of money payable to him by the trustees should be paid over to the official assignee of accused No. 1. The official assignee did not take it although he asked them half a dozen times.

Question—I think what you said about the official assignee is absolute falsehood.

A—Not a bit of it. What I said is absolutely correct.

Witness also said that he opposed the petition for his insolvency and that the Bank of India supported him, but he was adjudicated insolvent in 1934.

Further hearing has been postponed till next Friday.

Mr. F. J. Coltman and Mr. Homi Banaji appeared for the prosecution while Messrs Sukhia, N. T. Jungalwalla and Lam appeared for the defence respectively.

PRISONERS ESCAPE FROM JAIL

Warders Get 2 Years S. I. For Negligence Of Duty

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

Five Warders of the Alipore Central Jail named Ruth Singh Pandeo, Tewary Gulzar Lall, Sepathi Pande and Sadasuk Dikshit were awarded each sentence of two years simple imprisonment by the Sub-Divisional Officer Alipore, for negligently allowing four undertrial prisoners in the Inter-Provincial Conspiracy Case to escape from the Jail on July 31.

Of the four escapades Haripanda Dey has since been arrested while the other three are still at large. The Magistrate remarked that the circumstances of the case and escape of political prisoners in broad day light raise a presumption that the accused were bribed by the political prisoners.

He remarked that deterrent sentence was necessary to make the jail staff alive to their responsibility. Sentences of Gulzarilal and Sadasuk who are convict overseers are to take effect after the expiry of the sentences they are undergoing.— United Press.

B. S. N. Co.'s Pleasure Cruises

PROGRAMME FOR "DIWALI" HOLIDAYS.

Saturday,	3rd	Nov. xx	Round Elephanta	3-30 p.m.—7-30 p.m.
Sunday,	4th	Nov. x	Round "Dufferin"	6-15 p.m.—7-30 p.m.
Tuesday,	6th	Nov. xx	Dharamtar Creek	9-00 a.m.—1-30 p.m.
Tuesday,	6th	Nov. xx	Round Elephanta	3-30 p.m.—7-30 p.m.
Wednesday,	7th	Nov. xxx	Isle of Kennery	9-00 a.m.-12-30 p.m.
Thursday,	8th	Nov. xx	Ulwa Creek	9-00 a.m.—1-30 p.m.
Thursday,	8th	Nov. xx	Round Elephanta	3-30 p.m.—7-30 p.m.
Sunday,	11th	Nov. xx	Dharamtar Creek	9-00 a.m.—1-30 p.m.
Sunday,	11th	Nov. xx	Isle of Nahawa	3-30 p.m.—7-30 p.m.

Fare per person: x Re. 1|- xx Rs. 1-8-0. xxx Rs. 2|-.

CHILDREN UNDER 12 AT HALF RATES

MUSIC: DRINKS & LIGHT REFRESHMENTS at TARIFF RATES. Tickets will be sold at Apollo Bunder at the time of embarkation.

*NOTE:—The steamer for the Isle of Kennery will leave from Ballard Pier (Mole Station). Passengers will enter and leave through Green Gate. Tickets will be sold at the time of embarkation.

CONGRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

Photographs of all typical and momentous incidents of the 48th Indian National Congress, which was held at the Abdul Gaffar Nagar, taken in artistic style, are available now at our Studio.

Fifty highly finished prints in an Album can be had at moderate rate of Rs. 15 only. For further particulars call at, or apply to:

KOWSHIK & RAO,
Art Photographers, 241, Girgaum Road, BOMBAY.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY
Know Your Future Scientifically

The capacity of the Astrologer requires no new introduction, as he is already known to a long list of clientele in India. Consultation personally or by post. Visiting hours: 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.

CHARGES TO SUIT ALL POCKETS

Information required: Date of birth and time or copy of horoscope in any language.

Apply:—
B. R. SREENIVASIAH,
Mysore Astrologer,
8-10, Bora Bazar Street, (Holi Chakla),
2nd Floor, Fort, BOMBAY.

SAFEGUARD YOURSELF
AND BE
HAPPY
Accounts of women
and children are welcomed at the Central Bank of India, Ltd.
Safeguard the future of your family by opening Saving accounts and buying Cash Certificates.
Inquire about our Insurance Scheme—it is for your benefit.
The Central Bank of India Ltd.
Head Office:- BOMBAY.
S. N. POCHKHANAWALA, Managing Director.

Take
CASTOPHENE
The World's Best Laxative

It tastes as good as chocolate. It ensures *complete* inner cleanliness. It is so safe, so gentle, that it will not disturb the most delicate stomach. In bottles of 25, 50 and 100 chocolates from your chemists.

CASTOPHENE MANUFACTURING CO. KARACHI.
Agents:—CHIMANLAL VADILAL CO., Princess Street, BOMBAY.

BRYTOL METAL POLISH LIQUID & PASTE
REPLACES A LONG FELT WANT
Brightens all Metal Wares.
LILY CHEMICAL WORKS,
CALCUTTA
Mangaldas Market, Bombay 2.

SOCIALISM, THE ONLY CURE

Labour Must Mobilise Against "Award"

NAGPUR, Oct. 30.

Mr. R. S. Ruikar, President, Nagpur Textile Union and the G.I.P. Railway Workmen's Union says:—

"Neither the Hindu nor the Mohomedan masses have any thing to gain by communalism and, therefore, it is the bounden duty of all lovers of labour and Nationalism to oppose the Award tooth and nail both on the floor of the Assembly and in the Country. An effective and practical economic programme of mass action of Socialism will alone rally round the Hindu and Mohomedan masses in the nation's fight for freedom. Communal Unity in India is only possible on the basis of an economic programme of socialism and a bold and courageous lead to the masses on such basis alone will establish effective and permanent communal harmony.

Labour has everything to lose and nothing to gain by the Communal Award. Labour, therefore, must raise its voice of protest against the Award.—United Press.

VILE PARLE MUNICIPALITY

Rate-Payers' Petition To Be Heard On Friday

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, Oct. 30.

November 2 has been fixed by Mr. M. C. Kavishwar, the Assistant Judge of Thana, for hearing arguments in the petition filed by Dr. Sawlaram Govind Newrekar, a rate-payer, against the Vile Parle Municipality for entering his name as a voter in the electoral roll.

The petitioner says that because the President of the municipality extended by a week the time limit for filing applications in connection with the revision of the voters' list, his pleader Mr. J. V. Rajadhyaksha submitted his application before the extended period (September 20) and not prior to September 13. The president's action in not adding his name in the Voters' list was therefore illegal.

The President of the Municipality, in the course of his written statement, says that he granted the request of one of the councillors to extend the period of receiving enrolment forms in the 'bona-fide' belief that there was nothing irregular or illegal in his action, but the general board later decided that the applications received after September 13 should not be considered as the extension was objectionable.

THE COMMUNAL PROBLEM

(Continued from page 6.)

give only a few names by way of illustration—should be approached to become its active members. The membership should be open to Europeans and Government servants as well. The object of the Organisation should be to attain a real and permanent understanding between the various communities and not merely a temporary compromise for political considerations. The following are some of the means which can be adopted to achieve its end.

(1) Formation of social clubs all over the country, affiliated to one another, where men and women of all the communities could meet together.

(2) Institution of sports clubs comprising of members from all communities.

(3) Study of religion and culture of one community by another and organisation of lectures all over the country, bringing out the common features in the cultures of the different communities. And

(4) Founding of common educational institutions.

Cosmopolitan Institutions

I attach very great importance to (2), (3) and (4) above. Nothing has done more to create bad-blood and ill-feeling than the ignorance of each other's religion and culture, the foundation of denominational institutions and the formation of sports clubs on communal lines. It should be the effort of the Central Organization and its associate branches to discourage communal institutions of all descriptions. It is perhaps too much to expect, but I firmly believe that if the Hindu University of Benares and the Muslim University of Aligarh were to amalgamate themselves to form one organisation, we would have gone a very great way towards the achievement of the Hindu-Muslim unity. Similarly, efforts should be made to substitute national institutions in the place of communal ones wherever they exist. This will not only result in bringing about national unity, but also in effecting economies and a better use of our monetary sources. At present there is a good deal of waste in running our educational institutions and an over-lapping of activities. Instead of running our institutions on communal lines and teaching every possible subject in each of them, we can form national schools and colleges with specialization of subjects at different places and thus consolidate our material resources.

The suggestions made above are by no means exhaustive, but they are merely illustrative, and I am sure that if our leaders put their heads together they can easily evolve something tangible. The progress is bound to be necessarily slow and we should not expect too much in the beginning, but if we persist in our efforts no one will doubt that ultimately a unified India will be the inevitable result.

DISCONTENT AMONG RAILWAY WORKERS

Deputation To Dohad Loco Superintendent

(From A Correspondent.)

DOHAD, Oct. 30.

As a sequel to the refusal to make payment before Diwali holidays, restriction over water supply, foreign passes, adjustment of leave rules, differential medical treatment etc., great discontent has prevailed among the B.B. and C.I. Railway workers at Dohad, but wise counsel prevailed among the authorities in time, and the local Railway Union also intervened, as a result of which Mr. T. D. Macintosh the Loco Works Superintendent received a deputation consisting of about dozen workmen representatives from the various shops. Mr. Shrinathsing Thakore a workman led the deputation.

Mr. Nandurbarker, the spokesman of the deputationists placed the whole case of the workers before the authorities and at last the authorities agreed to make payment before Diwali Holidays, and as regards other subjects, the Superintendent noted the points, which he promised to forward to the head-quarters for their consideration.

Strong agitation is going on. Three huge public meetings were held this week in which Mr. Nandurbarker, addressing the men exhorted them to unite and to make preparation within a month's time even to face the crisis, if no better treatment is meted out to the workmen.

A resolution demanding full month's pay instead of for 27 days was passed and forwarded to the authorities whose reply is awaited.

S. AFRICAN AGENT'S SERVICES

ETAWAH, Oct. 30.

Mr. Prem Narain Agrawal, General Secretary of Indian Colonial Association states that information has been received in his office from South Africa that a cable has been sent to the Viceroy and Governor-General of India by Mr. A. I. Kajee, Secretary of the South African Indian National Congress asknowledging the devoted services in the cause of the Indian Community of Kunwar, Sir Maharaj Singh the Agent-General of the Government of India in South Africa and requesting the extension of the term of his office.

The request has been made because he has acquainted himself thoroughy with their conditions and has succeeded in his efforts to bring better relations between the communities.—United Press.

POLITICAL CRISIS IN EGYPT

(Continued from page 6.)

demanded a return to the 1923 constitution, a free election for Parliament with a temporary Ministry of Wafdists to carry on in the meantime.

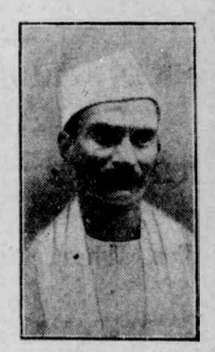
British Anxiety

English officers are anxiously watching the present troubled political situation and it appears that the English statesmen feel that a Council of Regency will not be successful unless it is backed by a popular Ministry. The people's good-will is considered necessary and it is known that the people do not want the present Government. It is considered prudent that people of weight outside the Wafd should also be associated with the Wafdists in the Ministry. But as a condition precedent to all this the Wafd demands the Constitution of 1923.

Yahya Pasha the present head of the Government feels the instability of his regime and has frequently discussed the question of Regency with his Ministry. It may sound surprising but Yahya Pasha has no desire to continue in office. He has wanted to be relieved for some months past, but owing to the King's illness the question had been postponed. Among the factors responsible for the Prime Minister's desire are dissensions among ministers and differences with Yahya Pasha himself.

The English are favouring the idea of a Regency because they do not want to be held responsible for happenings in the meantime. They want to continue to appear impartial.

The Verdict of the President



I am so pleased to see the factory where electric fans and other electrical accessories are turned out. It is a great Swadeshi enterprise and the fans produced by this factory should replace the very large number of foreign fans that are imported. I understand the price compares favourably with and the running expenses are very much less than in that of foreign fans. These ought to be sufficient inducement if any inducement apart from their being Swadeshi is needed, for Indians to purchase India fan. I wish the factory great success that it deserves.

Rajendra Prasad
3-8-32

3rd August 1932
Phone PK 321

Manufacturers
The India Electric Works Limited
25 South Road, Entally Cal. Tel. Manufacks

Sole Agents & Distributors:
KAYCEE & Co., Ltd.
AJAM BUILDING, BALLARD ESTATE, FORT, BOMBAY.

Eggs for Hatching

Rs. 6/-, Rs. 12/-, Rs. 18/-, Rs. 24/- PER DOZ.

WHITE LEGHORNS, BLACK MINORCAS, R. I. REDS,
AUSTRALORPS, LIGHT SUSSEX, WYANDOTTES,
BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS, JERSEY GIANTS.
SILVER SPANGLED HAMBURGHS, CAMPINES,
LIGHT BRAHMAS, JAPANESE BANTAMS,
BLACK ROSE COMBS, BUFF COCHINS.

SEND FOR FREE PRICE LIST.

The Asian Poultry Farm
11, Connaught Road, (BC) POONA.

PROCURER'S CODE

Nagpur C. I. D. Follow Clue Successfully

NAGPUR, Oct. 31.

Over forty coded messages saying "Machine ready, goods held up for want of money" despatched to various places in Sind, United Provinces and Central India furnished the clue, which enabled the Nagpur C.I.D. to trace a gang of ten person engaged in enticing away young girls and after transferring them to Cawnpore, the Head-quarters of the gang, selling them off in marriage. Two such girls, who were thus being enticed away got suspicious and managed to escape from the custody of the miscreants under cover of darkness and reported the matter to the Police.

One of the members of the gang, when brought to book turned approver and eight-accused were sentenced on October 27, by the District and Sessions Judge, Raipur to undergo rigorous imprisonment ranging from 3 to 13 years.—United Press.

HONOUR TO GUJARAT SCHOLAR

(From A Correspondent).

NADIAD, (By Mail).

Chhaganlal Harilal Pandya, a well-known scholar of Gujarat, the translator of Kavi Bana's famour "Kadambari" from Sanskrit into Gujarati, and one of the most trusted officials of the Junagadh State, was honoured by his community at Nadiad on Sunday, his seventy-sixth birthday.

Maganlal L. Vhora, retired Sub-Judge of Baroda and the Vice-President of "The Nadiad Vadnagra Nagar Brahman Samaj," presided. The proceedings commenced with a prayer-song sung by Mrs. Sudhadevi Pandya.

Messrs. Chandrashankar Pandya and Purushottambhai Desai, paid tributes to the services of Mr. Pandya to Gujarati literature.

SCHOLAR'S JOYS

The president garlanded the guest after a short congratulatory speech. Mr. Pandya gave a very feeling reply and thanked the Nagar Samaj in general and Mr. Chandrashankar Pandya in particular for organising the function. He showed great joy at the sight of a gathering of men and women of his own caith and kin assembled to appreciate his work.

LALIMLI
SPORTS TWEEDS
IN THE MOST UP-TO-DATE ATTRACTIVE DESIGNS
PRICE FROM RS. 2/6 PER YARD
FREE PATTERNS FROM
DEPT. 51

The CAWNPORE
WOOLLEN MILLS
REPRESENTATIVES CAWNPORE
Messrs. KAPURCHAND & Co.
23, Princess Street, BOMBAY.

Latest Commerical News

FURTHER FALL OF 8 PTS. IN NEW YORK COTTON

Traders Adopting A Waiting Attitude

SLIGHTLY REACTIONARY DECLINE IN CROSSRATES

Bullion, Wheat, Linseed And Rubber Easy

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.

On Wednesday, the sterling dollar and the sterling franc crossrates marked a slightly reactionary tendency after a steady opening around previous closing rates.

NEW YORK COTTON DULL AND FEATURELESS.

The New York cotton market ruled dull and featureless. There was no change in the spot situation. Traders have adopted a waiting attitude. The undertone was weak.

GOLD AND SILVER EASIER.

London gold and silver prices were easier than yesterday.

WHEAT AND LINSEED WEAK.

Wheat and linseed developed a further decline on account of good crop prospects. Disappointed bulls were sellers. The undertone was weak.

TIN QUIET AND RUBBER EASY.

Tin was quiet. Rubber was easy but Jute ruled steady.

The London Stock Exchange displayed improved feeling on better enquiry. Giltedged securities developed good strength on fairly active trading. The New York Stock Exchange was steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(December 1934)

New York, Oct. 31.

Previous closing	12.21
To-day's opening	12.18
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	12.13
Difference	—.08

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(January 1934)

Liverpool, Oct. 31.

Previous closing	6.62
To-day's opening	6.61
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.60
Difference	—.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May Rs. 208-8

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 31.

The uncertainty surrounding the Government's plans for the next year's crop continued to restrict enterprise and traders displayed much hesitancy in entering into fresh commitments pending definite results in that direction. The situation in spot also hampered operations to a considerable extent with the result that there was nothing to stir the market up into a state of speculative activity.

Textile reports were however encouraging but prices were not materially affected by this fact.

Business in December commenced at 12.18 i.e. 3 points lower than the previous closing. Trading was very quiet in the absence of enquiry and prices fluctuated in a narrow margin with very little business passing.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 12-13 with a decline of 8 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 31.

The following were the opening ranges.

December	(12.23/12.23)	12.18/12.17
January	(12.27/12.26)	12.20/12.20
March	(12.28/12.27)	12.23/12.23

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 31.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American January	(6.64) 6.60
American March	(6.60) 6.56
Egyptian January	(8.13) 8.04
Egyptian March	(8.17) 8.08

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 31. 10-30 p.m.

Broach A-M. moved around Rs. 209-8 at night. The rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 209-6 with New York futures about 4 points down.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct 30

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent £68

Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later £84 7/8

Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later £96 3/4

Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 £111 1/4

Consols 2 1/2 per cent £82 5/8

Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 £105 7/8

War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 £104 7/8

Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £116 1/8

Victory Bonds 4 per cent £114 1/8

Chartered Bank of I A and China £216

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg) £133 1/2

National Bank of India £46 1/4

P and O Banking Corporation £10 3/4

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Oct. 31.

Previous closing	4.98 3/4
To-day's opening	4.98 3/4
To-day's closing	4.97 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Oct. 31.

Previous closing	4.98 1/2
To-day's opening	4.98 1/2
To-day's closing	4.97 3/4
Difference	—.00 3/4

FRANC RATE

London, Oct 31.

Previous closing	75.65
To-day's opening	75.65
To-day's closing	75.50
Difference	—.15

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 31.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.98 1/2 and then advanced to 4.98 7/8 but due to the absence of demand the rate subsequently fell back to 4.98 1/8. The franc opened at 75.65 and then went as higher as 75.71 but thereafter the rate slid back to 75.59.

The sterling dollar crossrate finally closed at 4.97 3/4.

The sterling franc crossrate finally closed at 75.50.

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 31.

The market closed steady.

	Last price.	To-day's price
Spot	23 9/16d.	23 3/8d.
Forward	23 11/16d.	23 7/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 31.

Gold (£6-19-10 1/2) £6-19-7

BULLION

London, Oct. 31.

Influx (£63,000) nil

Withdrawal (nil) nil

Silver Spot (23 9/16d.) 23 3/8d.

Gold per ounce (£6-19-10 1/2) £6-19-7

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct. 31.

3 months (11/16 to 11/16 .pc.) 9/16 to 5/8 p.c.

4 months (11/16 to 3/4 p.c.) 5/8 to 11/16 p.c.

6 months 3/4 to 13/16 p.c.) 3/4 to 3/4 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 31. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/16) 1-6 1/16

Paris on Bombay (5.70) 5.70

New York on Bombay (37.43) 37.60

Berlin on Bombay (0.93 1/4) 0.93 1/4

London on Milan (58.18) 58.21

London on Shanghai (1-4) 1-4

London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-2 1/16

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct. 31.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 64/11, 64/14 and 65/1. Prices early weakened owing to disappointing advices from abroad which induced fairly good liquidation with the first settlement touching Rs. 64/3 but subsequently on comparatively better London cables the market recovered on some speculative buying and closed at Rs. 64/8, 64/11 and 64/14.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/11, 34/12 and 34/13. The market was moderately active on some scattered buying but later some reaction followed on higher sterling however some weakness in the sterling induced some local and banks to buy and prices closed at Rs. 34/12, 34/13 and 34/14.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 31.

Liverpool wheat opened with December at 61, March 63 and May 64 1/2. Prices eased on liquidation and some disappointed selling despite better cables from abroad.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 31.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 95 1/2, May 94 5/8 and July 88 7/8. The market was quiet in the absence of speculative activity with traders adopting a waiting attitude.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct. 31.

Argentine linseed opened steady with November at 11.54. Prices weakened on better crop prospects which induced considerable liquidation with the price standing at 11.54 at noon.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 31.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. to-day.

METALS.

Tin (£229 1/2 buyers £229 3/4 sellers) £229 3/8 buyers £229 1/2 sellers. Irregular.

Lead (£10 3/4 buyers. No sellers. Steady) unquoted. Barely steady.

Electrolytic Copper (£31 1/4 to £32) £30 1/2 to £31 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0.10 1/4) 0.10 1/2

Indian Pekoe higher (1-5 3/4) 1-5 3/4

Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-1) 2-4

JUTE

Crop Oct-Nov. new crop (£15 1/16 paid and buyers) £15 1/8 paid and value.

Dunlop Nov. (£17 1/2) £17 1/2 sellers

Lightening Nov. (£16 1/4) £16 1/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (6 3/4) 6 3/8 paid and value.

Jan-March (6 7/8) 6 1/2 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay (£10 7/8) £10 7/8 sellers

Linseed Calcutta Oct-Nov. (£10 3/4 sellers) £10 5/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata Oct-Nov. (£9 5/8 sellers) £9 1/8 sellers.

Groundnuts Coromandal Nov (£10 5/8) £10 7/8 sellers.

LIVERPOOL WOOL AUCTION

FIRST DAY.

Liverpool, Oct. 31.

"Wool offered 4,950 bales. Withdrawn 2,650 bales. Opening rather disappointing. White barely firm—others unchanged to slightly dearer. No demand from America."

A well-known firm in Bombay has received the above telegram from their Liverpool friends.

BOLD BLUE LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Bombay, Oct. 31.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6	0	3
Rates at 12-0 noon	5	15	6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	5	15	6
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	5	15	3
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	5	15	6
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	5	15	0
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	5	15	0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 31. 10-30 p.m.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat January	3	13	9
Wheat May	4	3	0
Linseed May	5	15	9

The tone was quiet.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Oct 31

Central India	92 bales
Barsi-Nugger	315 bales
N W Provinces	49 bales
Sind-Punjab	172 bales
Compta-Dharwar	1,008 bales
Western-Northerns	306 bales
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	275 bales
Egyptians	793 bales
East Africans	54 bales
Total cotton	3,064 bales
Wheat	1,861 cwts
Linseed	1,086 cwts
Rape, Rai and Mustard Seeds	607 cwts
Gingellyseed	356 cwts
Poppyseed	120 cwts
Groundnuts	2,895 cwts
Castorseed	984 cwts
Rice	13,851 cwts
Myrabollams	1,890 cwts
Cottonseed	2,459 cwts
Gram	1,059 cwts
Joowar	257 cwts
Maize	22 cwts
Barley	398 cwts.
Bajree	1,460 cwts
Coal	2,967 tons

TENDERS FOR STERLING.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

On Wednesday, the 31st October 1934, tenders to the amount of £1,370,000 at 1s. 6 1/16d. were received and allotted approximately 73 per cent. £1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Monday the 5th November 1934 on the same conditions as previously announced.

CONVERSION LOANS SHOWING OUTSTANDING STRENGTH

RUBBER SHARES WEAK IN SYMPATHY WITH COMMODITY

Rubber Regulation Committee Adjourned Without Reaching Conclusion

LARGE AMOUNT OF PROFIT-TAKING IN COPPER

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 31.

On the Stock Exchange Giltedged securities although closing under the best, remained very firm, 3 1/2 per cent war loan at 105 1/8 and 3 1/2 per cent conversion loan at 106 1/4 showing outstanding strength.

Rubber shares weakened in sympathy with the commodity but other sections were generally brighter. Kaffirs especially further strengthened.

In commodities rubber weakened owing to the adjournment of the International regulation Committee without reaching any conclusion but closing quotations, although well below yesterday's levels, were above the lowest.

Copper, after some hesitation, eased sharply owing to large amount of profit-taking.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 31.

The 3 1/2 p.c Indian sterling loan closed at £96 1/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 31. 3-30 p.m.

Market generally were in a brighter sentiment. Giltedgeds were strong and active. Industrials in general were steady but business was restricted. Rubber shares were weak.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (£82 1/2) £82 3/4

4 per cent Government Loan (£105 7/8) £106 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£113 1/2) £113 5/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£116 1/8) £116 1/4

6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£104 7/8) £105 1/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 1/8) £114 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Brazilian Traction (d : 11 3/8) dol 11 3/8

International Holding (dol 1 1/2) dol 1 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 4 3/4) dol 4 3/4

Musical Industries (30-0) 30-0

Princhin Johnson (41-0) 41-6

Imperial Chemical Defd (35-0) 35-0

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-0) 9-0

Woolsworth New Ord (112-6) 113-0

Swadesni Match (7-3) 8-3

Dunlop Rubber (47-7 1/2) 46-9

University Ordinary (22-6) 22-6

Ford Motors (38-7 1/2) 39-1 1/2

Cables and Wireless (7 1/2) 7 1/2

British American Tobacco (117-4 1/2) 117-4 1/2

Camera "A" (£7 1/4) £7 1/4

Imperial Tobacco Ord (131-3) 133-6

P and O S N Co Defd (18-0) 18-0

Distillers (91-3) 91-3

Bredrurd Dyers (10-3) 9-9

British Celonese (10-4 1/2) 10-1 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (64-0) 63-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (45-4 1/2) 46-0

Fine Cotton Spinners (8-3) 8-3

Wickers Ltd. Ordinary £10 1/2) 10 1/2

Inter Nickels (23 7/8) 23 1/2

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-6) 5-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£110) £110

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western Ord (£51 3/4) £51 3/4

L M S Ford (£21) £21

L N E R Defd (£7 3/4) £7 3/4

Southern Dutch (£21 3/8) £21 3/8

Landing Pass 5 p.c. Stock (£129 1/2) £129 1/2

London 'G' Stock (£87) £87

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (245-0) 246-3

Godul (172-6) 176-3

Moddar New (75-0) 76-3

Sub Nigel (218-9) 220-0

Spring Mines (160-0) 162-6

Union Corporation (136-9) 136-9

JUTE SHARES QUIET

Limited Business In Teas

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

Jute shares closed quiet with somewhat restricted inquiry and lower prices. Coals ruled quiet throughout the day and at the close weakened on account of lower dividend announced for amalgamated than expected. In teas only limited business was put through. In miscellaneous sugar shares showed slightly improved inquiry to-day, while others were more or less unchanged. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—3-1/2 per cent paper 91/15; 3 per cent. paper 83/2; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 107/10 small lot; 4-1/2 per cent loan 1955/60 112/15 small lot; 5 per cent loan 1940/43 108/14; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 117/8 small lot; 6½ per cent Treasury Bonds 1935 103/1.

Banks:—Allahabad ordy 400 small lot; Imperial Fully paid 1605; Imperial Conty 406/8.

Cottons:—Dunbar ordy 159; Kesoram 4/12; New Ring ordy. 113 small lot.

Coals:—Amalgamated 23; Bansra 5/6; Burrakur 14/10; Churulia 1/14; Equitable 27/1; New Manbhoom 48/14; Parasea As. 14; Pench Valley 44/12; Talcher 2/6; Union 15; Western 2/10.

Jutes:—Anglo India 419; Adamjee ordy 12/14; Barnagore 160 small lot; Clive 31/8; Delta 372 small lot; Fort Gloster 585; Howrah 54/14; Howrah A pref 136 small lot; Kamarhatty 541; Megna 38/8; Naihati 433/8 small lot; New Central 364; Nuddea 47.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corpn 8/10; Bengal Telephone ordy new issue 18; Bhagalpore Electric 9/4; Upper Jumna Elec. 11; India Galvanising 9/8; Kumardhubi Eng. ordy 3/8; Associated hotels pref. 104 small lot; B. I. Corpn odry 2/6; B. I. Corpn Defd. 1/10; B. I. Corpn pref. 145/8; Calcutta Ice Assocn. 9/8; Howrah Oil 10; Tide water oil 9/8; Bengal Paper ord 116/8; Mathurapore Zemindary As. 11; Midnapore Zemindary 75; India General Navigation ordy 111;

Sugar:—Balrampore 10/5; Bharat 8; Cawnpore ordy 35/8;

Champran 23/12; Carew & Co. 20/12;; South Bihar Sugar 14/12; Samastipore 12/4.

Rubber:—Amalgamated Malay 3 point 57-1/2 cents; Kurla Sidim 2 point 40 cents.

Teas:—Hasimara 45/4; Hattikhira 28/6;

Rutema 12/8; Sungma 12/6. small lot.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 31. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£84 3/4) £84 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£96 3/4) £96 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1953/56 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-68 (£115 3/4) £115 3/4

4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-55 (£108 1/2) £108 1/4

3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1954-59) (£103 1/4) £103 1/2

3 per cent Indian 1948/47 (£115 1/4) £115 1/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£112 1/2) £112 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (23-9) 23-1 1/2

Empire of India and Ceylon (36-3) 36-3

Donaro Tea (52-6) 52-6

JUTES SHARES.

Barnagore (11 1/2) 11 1/2

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-9) 23-6

Gula Kelampong (18-9) 17-6

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-0) 30-0

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (55-6) 55-6

Burma Corporation (12-3) 12-3

Rio Tintos (13 1/2) 13 1/2

East Rand Proprietary (52-0) 52-0

Rand Mines (135-0) 136-3

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela (36-10 1/2) 37-6

Anglo Persian (44-4 1/2) 45-0

Burma Oil (77-6) 77-6

Mexican Eagle (7-0) 7-0

Shell Transport (45-0) 45-0

Royal Dutch (£19 3/8) £19 3/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 31.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange.

General Motors (dol 28 3/4) dol 29

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 10 3/4) dol 10 1/2

U S Steel Common (dol 31 3/8) dol 32 1/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 72 5/8) dol 74 1/4

The opening of the kitchen building called "Marolia Kutir" was performed at Bordi by Mr. Bapubhai G. Desai, a prominent pleader of Vyara, and a member of the Baroda Legislative Council.

SUPPORT ABHYANKER

Jamnalal Bajaj's Appeal To C. P. Voters

NAGPUR, Oct. 31.

"I request my friends that their attitude in respect of the Assembly election should be to repeat the famous war cry of 1914. 'Now that we are in, we must win.' I appeal to them to give their unqualified support to Mr. Abhyanker," says Seth Jamnalal Bajaj in the course of an appeal to the voters of Nagpur.

Seth Jamnalal also appeals to those friends within the Congress who are not favourably inclined towards Mr. Abhyanker, that they must not allow their inclinations and personal feelings to weeken the parent body, the Indian National Congress and that their loyalty to the Congress cause must rise superior to their personal opinions.—United Press.

CONGRESSMEN ON TOUR

Canvassing For Assembly Election

(From A Correspondent).

NASIK, Oct. 31.

Sjt. N. V. Gadgil visited Sangamner with Mr. Popatlal Shah, and addressed groups of voters. Sangamner is solidly behind the Congress. Yesterday evening Messrs. Gadgil, Govindrao Deshpande and Shah addressed two thousand agriculturists at Sinnar when Karachi resolutions were explained. The local voters assured support. Mr. Deshpande addressed the Nasik public on the Godavari bank and exhorted the audience to support Congress candidates. The message of Bombay Congress was delivered. They left for Satara and Malegaon.

MAHATMA VISITS EYE- HOSPITAL

Takes Doctors By Surprise

Dr. D. D. Sathaye, the President of the Free Ophthalmic Hospital's Society, had requested Mahatmaji to visit the K' B. Haji Eachoo Ali Free Ophthalmic Hospital at Parel, the foundation stone of which was laid by Mahatmaji. As Mahatmaji was very busy he could not give any definite appointment, but said that he would see the Hospital in one of his strolls. On his way to the Railway station from Abdul Gaffar Nagar he suddenly appeared at the hospital on the 29th ultimo.

Dr. Sathaye, Dr. Oak and Dr. Dhurandhar were busy at the time in the hospital when the "Bhayya" came running to them saying that Gandhiji had come. The doctors were taken by surprise by the announcement.

Gandhiji was taken round the hospital and shown the various departments. He was greatly pleased with the work of the institution.

MOLLISONS BACK FROM CALCUTTA

Mail 'Plane Delayed Due To Bad Weather

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 31.

Mr. and Mrs. Mollison returned from Calcutta to-day. They visited Bamrauli to see the repairs to their machine and will make trial trips to-morrow morning. If satisfactory they will leave for Karachi 'enroute' to England.

The Dutch eastbound mail 'plane which had been delayed here since yesterday owing to engine trouble, left this evening at about 5 p.m. for Calcutta with the crew of the Pander machine which was destroyed by fire, but had to return after one hour as information was received by wireless of bad weather. The mail 'plane will leave to-morrow morning.—A.P.

INTERNEES SENT TO JAIL

PATNA, Oct. 30.

Manoranjan Basu and Prithish Chandra Ghose, two internees, have been sentenced by the Sadar S.D.O. to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 each, in default to undergo three months' further rigorous imprisonment. They were charged under Section 6, Criminal Law Amendment Act with disobeying directions.

The detenus, it is alleged, did not return to their quarters within the prescribed time.—A.P.

REPLAY IN LEAGUE CUP FINAL

LONDON, Oct. 31.

In the replay of the Yorkshire Rugby League Cup Final, Leeds and Wakefield drew with 2 points each.—Reuter.

BOWLERS' DAY AT PARSI GYMKHANA

Brilliant Innings By Amar Singh And Wadia

The two-day match between the Jamnagar XI and Dr. Kanga's XI commenced on Wednesday at the Parsi Gymkhana.

The Jam Saheb won the toss and elected to bat. Though it proved to be more of a bowlers' day Gai claiming 5 wickets for 47 runs and Amarsingh claiming 4 for 65 so far, the batsmen Amarsingh and Wadia were particularly successful at the crease and made substantial contributions to their respective innings.

The following are the scores

JAMNAGAR XI.
(1st Innings.)

N. D. Marshall, c Havewalla b Vazifdar	17
Chimanlal, l.b.w. b Gai	1
S. H. M. Colah, st. Engineer b Gai	5
Manilal, l.b.w. b Gai	35
Dr. Gurtu, b Havewalla	60
Amarsingh st. Engineer, b Jamshedji	87
K. R. Meher-Homji c Capt. Mehta, b Gai	14
K.S. Yadavendra Singhji c & b Jamshedji	5
H. H. Jam Saheb c Nariman b Jamshedji	0
L. Ramji l.b.w b Gai	23
Karsondas (not out)	1
Extras	1
Total	249

KANGA'S XI.
(1st Innings.)

D. P. Tata c Colah b Ramji	12
J. H. Wadia (batting)	56
F. K. Nariman b Amarsingh	0
H. N. Contractor c Colah b Amarsingh	26
H J. Vazifdar, c Chandulal b Amarsingh	4
D. R. Havewalla b Amarsingh	5
N. D. Nagarwalla c Colah b Karsondas	26
Capt. Mehta (batting)	0
Extras	13
Total (for 6 wkts.)	142

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

Ford Trucks For Distribution

The inauguration of the Royal Mail Service which took place shortly after midnight on Wednesday was an impressive ceremony, for no less than 20 Ford motor trucks were lined up opposite the General Post Office, Bombay. The Postmaster-General declared that they were to be the distributors of mails to and from the Post Offices in the city for the next five years.

Mr. C. B. Mitra, Acting Postmaster-General, in his speech Messrs Triloknath and Sons of wished the new contractors, Lucknow, success in their new venture.

Mr. Prithvinath, the Proprietor of Messrs. Triloknath and Sons, said that they had found the Ford trucks very useful and reliable and they had, therefore, decided to use them in Bombay.

Among those present were the Managing Director of Ford Motor Works, Mr. G. E. Corey, the Presidency Postmaster and several other prominent citizens.

PROGRESS OF RECORD FLIGHT

LONDON, Oct. 31.

Cathcart Jones and Waller, who are attempting a record flight in their De Havilland Comet from Melbourne to England, reached Baghdad at 4-7 a.m. G.M.T., after flying through a moonless night from Karachi. They seemed quite fit despite the speed with which their journey is being made, and after remaining three-quarters of an hour, during which they took breakfast and superintended the refuelling of their machine they set off for England, which they hope to reach this evening. They were undecided whether to make a direct flight or land at Athens en route.

C. J. Melrose, the youngest airman in the Melbourne race, who has been flying solo in his small De Havilland Moth, reached Melbourne at 11-8 p.m. G.M.T., last night. His was the seventh machine to complete the flight from England. Lieutenant Hansen the Danish pilot reached Charleville at 2-3 a.m. G.M.T., to-day and left soon after on the last stage to Melbourne.—B.O.W.

CARDAMOM AUCTION SALES

Market Tendency Firm

KOMBAI, Oct. 31.

The Secretary Cardamom Krishigarh Sangam, Kombai has sent the following telegram:—

Kombai Cardamom market report, result of to-day's auctions prices per thulam of 810 tolas weight, ungarbled estate bulk Tharaipadams 23, Malabar store padams 24 to 26, Gandhipara Mysore 36, pure seeds 30 to 31. Sold 400 Thulams. Market firm.

FOREIGN SELLING IN COTTON

U. S. Cotton Crop Estimate 9,617,000 Bales

PROFESSIONALS SELL OCTOBER

Market Awaiting Agricultural Department's Acreage Plan

Bombay, Oct. 31.

On Tuesday the New York cotton futures market advanced during the early part of the day on higher Liverpool advices, but reacted later on long liquidation and foreign selling. Professional traders sold October and the market displayed irregular price movement awaiting acreage plan.

A private crop estimate indicates U.S. cotton crop 96,17,000 bales and ginnings are estimated 77,20,000 bales. The attention of the market is now diverted to the coming crop prospects and the Government acreage plan is anxiously awaited.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points and a further rise of 2 points was recorded which raised December to 12.25 the highest level of the day. Later on there was some foreign selling and long liquidation. The market closed irregular, nears higher, middle positions unchanged and distant deliveries easy. Near months closed at a rise of one to two points but distants lost 13 points. Spot cotton prices closed unchanged at 12.45c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed unchanged to a decline of 2 points. Spot cotton prices closed at 12.50c.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 2 points with January 6.64. There was good end of the month trade calling and offerings were light. Later on there were sales against actual and straddle selling of July delivery but business was small. The market was quiet but steady and prices fluctuated within a range of 3 points and finally closed at a decline of 4 to 6 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 6.93d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON

East Indian cotton futures market was easy and closed at a loss of 3 points. At the close October was 4.96, January 4.92 and March 4.87.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was fairly steady and Sakels closed at a decline of one to four points while Spot Sakel cotton prices advanced 3 points at 8.88d. Uppers futures were steady and closed at a decline of 2 to 3 points and Spot cotton prices declined one point at 7.30d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

Business was slow in the Alexandria cotton market and prices fluctuated within a narrow range Sakels futures closed at decline of one point while Ashmouni futures closed at a rise of one point to a decline of one point.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

"The authorities at Washington have been so busy this past week denying reports one way or the other that markets are at loss to know where they stand. On balance the result seems to be that while the administration are still set on their policy of raising prices the President is definitely opposed to further inflation unless he is absolutely driven to it and there is still no information as to the plans for restrictions of acreage next year, though it is officially admitted that an adjustment of the crop-restricting programme is now contemplated. Meantime the basis in the South remains high, and all reports indicate that a large percentage of the crop is going into the Government loan."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest 12.25 plus 05 (10-12 a.m.)

Lowest 12.18—02 (2-36 p.m.)

Liverpool January highest 6.64—02 (10-15 a.m.)

Lowest 6.61—05 (3-15 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Hedge selling October causing widening differences in cotton. Expect further discounts.

New York: Market quietly absorbing whatever hedges offered.

New York: Market awaiting Agricultural Department acreage plans. Professional traders sold October.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from New York:

Our estimate for November first is 9,617,000 bales. Ginnings are expected to be about 7,720,000 bales. American Government principal buyer, strengthening technical position. Think prices are not far from the bottom.

Messrs. Sarupchand Prithiraj have received the following cable:—

Memphis: Slightly warmer; light to moderate rainfall Texas Gulf Coast, Alabama. The Daily Official U. S. Government Forecast says—Eastern Belt generally fair, all balance of entire belt partly cloudy.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct 30

December	12.21	+01
January	12.25	+02
March	12.26	—
May	12.32	—
July	12.32	—
October	12.08	—13
Middling Spot	12.45	—

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Oct 30

December	12.18	—02
January	12.21	—02
March	12.28	—
Middling Spot	12.50	—
NEW YORK 10-55 A.M—		
December	12.23	
January	12.29	
March	12.36	
NOON CALL—		
December	12.23	
January	12.28	
March	12.34	

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Oct 30

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 47,000 bales

Day's exports to Great Britain 24,000 bales.

Day's exports to the Continent 7,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 30

	10-10 a.m. To-day's quotations.	Price.
October 1934		6.67—04
November 1934		6.64—05
December 1934		6.64—04
January 1935	6.64	6.62—04
February 1935		6.60—04
March 1935	6.60	6.58—05
April 1935		6.55—05
May 1935		6.53—05
June 1935		6.51—05
July 1935		6.49—05
August 1935		6.45—05
September 1935		6.41—05
October 1935		6.37—06
Middling Spot		6.93—04

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 30

SAKELLARIDIS—	
October 1934	8.06
November 1934	8.06
December 1934	8.08
January 1935	8.11
March 1935	8.15
May 1935	8.18
July 1935	8.20
F G F Spot	8.38

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Oct 30

BROACH—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.17
Fine (Good staple)	5.32
Superfine (Good staple)	5.47
C P OOMRA—	
Good (No. 1 staple)	4.97
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.12
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.27
BENGAL—	
Good	3.22
Fine	3.32
Superfine	3.42
SCINDE—	
Good	3.37
Fine	3.47
Superfine	3.57

SPINNERS' TAKINGS OF AMERICAN COTTON

Total takings of American cotton by World's Spinners of American cotton from the beginning of the season to October 27 are 2,264,000 bales against 3,562,000 bales in 1933-34 and 3,183,000 in 1932-33 for the same period. These small takings indicate that foreign cotton is gradually replacing American cotton. The state of the textile trade is also unsatisfactory and despite a small crop, the outlook at the moment is disappointing. Details are as under:—

(In thousands)

	Season from 1st Aug		
	1934-35	1933-34	1932-33
Great Britain	228	346	271
U S A., Canada, etc.,	1064	1658	1424
Continent	582	1039	926
Japan, China, etc.	390	519	562
Total	2264	3562	3183

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET

New York, Oct 30

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 10 1/4

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Oct 30

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Forn Power Com	6
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	15
Electric Bond Common	9 1/2
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	35
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	38
Columbia Gas	8
American Tel and Tel	110
Western Union Telg	33
Radio Corporation	5
Chesapeake and Ohio	42 1/2
New York Central	20 3/4
Baltimore and Ohio R R	15
Erie R R	12
Pennsylvania R R	23
Union Pacific R R	101 3/4
Great North Pfd	15
National Distillers	21
Hiram Walker	24
Amr Tobacco B	80
Dupont de Nemours	31
Canadian Pacific	12
Bethelehem Steel	25
United States Steel	31 1/2
American Smelting	35
Int Nickel of Canada	23 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	10 1/2
Kennecott Copper	17
Cerro de Pasco Copper	37
International Harvestor	32
Ford Motors of Canada 'A'	22
General Motors	28 3/4
Packard Motor	4
General Electric	18
St. Oil of N J	40
Atlantic Refining	24
Socony	13 1/4
Plymouth Oil	8
American Radiator	14
Chase Bank	23 1/4
National City Bank	20 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	350
Celanese Corp of Amr	26
General Foods	32
National Dairy	16

Market a shade higher in light trading.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, Oct 30

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—

C and F Calcutta per cwt Unchanged.

C and F Bombay per cwt Unchanged.

C and F Karachi per cwt Unchanged.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Oct 30

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Oct-Nov sellers 21

Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Oct-Nov sellers 21/6

Wheat South Australian parcels Oct-Nov sellers 24/3

LINSEED OIL

London, Oct 30

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Nov paid 17/3

May-Aug paid 17/9

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb Sellers 6 3/4

AMERICAN COTTON BELT

Weather Forecast

East: Generally fair.

Central: Generally fair.

West: Generally fair.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct 30

December 95 7/8 plus 1c

May 95 plus 3/4c

July 89 1/4—1/4c

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct 30

October 57 1/2—1 1/2d

December 59 1/2—7/8d

March 63 1/2—7/8d

May 65—7/8d

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct 30

November 11.56—26

December 11.28—27

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, Oct 31

	Rs.	a.	p.
Cotton Broach	17	12	0
Cotton monthly	5	12	0
Silver Kartak	1	6	0
Silver Magsar	1	4	0
Gold Kartak		6	0
Gold Magsar		11	0
Cottonseed January		1	0
Groundnuts February			0
Groundnuts March			
Castorseed May			
Wheat January			
Wheat May			
Linseed May			

COTTON D/L. CONT

Bombay, Nov.

	Rs.
Central Provinces	
No. 1	+18
No. 11	+ 8

NEW YORK SU

New

December 1.77—01

March 1.66—01

May 1.69

July 1.74—

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct 31

The local cotton market was quiet with a limited business. Bulls in the local market are caught and the market is sustained on their support. American advices are not encouraging and the local market will be unable to hold prices. Broach A/M delivery opened at Rs. 209/4 and advanced to Rs. 209-12 but there was some selling at this level which depressed prices to the opening level.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of one point. The local market was steady fearing rains in up-country. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M Rs. 209/12

Oomra D/J Rs. 183/4

Bengal D/J Rs. 134/12

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 31.

57 Shirinivas Mill Amran 214 1/4

47 Shirinivas Mill Cambodia 279

100 Motiram Vaghji Khakhrechi 196

57 Motiram Vaghji Khandwa 227

100 Motiram Vaghji Gadag 5 on

100 Toyo poddar Mill Cambodia 267

166 Toyo Poddar Mill Sindh-American 5 on

200 Narshi Nagshi Raman 8 off

105 H. Nenshi Jalgaon 173

100 Colaba Land Mill Bhilsa 176 1/2

50 Colaba Land Mill Tirupur 53 on

28 Ital India Amalner 172 1/2

51 Langli and Co. Bantva 162

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Oct 31

Bengal Superfine	140/42
Bengal Fine	127/29
Bengal F G	117/22
Sindh-Punjab Fine	125/27
Sindh-Punjab F G	115/20
Wardha-Hingt	190/192
Nagpur/Savner	190/192
Pundhurna	180/182
Yeotmal	178/180
Arvi	177/179
Ellichpur	177/179
Amraoti-Berar	176/178
Khamgaon	176/178
Mulkapur	168/170
Khandesh	167/169
Jalna/Sailu	168/170
Burwah/Sanavad	172/177
Broach Fine	204/206
Punjab/American	214/216
Punjab/American mix	204/209
Cambodia	269/274
Miraj/Sangli	199/204
Compta Good	194/199
Bagalkot	179/184
Kampala	347
Busoga	345
Jinja	341
Manza	335

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, Oct 31

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year
Khandesh	...	2,118
Central India	92	3,947
Barsi and Nagar	315	3,073
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	324
Berar	...	3,763
Central Provinces	...	1,278
Total Oomras	407	14,508
Dholera	...	8,119
N W Provinces	49	759
Rajputana	...	1,033
Sind-Punjab	172	8,946
Broach	...	1,704
Coompta and Dharwar	1,008	10,252
Westerns-Northerns	306	10,410
Cocoanada	...	...
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	275	15,006
Persian	...	1,576
American	...	2,231
Egyptian and African	847	34,540
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	...
Total	3,064	109,084

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 25th Oct

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year
Europe	1,005	45,461
Japan and China	1,919	76,474
Coast Ports	...	3,958
Up-country by Rail	...	24,001
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	12,681
Total	2,924	162,575

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 28th/29th October 1,438 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 106,020 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 65,398 bales

Increase 40,622 bales

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct 30

Broach A/M 1935 opening 209 1/4; highest 210 1/4; lowest 209 1/4; close 210 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 182 1/2; highest 183; lowest 182 1/2; close 183

Bengal D/J opening 135; highest 135 /4; lowest 135; close 135 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31- Rs. 18 1/4

imandi for Broach Settlement (21- Rs. 5 3/4

DIAN COTTON PARITY

DIFFERENCES

ool:—

k December 159 at

Liverpool May change 1/6

York May 4.98 3/4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

SETTLEMENT

Bombay, Oct. 31

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 91/13/6

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 91/14

4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 107/8

4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 107/9

5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/6

5 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/7

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 107/10

5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118/4

5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 110/8

6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 103/14

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. (CASH.)

3 per cent 1941 99/3

3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 101/3

4 per cent 1943 104/14

4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 112/12

5 per cent 1939/44 107/12

5 per cent 1940/43 108/12

5 per cent 1935 101/14

5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/11

6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 103

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLES)

4 per cent B P T 1974 102/10

4 per cent M Deb 1974 102/0

5 per cent M Deb 1959 113/8

6 per cent M Deb 1954 124/4

6 per cent K P T 1956 124/4

6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 109/0

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 91-13-6 and improved to Rs. 91-15 when there was some liquidation.

HEAVY LIQUIDATION IN SILVER

Gold Quietly Steady

Bombay, Oct 31

The local silver market ruled weak to-day on heavy long liquidation and prices after opening at Rs. 64-14 declined to Rs. 64-5. It is said that yesterday there were free supplies of silver in London and the local bulls became nervous and unloaded their purchases. Silver prices in New York advanced by 1/8 c to 53 cents. The gold market was quiet but steady with a limited business

	Rs.	a.	p.
Ready silver	64	3	0
December settlement	64	5	0
January settlement	64	8	0
Ready gold	34	11	0
December settlement	34	11	6
January settlement	34	12	6

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct 30

Silver—Market quiet

Spot 23 9/16

Forward 23 11/16

GOLD BAR

London, Oct 30

Gold Bars Fine per oz £6-19-10 1/2

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, Oct 30

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 28/7; Highest Rs. 28/9/6; Lowest Rs. 28/6/6; Closing Rs. 28/9

Cottonseeds January delivery: Opening Rs. 18/6; Highest Rs. 18/8; Closing Rs. 18/6/6

Groundnut seeds February delivery: Opening Rs. 31/10/6; Lowest Rs. 31/10; Closing Rs. 32.

BOLD BLUE LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

Bombay, Oct. 30.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	6	0	9
Rates at 12-0 noon	6	1	3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	6	1	3
Rates at 5-30 p.m.	6	1	3
Rates at 6-30 p.m.	6	1	3
Rates at 8-30 p.m.	6	1	3
Rates at 10-30 p.m.	6	1	0

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Oct 30

Banks Bills 3 months market rate 0-9/16 per cent to 0-5/8 per cent

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 0-3/4 per cent to 0-3/4 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

Interest day to day loan 0-1/2 per cent to 0-1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days' market loan 0-1/2 per cent to 0-1/2 per cent

LONDON METALS

London, Oct 30

Copper Braziers £41 1/2

Yellow metal £35 5/8

Spelter Hard Indian Brands £12 7/8

Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge £12 3/4

Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F O B £229 1/4

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct 30

T T London on:—

Berlin	12.39
Amsterdam	7.36 1/2
Brussels	21.37
Madrid	36.58
Milan	58.25
Berne	15.31 1/2
Paris	75.65
Prague	119.12
New York closing cross rate	4.98 1/2

SEEDS

London, Oct 30

Linseed La Plata Hull c i f ton Oct-Nov sellers £9-5-0

Linseed Calcutta London c i f ton Oct-Nov sellers £10-12-6

Linseed Bombay London c i f ton/ Oct-Nov sellers £10-17-6

Rapeseed Toria (Hull/Cong't) c i f ton Oct-Nov sellers £10-5-0

Castorseeds Bombay Hull c i f ton Oct-Nov sellers £10-2-

Cottonseed Bombay Hull c i f ton No offers

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, Oct 31

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 28/5/3; Lowest Rs. 28/1; Closing Rs. 28/3/6; Clearing Rs. 28/4

Cottonseeds January delivery: Opening Rs. 18/10; Highest Rs. 18/11; Closing Rs. 18/7; Clearing Rs. 18/8

Groundnut seeds February delivery: Opening Rs. 31/13; Highest Rs. 31/14/6; Lowest Rs. 31/9/6; Closing Rs. 31/10; Clearing Rs. 31/10.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Quiet Tone With Scattered Long Liquidation

BUDLI DIFFERENCES WIDEN

Bombay, Oct. 31.

The local Share Bazar opened steady to-day and Tata Steel shares showed some improvement but at the advance there was some long liquidation which resulted in some loss from the high level and Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 428 and Ordinary shares at Rs. 98.

There was widening of budli differences to-day as weak holders were keeping on their speculative purchases with a view to unload on rise but to-day being the last day, they were forced to pay somewhat stiff prices. This position indicates that every advance will meet with increased long liquidation particularly in Tata Steel Dfds., Andhra, Tata Power and Bombay Dyeing shares.

Later on the market remained easy with long liquidation and closed at about the lowest level of the day. Bombay Dyeing shares declined and Hydro Electric shares were easy. Bombay Burma and Cement shares were also quiet.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, Oct. 31

100 Ahm. Ad.	313 12
500 Bom. Cotton	65 0
250 Bombay Dyeing	895 0
250 Bradbury	110 0
100 Century	302 8
100 Central India	311 4
100 Colaba	130 0
100 Coorla	113 12
100 Crescent	7 4
250 Currim	5 0
250 David	60 0
250 Dawn	395 0
E. D. Sassoon	0 5 9
100 Finlay	125 10
100 Gokak	170 0
1000 Hindustan	1825 0
100 Indore	110 0
50 Kastoorchand	0 8
100 Khatau	33 12
100 Kohinoor	2.5
250 Laxmi	373 12
100 Madhavji	11 4
250 Madras United	65 0
1000 Morarji	1550 0
250 Model	81 0
50 Mysore	95 0
200 New Great	212 0
100 Oosmanshahi	72 8
100 Phoenix	315 0
25 Sassoon Silk	39 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct 31

Bombay Dyeing 915 908 911, 906 910 902 905 903 895

Century 310 307 310 308 302

Central India 320 315 316 314

Colaba 132 130

Kohinoor 211 208 211 205 208 205

New Great 217 215 216 212

Simplex 105 102 105

Swadeshi 233 230 231 226 227 225

Bundi 33 32/14 32/10

Indian Cement 445 443 441 435

Tata Steel Defds 441 435 445 436 438 433 435 425 427 433 428

Tata Steel Ord 101 99/12 100/8 98/8 99 98/4 99 98

Bombay Steam 276 275

Bombay Burma 451 445 446 443

Tata Hydro 158

Andhra 1587 1590 1588 1591 1583 1585 1580

Tata Power 1375 1372 1373 1360 1367 1355

Tram 158 157

1000 Sholapur	2320 0
50 Simplex	105 10
100 Swadeshi	225 0
100 Swan	77 8
25 Tata	12 8
500 Vishnu	1537 8
1000 Western	1040 0
BANKS.	
50-100 Baroda	102 0
25-50 Central	33 6
500 Imp.	1611 4
125-500 Imp. Contry.	408 0
50-100 India	119 4
5 Union	5 2
CEMENTS.	
10 Bundi	32 10
70 Gwalior	90 8
250 Indian	435 0
40 Katni Def.	1150 0
100 Katni Ord	325 0
75 Okha	176 4
10 Punjab	24 2
100 Shahabad	343 12
70 United	69
INSURANCE.	
15-100 Jupiter	13 4
15-75 New India	35 6
200 Oriental	3810 0
10-100 Vulcan	8 6
ELECTRIC.	
100 Ahmedabad Od	177 8
1000 Andhra Valley	1580 0
10 Ajmer	10 8
50 Bom. Tram	157 8
100 Bom. Suburban	157 0
10 Broach	11 0
100 Karachi	213 12
100 Poona	195 0
100 Surat	173 12
100 Tata Hydro	158 0
1000 Tata Power	1360 0
RAILWAYS.	
500 Ahm. Prantij	340 0
100 Amr. Patty	122 0
100 C Province	37 8
100 Dhon. Baramati	90 0
200 Gujrat	74 0
100 Mandra Bhon	91 4
100 Pachora Jamner	91 0
100 Sara Sirajgunge	95 0
500 Tapty Valley	757 8
MININGS	
10 Shivrajpur	42 0
30 Tata Steel Def.	428 12
75 Tata Steel Ord.	98 0
MISCELLANEOUS	
100 Alcock	202 8
50 Belapur Sugar	221 4
250 Bom. Steam	275 0
125 Bombay Burma	443 12
50 Bom. Burma County	138 12
8sh. B. B. Petrol	4 9
50 Bombay Telephone	106 4
100 Ind. Bleaching	148 12
100 Ind. Radio Df.	528 12
100 Ind. Radio Ordy	472 8
1000 Port Canning	607 8
15 Scindia	12 9
30 Tata Construction	79 0
25 Tata Oil	20
PREFERENCE.	
7 p.c. Andhra Vly	1310 0
6 p c Bombay Steam	293 12
7 p.c. Bom. Tram	80 0
5 p.c Central India	512 8
7 p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7 p.c. Katni 2nd	151 4
7½ p.c. Punjab Cement	14 6
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	134 6
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1340 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	170 0
7½ p. c. Tata Steel 2nd	185 4
5-1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	640 0
7 p.c. Vishnu	

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 31

B. C. Rate—

T T D D 1/6

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/32 Oct-February

Banks selling T T 1/6 Mar-June

Banks buying T T 1/6 3/32 Oct-Dec

Banks buying D D 1/6 3/32 Oct-Dec

Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 Oct-Dec.

Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 Jan-Mar.

NEW YORK B. C. RATE—

T T 269 3/4

Banks selling T T 267 3/4

Banks buying T T 265 3/4

PARIS.—

Banks selling D D 564

Banks buying D D 575

AMSTERDAM.—

Banks selling D D 55 7/8

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 54 7/8

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 77 3/4

Banks buying T T 77 1/4

HONGKONG.—

Banks selling D D 169 1/2

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 89 3/4

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157

BERLIN—

Banks selling D D 91

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.98 3/8 30th instant

Shanghai/London 1/4 31st instant

Japan/London 1/2 31st instant

Java/London 7.32 1/2 30th instant

London/Paris 75.65 30th instant

London/Belgium 21.37 30th instant

London/Switzerland 15.31 1/2 30th instant

London/Italy 58.25 30th instant

London/Berlin 12.39 30th instant

London/Stockholm 19.39 30th instant

London/New York 4.98 1/2 30th instant

London/Amsterdam 7.37 30th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Firm.

Gold £7-0-7 29th instant £6-19-10 1/2 30th instant

Silver London Ready 23 5/8 29th instant 23 9/16 30th instant

Silver London Forward 23 3/4 29th instant 23 11/16 30th instant

Silver New York Ready 52 7/8 29th instant 53 30th instant

London discounts 3 mos 11/16 per cent 29th instant 5/8 per cent 30th instant

London discounts 6 mos 13/16 per cent 29th instant 3/4 per cent 30th instant

Imperial Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Banks of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—Call 1 per cent.

3 mos. 1 1/4 per cent.

6 mos. 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Oct 31

Ready Javas Rs. 13-14-6

S S Nawab Rs. 4

S S Ranee Rs. 3-14-3

S S Himalaya Rs. 3-15-6

Shipment Oct Rs. 3-13-9

Shipment Nov-Dec Rs. 3-10-9

Shipment Jan-March Rs. 3-10-3

Purtabpur Rs. 13-11

African Rs. 13-12

Kesar Rs. 14-11

Java Spot F. 3.15

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co., Ltd. has its Head Office in Fort. Bombay.
J11

REGD. NO. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1934

Give Every Vote To Congressmen

MR. SIDHWA'S APPEAL TO SINK DIFFERENCES

Only Way To Avoid Chaos In Congress

Mr. Rustom K. Sidhva, who is leaving for Karachi to-day, in an exclusive interview to the "Chronicle" stated that he was very apprehensive of the Labour Franchise, that was passed by a majority of only six votes in the Subjects Committee, being worked satisfactorily. From his experience he could say that when the Yarn Franchise was in vogue in 1923 several members actually purchased 2,000 yards of yarn and supplied to Congress Committees to enable them to be qualified. However, as the new franchise has now been passed it is the duty of the Working Committee to see that the same is carried out in letter and spirit. I would suggest, said Mr. Sidhva, that the Working Committee should announce monthly in detail the manner in which every member of the said Committee carried out this resolution into practice. I do not say this by way of distrust in the members of the Working Committee, but I suggest this to give an impetus to the subordinate Congress bodies.

MEANS TO ENLIST SYMPATHY.

After about four months when the Provincial Congress Committees also start functioning under the new constitution, I would suggest they should also announce in the press, the manner in which every member of their committees also carry out this programme. This will not only enlist sympathy from thousands of Congressmen and masses, but it will remove all kinds of apprehension, distrust and hypocrisy, that would otherwise be rampant.

Regarding the new constitution, Mr. Sidhva stated that while some improvements have been caused by the the Committee of Thirteen, for instance, the transferable vote, he would have preferred the original constitution drafted by Mahatma Gandhi. In the matter of the All-India Congress Committee, election of the Working Committee members and some other points, I think that before the new A. I. C. C. comes into existence, it should be reconsidered in the interest of the Congress itself. He has many misgivings even if the new constitution is allowed to give an experiment even for one year. A very large number of Congressmen who have an experience of the working of the old constitution feel, that the new constitution, if not improved upon immediately by the existing A. I. C. C., is likely to impair the working of Congress Committees. One thousand members of A. I. C. C. as originally suggested by Gandhiji would be far more effective, representative and popular than a body of 166 under the new constitution, in whom the destiny of India would be vested.

CONGRESS CREED.

Regarding the amendment to the creed viz:, "non-violent, and truthful means" which has been sent to the Provincial Congress Committees for their opinion, Mr. Sidhva states that all committees will give their considered opinion. Both are very good so far as means to an end is concerned. But if you want to apply the theory of non-violent and truthfulness in every walk of life of a human being, it is impossible. When pleaders, advocates and businessmen who are members of Congress organisations, have on every occasion to speak some kind of untruth or the other for their personal achievement, it is absolutely impossible to follow the said creed honestly and truthfully. If this creed is at all to be applied, it should apply to the Congress work alone. Namely every member should follow the non-violent creed in its truthful means, and without any mental reservation. One can go to that extent and no more.

SOCIALIST GROUP.

Regarding the Socialist group in the Congress Mr. Sidhva stated that while he did not subscribe to their programme "in toto," he liked some of them. In Bombay he came in touch with several Socialists, and he was very much impressed by their honesty of purpose, sincerity, and perseverance. A few of them were true propagandists and knew well how to advertise their principles. They were not mere talkatives, but actual workers. This pleased me immensely. Howsoever one may differ from their views, in my opinion, every one ought to have a soft corner for them.

NATIONALIST PARTY.

Regarding the Nationalist Party, started by Pandit Malaviya and Mr. Aney, Mr. Sidhva stated, that after obtaining the verdict of the nation by a thumping majority against his amendment it was not expected from a patriot like Pundit Malaviya to have still revolted against the Congress. If everyone is allowed to organize his own party in the Congress, if he differs from its decisive verdict, there would be chaos in the Congress. In my opinion Malaviyaji has been a very bad specimen of indiscipline. Congress has been able to raise its prestige, on account of the discipline it enjoys when it has to put up a fight against its opponents. There may be internal differences; but in their fight with the opponents they always act like one. Similarly, if Malaviyaji wanted to fight the Communal Award he should not have created a breach in the Congress workers. So long as he did not obtain the Congress verdict one can understand his attitude, but now that the decision has been plain enough. It is up to him to rise to the occasion, but it appears he has failed.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMEN.

It is the duty of every Congressman that his vote is cast with the Congress candidate. Discarding personal jealousies, bickerings, if any, which I understand are there towards some of the Congress candidates in Bombay, I am confident they will sink their differences in our grim fight with the Government and give every vote to the Congress candidate and none else.

PROBLEM THAT FACES MURDERER

Dead Body Disposed Of In Unusual Manner

LAHORE, Oct. 29.

The police are investigating a case in which a stranger is alleged to have resorted to a rather unusual method of disposing of a dead body.

A man accompanied by another individual (who was fully covered up in a thick chaddar as though he was ailing) came in a tonga to a goldsmith's shop in Kanzar Phalla, inside Shahalmi gate, yesterday afternoon.

The stranger requested the goldsmith's wife who was then in the shop to permit his companion to lie down on the charpoy which was lying in front of the shop and meanwhile he would bring a doctor to attend to him. The woman took no objection and the man gently deposited his companion on the charpoy and covered him with a blanket.

As no one turned up for a quite long time to attend to the invalid the goldsmith's people became suspicious and caused a good view to be had of the person lying on the charpoy when it was discovered that the body was that of a dead man. Information was lodged with the police who are investigating.—A. P.

'EXPERT COUNTERFEITER'

Gives Demonstration Of His Skill In Court

MULTAN, Oct. 29.

A process of manufacturing counterfeit coins was demonstrated in the court of Mr. E P Moon, District Magistrate, by an accused who is alleged to be an expert counterfeiter. The Commissioner, Multan Division, the Superintendent of Police, the Revenue Assistant and some other officials were present during the process.

Allah Wasya, one of the accused in a counterfeiting case which is proceeding before the District Magistrate, Multan, after admitting his guilt desired to be given an opportunity to show his skill in court. This wish was granted and in the presence of Mr. Penny, Commissioner, Multan, Mr. Cooke, Superintendent of Police, Raja Ahsan Ullah Revenue Assistant and other officials who were specially invited to watch the operation, the accused prepared two rupee coins within half an hour. The Government Treasurer was called to examine those two coins and he declared them to be "genuine" coins.—A. P.

SENDING LETTERS BY ROCKET POST

Air-Mail Society Secretary Makes Experiments In Saugor Island

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31.

Experiments are being conducted in the neighbourhood of Saugor Island 84 miles from Calcutta, by Mr. S. H. Smith Honorary Secretary of Indian Air Mail Society to investigate the practicability of conveying letters by Rocket Post in India.

Such tests have already gone beyond the experimental stage in other countries but it was only during the past few weeks that they were started in this country.

Mr. Smith believes these experiments are sufficient to establish future potentialities of Rocket for rapidly carrying mails in circumstances where rough weather may be a serious hindrance to other means of transport.—United Press.

DACOITS' BRUTALITY

Wrap Clothes On Women's Hands. Set Fire To Them And Decamp With Loot

MADRAS, Oct. 30.

According to a report published in the "Hindu" a daring dacoity was committed at a house in a village in Banganapalle State on the night of 25|10. It appears that the owner of the house after supper went out when forty men entered the house and asked the inmates, the house-owner's wife and his mother, to deliver the key of the iron safe and also show the place where the jewels were hidden. Finding the woman not complying with their wishes the dacoits are alleged to have rapped clothes on the women's hands and set fire to them. One woman was stabbed. The dacoits made unsuccessful attempts to break open the iron safe, the key of which was with the owner. Finally they escaped with clothes and jewels worn by the women. Other villagers watched them from a distance but did not approach for fear of being shot.—A.P.

DR. MEEK FOR LONDON

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

It is understood that Dr. Meek, Director-General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, proceeds to London in January to join the duties of Indian Trade Commissioner. His successor has not yet been selected.—United Press.

PUNJAB SOCIALIST PARTY

Organising People On Economic Basis

AVOIDING WORKERS' EXPLOITATION

LAHORE, October 29.

The following manifesto has been issued on behalf of the recently-formed Punjab Congress Socialist Party:—

This Party has been formed within the Congress to realise the ideal of the Socialist State. We place before the country an ideal, which is worth working for and a programme which possesses a real constructive value. The present Congress programme has little significance, whether viewed from the point of view of Purna Swaraj, the goal of political India, or that of economic regeneration of India.

IMMEDIATE OBJECTIVE.

Our immediate objective is the organisation of the people on an economic basis. The present social organisation, which is based on private property and religion, has created the spirit of communal hatred and war. We feel that communalism is the greatest obstacle to progress, whether economic or political, and we are determined to wage relentless war against it.

No attempt has so far been made to bring Muslims, Sikhs and Hindus together on the basis of community of economic interests. It is our object to assemble the workers of all communities under the same economic reconstruction on socialistic lines.

We hold that Socialism is an economic theory of life, suitable to Indian conditions; that Socialism is an effective antidote to the communal poison that has been injected into our life-blood and that Socialism alone is the means of realising our ideal of social justice.

SOCIAL JUSTICE.

The existing individualistic system permits fearful exploitation of the worker by the non-worker.

The chief form of wealth in the Punjab is agricultural. 60 per cent. of the land of the Province is cultivated by tenants paying rent, mostly in the form of the produce. We have facts which show that, taking good, bad and indifferent years together, and making no allowance for the wages or profits of the cultivator, about 4|5ths of the net income from the land goes to the landlord as price for the use of the land.

Is it possible to persuade owners of property to take an altruistic view of property, or to hold property in trust for the people?

Our answer is a definite and emphatic 'No.' At present, it is the worker who holds his labour in trust for the non-worker. The cultivator works not for his own good, but for the good of the landlord.

Human nature being what it is, capitalists and landlords cannot be trusted to take a social view of the land-capital. Not capitalists and landlords, but the State must hold the land and capital in its trust for all.

The money-lender mercilessly exploited the cultivator when he had the power to do so. There is little doubt as to what would happen if the protection that the cultivator at present enjoys against the money-lender were withdrawn.

In the place of landlords and the capitalists, we propose to make the State the universal trustee

Apart from considerations of social justice, economic reconstruction on Socialist lines is suggested by the recent changes in the structure of world economy.

The world's producing capa... has increased enormously. ... industrial revolution ruined ... an hand-workers; the agr... revolution is ruining the ... peasants. The deman... exports has fallen, a... no hope of a perma... unless we change ... organisation.

An attempt ... raise prices th... tion of produ... be described as capitalistic sabotage. We stand for an economic system in which the fullest use will be made of producing capacity for the satisfaction of human wants.

Our Socialism is constructive. Our ideal is a State which will:—

(a) Suppress economic competition and organise economic life on the basis of co-operation.

(b) ...ppress exploitation in all its f... and evolve a more equita... le of economic values.

...ducate and train all for ... find work for all.

...ht religious prejudices ...rstitions and suppress ...m with a strong

...titute motives of serv... and work for the ...work for individualis... making motives.

...rately seek to modify ...aviour so as to produ... type of man and citi...

...pon all those who ...our ideal to come ...ork for its realisa...

KEEN CONTEST IN BANDRA

Municipal Election Result May Spring Surprises

(From Our Correspondent).

BANDRA, Oct. 31.

On Saturday 3rd November the die will be cast, and the fate of many a candidate for the Municipal Board will be sealed. That day will also see whether the Dias-Almeida party will retain its strength or will be supplanted by the Opposition. Unfortunately, among the nominated candidates there are persons who have not the ghost of a chance, but who have filled their nomination to be entitled to enter the polling booth as a worker for a candidate, as it is believed that the key to success lies inside the booth. This ruse has been resorted to, on account of the rule that only one agent is allowed to a candidate. There is a serious outcry against such tactics, and it would not be surprising if the deposit system were introduced, as is done in Bombay.

Another grouse is against the election roll which is full of irregularities, and contains the names of persons who were dead long time ago. Some persons who have shifted their residence from one ward to another since the last election have their names in both wards! Such irregularities could have been rectified if bill-collectors were deputed to make enquiries.

In the "A" ward, the fight will be between three candidates out of the nine. It will be interesting to see who, out of Messrs. D'Monte, Savant, and Pathare, will be dropped out. In the "B" ward Mr. P. A. D'Souza might turn out a dark horse as there is a feeling in the constituency against one of the sitting members. In the "C" ward, Prof. Almeida and Dr D'Monte will have to struggle hard to retain their seats, especially against Mr. H. V. Banjolker, an architect. Mr. M. G. Patil has put forward his son Mr. K. M. Patil in the "E" ward with every prospect of success. The "G" ward will provide the most interesting tussle, as there are 14 real candidates for the 4 seats.

The Mahomedan Wards are also being keenly contested. There is certain success in the No. 1 ward to Messrs. Noor Mohamed Kari and Gulamhussein, whilst in the No. 2 ward, Messrs. Y. Peerbhoy and Pitawalla have great hopes of success.

BUDGET SESSION DATES FIXED

MADRAS, Oct. 29.

The dates for the Budget Session of the Madras Legislative Council have been fixed.

The Finance Member will present the Budget for 1935-36 on February 20.

There will be a general discussions on the Budget on February 22, 23, and 25.

Voting on demands for grants will be held on March 9, 11 to 15, 18 to 21 and 23.

Further demands for grants for 1935-36 and supplementary grants for 1934-35 will be discussed on March 22.—United

Malaviya Suggests All-Parties Conference

Exhorts Nationalists To Strive To Undo Evil Of Congress Decision On Communal Award

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31.

"The decision of the Congress at Bombay has not brought about any change in the attitude of the Congress Nationalist party and it has strengthened the resolve to fight against the Communal Award more strenuously" declared Pandit Malaviya in the course of a press statement.

The Pandit considered that Congress had committed a lamentable blunder in upholding the decision of the Congress Working Committee on the Communal Award.

Proceeding Pandit Malaviya said: "The decision of the Congress makes it all the more incumbent on all Nationalists to join in the endeavour to undo and minimise the evil of the decision. The immediate task is to support the candidates whom the Nationalist Party has set up or promise to support those who have pledged to oppose the Communal Award and the White Paper."

The Pandit continued: "I am going to the Punjab to fulfil my promise to visit some of the important centres before the elections. I have also promised to tour the U. P. and C. P."

Will Organise Association.

Pandit Malaviya announced: "as soon as the elections are over the Congress Nationalist Party will set about to organise an association which will work in co-operation with the party to get rid of the Communal Award and have a national solution substituted in place of it. I see no doubt in my mind that the Communal Award will not go until it has been got rid of. The Congress Nationalist Party will continue to work with vigour. I wish Nationalists all over the country to work heartily for the success of the cause which we have undertaken and which we believe to be truly national."

Referring to the constituent Assembly he said, "I don't think there is any chance of the Constituent Assembly being convened within any reasonable time. What is practicable is to convene a Nationalist Conference and for leaders of various parties to agree at such a conference that the Constituent Assembly should be convened at an early date.

Call It Early.

Those who desire to work to bring about an agreed solution ought to remember that His Majesty's Government has said in the Communal Award itself that it will accept an agreed substitute if it was placed before it before the reforms bill was passed by Parliament. If the conference is to be called, as it must be called, those who desire an agreed solution should call it in time, so that the decision that will be arrived at can be placed before the British Government before the proposed bill becomes law."

Dealing with the Assembly elections for the Delhi Constituency the Pandit said, "The people of Delhi know my views as I addressed them only recently. Every association which has for its object opposition to the Communal Award as well as the White Paper and action in conformity with Nationalist programme has the moral support of Congress Nationalist Party."

When some one asked who the Nationalist Party candidate for Delhi was the Pandit said "Lala Shivnarain, I understand, has been set up by the Delhi Nationalist Party."

Tour Programme.

Pandit Malaviya has gone to Sirsa, Rohtak District, to complete his Punjab tour, whereafter he will tour the U. P. and C. P.

Other leaders who passed through Delhi enroute to Punjab were Sardar Patel who with Mr. Shamlal, Congress candidate for Ambala Division has gone to Rohtsk and Mr Bhulabhai Desai with Raizada Hansraj who has left for Jullunder. Both are expected to return to Delhi on November 2 and address a public meeting supporting the candidature of Mr. Asaf Ali for the Delhi Constituency.—A. P.

INDIAN COLONIAL SOCIETY

Revival Brought About By Mr. T. K. Swaminathan

MADRAS, Oct. 29.

The Indian Colonial Society, which was first formed in 1916 in Madras with the late Mr. S. Kasturi Ranga Iyengar, Proprietor of the "Hindu" of Madras as the president and which was not functioning since the death of its active president, has been revived by Mr. T. K. Swaminathan, Editor of the "Indian Colonial Review" as the Secretary of the organisation.

As it was found necessary to take up active propaganda work both in India and abroad in view of the present crisis in life and status of Indians overseas, the Society proposes to organise units of Society in various provinces of India and in the Colonies

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore has accepted the partnership of the Society.—United Press.

IMPROVEMENT TRUST FOR NAGPUR

U. P. Govt. Offer Facilities For Study

NAGPUR (By Mail)

The United Provinces Government has intimated to the C. P. Government its willingness to arrange for all facilities to be given to a Committee of three, led by the Commissioner, Nagpur Division for studying the various Improvement Trusts of U. P.

This preliminary survey will form the prejudice to the idea of starting, an Improvement Trust for Nagpur.—United Press.

MAN BATTLES WITH BEARS ON MOUNTAIN

Beasts Leave Him Wounded When He Pretends To Be Dead

KOTTAYAM, October 29.

The story of how a man escaped death from the clutches of three ferocious bears, was briefly related in whispers by one Abraham, a 30-year-old Syrian Christian, when he was admitted at the local Distt. Hospital with torn flesh all over the body.

It is stated that while Abraham was proceeding to Kunali from Periar through a mountainous path, he was suddenly attacked by three bears.

Abraham fought with the beasts single-handed for some time, but he was soon exhausted by the regular flow of blood from his wounds.

Sheer presence of mind saved him from sure death. He had read the story of the "Bear and Two Travellers." He fell down as if dead, and surprisingly enough the bears left him thinking that he was dead.

Still Abraham could not move, and seized by fear and despair, he became unconscious. The next morning some estate coolies, who happened to pass that way, brought him to the hospital.

The latest report about Abraham's condition shows that his condition is precarious.—United Press.

Madras.—"The film is a mighty power—for good or for evil. In view of the restructive influence of many films a decency campaign has been started by the R.C. Church in U.S. A. which deserves the support of right-minded men and women, especially parents and guardians of youth" says the Bishop of Tranquebar in a letter to the Film Appraisal Committee, Madras.—A. P.

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Co., Ltd., by ... the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.